## City of Chattanooga, Tennessee CAFR 2016





COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

# **About the Cover** Through Budgeting for Outcomes, Chattanooga Mayor Andy Berke has ensured the priorities of City Government are aligned with those established by the community - safer streets, smarter students and stronger families, a growing economy, stronger neighborhoods, and high performing government. Whether it's working alongside neighborhood volunteers to clean up graffiti, investing in technology training to prepare workers for the innovation economy, or providing great essential services like street-sweeping and collecting recyclables, the City of Chattanooga is committed to providing the very best services as we build the best mid-size city in America.

COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

DEPARTMENT OF FINANCE AND ADMINISTRATION DAISY W. MADISON, ADMINISTRATOR

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## Mayor's Letter



City of Chattanooga Office of the Mayor City Hall 101 East 11th Street Chattanooga, Tennessee 37402

December 20, 2016

#### To the Citizens and City Council of the City of Chattanooga:



Mayor Andy Berke

I am honored to present the City of Chattanooga's annual financial report for the year ended June 30, 2016. As an Administration, we focused on spreading opportunity to those in our community who have been left out of our growing prosperity. Over the past year, we have made critical investments and progress in neighborhoods, workforce development, public safety, and education. Whether it's making our streets safer or growing our local economy, the City of Chattanooga works to provide the best services to our citizens while producing real results in the priority areas that matter most to our community.

In the last three years, Chattanooga has made tremendous strides. Our unemployment rate has fallen dramatically, from 8.1 percent in May of 2013 to 4.0 percent in May of 2016, and we have experienced the third highest wage growth in the country for a mid-sized city. Downtown Chattanooga is booming and our rising home prices reflect the buying power of more citizens. Home to the first Innovation District in a mid-sized city, Chattanooga has worked to leverage our resources and maximize the impact of our burgeoning tech sector. And through initiatives like TechHire and NetBridge, we push to ensure digital equity throughout our diverse community.

While we have made our streets safer for more Chattanoogans, there is always work to do. Robberies are at a five-year low and violent crime and property crimes have fallen over the past three years. To address the all too prevalent gun violence in our streets, the City invested in technology and cameras which provide important resources to our Chattanooga Police Department's investigation unit. In partnership with our Community Police Response to Victims of Violence initiative and our Citizens Safety Coalition, we established a Witness Support Fund to help bring more criminals to justice while keeping our witnesses safe. And this past year we have made real progress on our Family Justice Center to service survivors of domestic and family violence, opened in its permanent location in the fall of 2016.

Over the last year, people and organizations from across the city have taken part in a public process called Chattanooga 2.0. Through this important initiative, we can see clearly the difficult path our kids face every day—on the streets, in our school system, and in the job market. The City of Chattanooga is committed to tackling these issues head on, specifically ensuring more of our citizens have access to early learning opportunities. From initiatives like Baby University to Head Start expansion, we have made progress, but we are ready to do more. In the year to come, the City will kick our early learning efforts into high gear with a newly established Office of Early Learning, expanded Baby University, and major investments in Pre-K scholarships.

For every Chattanoogan to live the life of their choosing, we must come together as a community—non-profits, private businesses, churches, schools, leaders, government. When I reflect on the past three years, I am proud of the results we have achieved together and look forward to accomplishing even more to strengthen our city and our community.

Sincerely,

Ardy Berke Mayor Andy Berke

City of Chattanooga

## **City Council**





Chip Henderson District 1



Jerry Mitchell Vice Chair District 2



Ken Smith District 3



Larry Grohn District 4



Russell Gilbert District 5



Carol Berz District 6



Chris Anderson District 7



Moses Freeman Chair District 8



Yusuf Hakeem District 9

## **Letter of Transmittal**



City of Chattanooga

Department of Finance and Administration

City Hall

101 East 11th Street

Chattanooga, Tennessee 37402

December 20, 2016

## To the Honorable Mayor Andy Berke, Members of the City Council and the Citizens of Chattanooga, Tennessee:

State and local statutes require that the City publish annual audited financial statements for each fiscal year. This Comprehensive Annual Financial Report of the City of Chattanooga for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016 is submitted in compliance with this requirement.

Management assumes full responsibility for the completeness and reliability of the information contained in this report, based upon a comprehensive framework of internal control that it has established for this purpose. Because the cost of internal control should not exceed anticipated benefits, the objective is to provide reasonable, rather than absolute, assurance that the financial statements are free of any material misstatements.

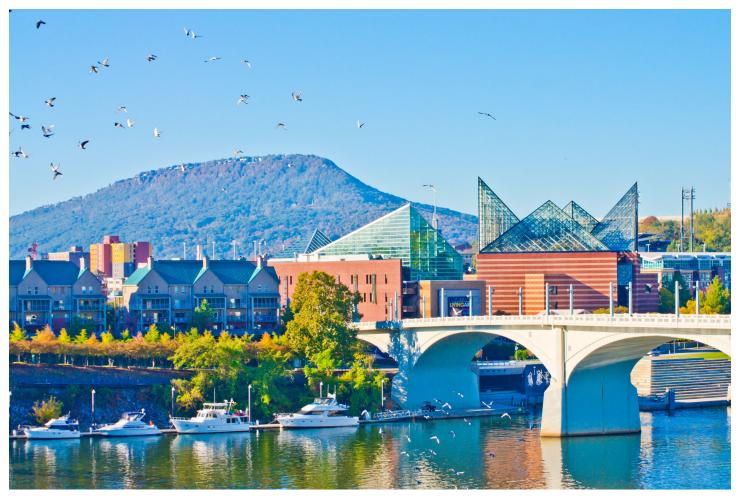
Henderson, Hutcherson & McCullough, PLLC, Certified Public Accountants, have issued an unmodified ("clean") opinion on the City of Chattanooga's financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2016. The independent auditor's report is presented as the first item in the financial section of this report.



Daisy W. Madison, City Finance Officer

The independent audit of the City's financial statements was part of a broader, federally mandated "Single Audit" designed to meet the special needs of federal grantor agencies. The standards governing Single Audit engagements require the independent auditor to report not only on the fair presentation of the financial statements, but also on the audited government's internal controls and compliance with legal requirements. Special emphasis is placed on internal controls and legal requirements involving the administration of federal awards. These reports are in a separate Single Audit section.

Generally Accepted Accounting Principles require that management provide a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis to accompany the basic financial statements in the form of Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A). This letter of transmittal is designed to complement MD&A and should be read in conjunction with it. The City of Chattanooga's MD&A can be found immediately following the financial statement report of the independent auditors.



#### GOVERNMENTAL STRUCTURE, ECONOMIC CONDITIONS AND MAJOR INITIATIVES

#### PROFILE OF THE GOVERNMENT

Nestled in a bend of the Tennessee River and surrounded by mountains and lakes, Chattanooga is so beautiful it inspired a community quest to make it the best mid-sized city in America. Living in Chattanooga means that outdoor views and adventures are around every corner, but our city is much more than a pretty playground. Over the last four decades, we've been winning acclaim for our unique way of working together to produce national best practices for cleaning up air pollution, downtown revitalization, affordable housing, and much more.

Founded as a ferry landing and warehouse site in 1815, the City of Chattanooga was incorporated under State of Tennessee Private Acts of 1839. The City is the county seat of Hamilton County and is located near the southeastern corner of the state on the Tennessee-Georgia border. Chattanooga is centrally located in relation to other major population centers of the southeast, being within a 150-mile radius of Knoxville and Nashville, Tennessee; Birmingham, Alabama; and Atlanta, Georgia. Over 11 million people live

within a 2 to  $2\frac{1}{2}$  hour drive of Chattanooga. It encompasses an area of 148 square miles. Official results of the 2010 U.S. Census show a population of 167,674, a 7.8% growth since the 2000 Census. The Census Bureau data shows the city is the second-fastest growing urban area in the state, with a population estimated at 176,588. The City is empowered to levy a property tax on both real and personal property located within its boundaries. Corporate limits may be extended at the request of the property owner or by a referendum of the people in the affected areas that might want to petition to come into the city.

The City Mayor is elected at-large and is not a member of the City Council. The Council is composed of nine members, with each member being elected from one of nine districts within the geographic boundaries of the City. The Mayor and Council are elected on a non-partisan basis for four-year terms. The Mayor is the City's chief executive officer and oversees the operation of all City departments.

The City provides a full range of municipal services including but not limited to fire and police protection; sanita-

tion services and recycling; construction and maintenance of highways, streets and infrastructure; recreation and cultural activities; youth and family development; public library; community development; planning and zoning; neighborhood services; social services; and general administrative services. It also operates a water quality program, a solid waste program, communication system and a wastewater system for its residents and for other communities in southeast Tennessee and northwest Georgia. The City's Electric Power Board (EPB) provides electric and fiber-to-home services. Other services are provided through the legally separate Chattanooga Downtown Redevelopment Corporation which is reported along with EPB as an enterprise fund. Additional services are provided through the legally separate Metropolitan Airport Authority and the Chattanooga Area Regional Transportation Authority, both of which are reported separately within the City's financial statements. Additional information on all these legally separate entities can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

The annual budget serves as the foundation for the City's financial plan. In lieu of the traditional approach, the City develops its annual budget utilizing the Budgeting for Outcomes (BFO) approach. BFO is a process designed to operate a government that works better and costs less. It is based on the premise that the percentage of personal income the public is willing to pay for their government through taxes, fees, and charges is fixed. While the "price of government" is fixed, the cost of providing services is increasing. Budgeting for Outcomes focuses on results and priorities, not cost. The budget process shifts from paying for costs to buying results. It puts citizens and their priorities, not status quo, first. It emphasizes accountability, innovation, and partnerships. The City Finance Officer obtains budget offers from all City departments and agencies to address the major results areas communicated by the citizens. These results areas are safer streets, a growing economy, stronger neighborhoods, smarter students and stronger families, and high performing government. Offers are evaluated by results team's and allocations are recommended to the Mayor based on citizens' priorities and available funding. During the months of May and June, advertised public hearings are held by the Council whereby taxpayers are given the opportunity to comment prior to final passage. The budget is legally enacted through passage of an ordinance with an operative date of July 1. The appropriated budget is adopted on a departmental basis; the legal level of budgetary control is the fund level. The City Finance Officer is authorized to make intra-fund transfers if necessary. Budgetary comparison schedules are provided in the budget document for each individual governmental fund for which an appropriated annual budget has been adopted.

#### FACTORS AFFECTING FINANCIAL CONDITION

The information presented in the financial statements

may be best understood when it is considered from the broader perspective of the specific economic environment within which the City of Chattanooga operates.

The Local Economy: The City of Chattanooga is well positioned for future growth. Employment in the Chattanooga area is diverse. The top employment sectors of trades, transportation, and utilities (20%), government (15%), manufacturing (13%), professional and business services (18%), education and health (14%), and leisure and hospitality (11%) comprise 91% of the workforce. The local unemployment rate of 5.1% for the Metropolitan Statistical Area is comparable to the state and national averages of 4.3% and 4.9% as of July, 2016, according to the U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics. Tennessee added jobs at a faster pace than the rest of the country on average over the past year and had the third largest increase in manufacturing wages nationally.



Chattanooga enjoys strategic advantages related to its location, strong transportation system, natural resources and competitive cost of doing business. The Chattanooga area is served by three interstate highways, seven U.S. highways, two railways, airlines, bus service, and the Tennessee River system. Work on the Chickamauga Lock, a key to transportation along the Tennessee River, is resuming, with an expected project cost of \$755 million. The prior phase was completed in 2013 at a cost of \$185 million. This phase of the project will replace the existing 60 by 360 foot lock with one that is 110 by 600. Direct flights are available to eight major cities. The Airport has added 230 parking spaces to accommodate a rise in passenger traffic, which exceeded 390,000 through last December. Through July of 2016, boarding's are up 2.5% over 2015. A newly recruited air maintenance company which currently employs 35 people could eventually expand to a total of 250 employees as it continues to expand. Chattanooga is home to three major air cargo facilities, three public use port terminals, and four major industrial parks. Railway service is provided by four divisions of the Norfolk Southern Railway System and two divisions of the CSX Transportation System, all with switching service throughout the entire area. Modern "piggyback" service is provided by both lines.

Employment in the retail service sector continues to thrive. Hamilton Place Mall, which is in its 30<sup>th</sup> year of operation, anchors the area's I-75 retail corridor. A \$100 million expansion of retail and residential development is in the planning stages just north of the mall. Early plans for the development known as Waterside could include 350,000 square feet of retail space, restaurants, and up to 300 apartments in this mixed use development encompassing over 60 acres. The Hixson area at the north end of Highway 153 is also enjoying a resurgence of activity. Just north of the current retail area, developers have announced plans for Hillocks Farm, a mixed use retail, office, and apartment project on 190 acres. Each of these developments is expected to be valued at more than \$100 million.

Downtown is thriving. The first two phases of \$100 million housing and commercial project on the west side of downtown along the river have sold out and the third phase is available. An additional section valued at up to \$100 million may be added. A new \$19 million hotel, with 140 rooms, opened in December, 2015. The "Gold Building", former headquarters of Blue Cross Blue Shield of Tennessee, is being converted into a 254 room hotel which will include a ballroom and meeting rooms. In the core of downtown, construction is well under way on a 10-story building in the 700 block of Market Street. The \$30 million development will include retail. office, and 125 apartments. Construction is also underway in the McClelland Building on Broad Street, converting the historic structure, a landmark since 1924, into apartments with commercial space on the ground floor. Renovation of the First Tennessee Bank Building on Market Street will bring apartments to that building as well. The value of these two projects is expected to exceed \$25 million. Many other large projects under way or in the planning stages will bring continued transformation to the core of Chattanooga.

Chattanooga continues to receive recognition as a world leader in technology. EPB was recognized in June by The Nation magazine for its one-gigabit per second internet service. Additionally BBC World Service produced a feature called "Chattanooga - the High Speed City" touting the advantages the service has provided to the area and its citizens. Offered since 2010, Chattanooga became the first city to provide a ten-gigabit connection to all 170,000 homes in its service area beginning in 2015. The Fiber-to-the-Home network is available to individuals, schools, and businesses in a service area covering 600 square miles including urban, suburban, and rural places and a diverse population of 300,000 people. There are currently over 82,000 customers. The system is integrated with Smart Grid, a technology which allows remote monitoring of meters for every customer. A \$111 million federal stimulus grant from the Department of Energy in 2010 dramatically accelerated the installation in 2012 of the Smart Grid, allowing for an implementation schedule to taking only two years. A wireless mesh network is piggybacked onto the entire system, enhancing public safety. In 2016, EPB invested \$320 million to add 4K ultra high definition TV service, the first in the area.

The establishment of NoogaNet in city-owned spaces and buildings takes advantage of the 10-gig Wi-Fi at 30 locations; expansion plans include 11 additional locations.



The economic impact of the EPB fiber optic network has approached \$1 billion since its inception according to a study published in 2015 by the University of Tennessee at Chattanooga, with an estimated creation of 2800 jobs. The Oak Ridge National Laboratory is locating an office at EPB to take advantage of the network. Potentially lead to a permanent presence for the U.S. Department of Energy. The high-speed internet continues to attract competition and international visitors. GigTank, hosted in Chattanooga by The Company Lab (CO.LAB), is in its fifth year. The availability of technology helped foster "Startup Week Chattanooga" which held its third annual week-long workshop in October to provide a networking venue for internet entrepreneurs.

Manufacturing continues the resurgence that began in 2008 with the announcement that Volkswagen AG would locate its United States manufacturing headquarters in Chattanooga. Since that time, the area has attracted \$4 billion in foreign direct investment. The Enterprise South Industrial Park (ESIP). home to Volkswagen AG, hosts numerous companies associated with automobile manufacturing, as well as an Amazon distribution center. The 3000 acre industrial site has essentially been filled or committed for potential expansion of the VW plant which will house the new SUV designed and built specifically for the U.S. market. As commencement of production approaches, the recruitment process has begun for up to 2000 additional jobs at the plant. The \$900 million expansion includes \$600 million by VW, \$230 million from state and local government, and up to \$70 million in additional incentives and infrastructure improvements over the next decade. The City and County share equally a \$52.5 million direct investment in this expansion. VW retains an option on 900 additional acres adjacent to their 1300 acre facility, in anticipation of significant additional future expansion. Spanish supplier Gestamp, a world leader in hot-stamp technology and a Tier 1 supplier for VW, BMW, and Mercedes-Benz, has embarked on a \$180 million expansion of its existing facility as well as a second plant on site and a third location in an existing building near the park on Jersey Pike. The company, which already had a significant presence as a supplier of cold-stamped components, says the expansions will create an additional 510 jobs over the next two

years. The City and County have begun to develop 250 acres within the park for additional automotive suppliers.

Chattanooga is one of the leading areas in the state for business start-ups. Large announcements get the headlines, but small business growth can make up the bulk of our job growth and diversity. Our success in this regard is driven by technology, capital venture funding, business incubators, and a City initiative which will award a total of \$100,000 in grants to small companies. This initiative, called the "Innovation District", is designed to connect entrepreneurs who have creative ideas with existing businesses to jump start new successful companies. Chattanooga again ranked as the least expensive city for business start-ups by SmartAssets when compared to the 80 largest cities in the country. Venture capital funding of local business is setting new records for the area in 2016.

Retention and growth of existing business is as important as attracting new industry. TAG Manufacturing is one example. The maker of attachments for heavy equipment announced a \$15 million expansion at its ESIP location, adding 200 jobs and a 200,000 square foot facility to be built on 19 acres it recently acquired. Another manufacturer that announced expansion is Astec Inc., adding 25,000 square feet and 40 jobs.

The fourth phase of the Chattanooga Chamber of Commerce "Chattanooga Can Do" campaign, conducted from July 2015 – June 2019, set goals for job growth. These four year goal includes the following benchmarks with progress as of June 2016, the first of four years:

	<u>4 Year</u>	<u>Actual</u>
Goal to increase	<u>Target</u>	<u>(1 year)</u>
Regional Employment	15,121	2,563
Private Investment	\$500 M	\$247 M
Payroll	\$439 M	\$118 M

Quality education is also the centerpiece of a successful community. A study released in 2015 by the Manhattan Institute shows the number of adults age 25 and over in the Chattanooga MSA with a bachelor's degree or higher has increased over 40% since 2000. Chattanooga State Technical Community College maintains five training partnerships with local manufacturers or groups to provide industry-specific training to students, allowing flexibility so programs can be tailored to current needs. This approach to educational and training support to industry will serve to attract additional new manufacturing and technical jobs to the area. The Hamilton County Public School System has established a school for Science, Technology, Engineering and Math (STEM), located on the Chattanooga State campus, which provides coursework based in hands-on training and offers internships or apprentice-

ships to the students.

Downtown remains a popular tourist destination, anchored by the Tennessee River and the Tennessee Aquarium. Hotel tax receipts within the city are up 33% over the last five years. Among national events which took place over the past year were Ironman, the Head of the Hooch rowing competition and the USA Cycling pro championships. These and a host of regional tournaments, outdoor events, and recreational activities, bring millions to the local economy and help keep Chattanooga in the forefront. Locally organized events such as the Chattanooga Track Club's 25<sup>th</sup> triathlon remain popular as well.

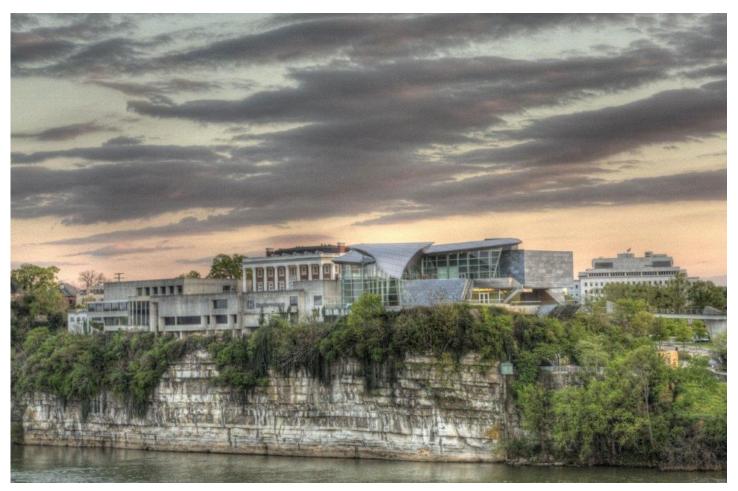
Outdoor activity is offered in abundance. The newest section of the Tennessee Riverwalk system opened, adding three miles of pathway connecting the downtown to the St. Elmo district to the south. The Where to Retire magazine ranks the city among the eight best to cycle. The Kiplinger newsletter highlighted Chattanooga as one of the best areas to retire, citing outdoor activities and low cost of housing.

The fiscal health of Chattanooga City Government remains strong. As outlined in the Management's Discussion and Analysis on page iii, the City has maintained a healthy financial position through sound fiscal management. Standard and Poor's and Fitch Ratings Services has assigned the City a AAA and AA+ bond rating respectively.



Long-term financial planning: The City takes a long range approach to capital spending by the adoption of a five year capital plan. As part of this strategic plan, the administration has restructured operations to include a department of economic and community development and hired a capital planner to focus intensely on long term sustainability and economic growth. The City continues to explore growth opportunities through economic development, regional growth plans, and other strategic initiatives that involve all citizens.

The City began its Budgeting for Outcomes approach to budget preparation and management in the Fiscal Year 2014



budget. This approach, in its third year with the Fiscal Year as needed to meet the desired goals. The City Council has also benchmarks used in determining funding levels for all city operations. It provides accountability by requiring regular review and monitoring of departmental performance by the Mayor, the City Finance Officer and other senior City officials. The City's annual performance report to the citizens of Chattanooga gives residents an update on how city services are responding to their needs. An Open Data portal was implemented in 2015 to improve transparency and promote citizen engagement. It includes up to date budget and spending data on the City's website.

adopted a Debt Management Policy which guides current and future decisions related to debt issued by the City. Performance is measured against benchmarks set forth and changes are made

2016 budget, is designed to measure results against goals and adopted a Pension Funding Policy in compliance with State of Tennessee Law.

**Major initiatives:** Over five (5.8) square miles have been annexed since May, 2001. Chattanooga is a major participant in a 40-year regional growth plan, known as the Greater Chattanooga Regional Growth Initiative, or "Thrive 2055". The participants include sixteen counties and their major cities from southeast Tennessee, northwest Georgia, and northeast Alabama, including the three metropolitan statistical areas. This public-private initiative is a pioneering effort for a new kind of Relevant financial policies: The City Council has long-term regional plan. It is a continuation of the type of public visioning and community engagement that has transformed Chattanooga and the surrounding area over the past 30 years.

## **Awards and Acknowledgments**

The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the City of Chattanooga, Tennessee for its comprehensive annual financial report for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015. This was the twenty-fourth consecutive year that the City has received this award. The Certificate of Achievement is a prestigious national award, recognizing conformance with the highest standards for preparation of state and local government financial reports.

In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, a government unit must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized comprehensive annual financial report, whose contents conform to program standards. Such reports must satisfy both Generally Accepted Accounting Principles and applicable legal requirements. A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. We believe our current report continues to conform to the Certificate of Achievement program requirements, and we are submitting it to GFOA to determine its eligibility for another certificate.

The City also received the GFOA Award for Distinguished Budget Presentation for its annual appropriated budget for each of the twenty fiscal years for which it applied. In order to qualify for the Distinguished Budget Presentation Award, the City's budget document was judged to be proficient in several categories including policy documentation, financial planning and organization.

The GFOA Award for Outstanding Achievement in Popular Annual Financial Reporting was received for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015. This is the fifth consecutive year for which the City applied for the award. In order to qualify, a government must publish a Popular Annual Financial Report with contents that conform to program standards of creativity, presentation, understandability, and reader appeal.



Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

City of Chattanooga Tennessee

For its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the Fiscal Year Ended

June 30, 2015

Suffrey R. Engr.
Executive Director/CEO

The preparation of this report could not have been accomplished without the professional and dedicated services of the entire staff of the Finance Department and the City's independent public accountants, Henderson, Hutcherson & McCullough PLLC. We would like to express our appreciation to members of various City departments who assisted and contributed to the preparation of this report. Further appreciation is extended to the Mayor and the City Council for their interest and support in planning and conducting the financial affairs of the City in a responsible and progressive manner.

Respectfully submitted,

Daisy W. Madison

City Finance Officer

## City Officials as of June 30, 2016



#### **EXECUTIVE BRANCH:**

#### Andy Berke, Mayor

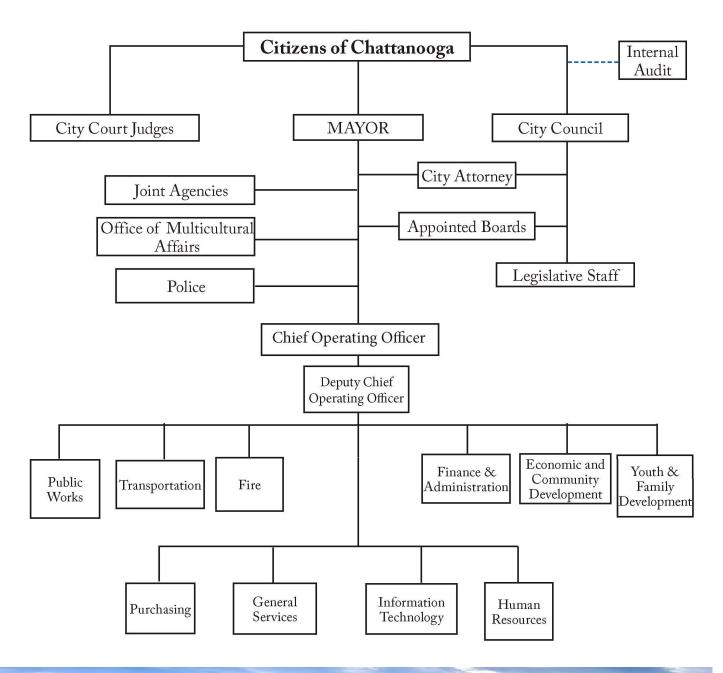
Stacy Richardson, Chief of Staff Maura Sullivan, Chief Operating Officer

#### CITY COUNCIL:

	Moses Freeman, Chair	District 8	
Jerry Mitchell, Vice Chair	District 2	Russell Gilbert	District 5
Chip Henderson	District 1	Carol Berz	District 6
Ken Smith	District 3	Chris Anderson	District 7
Larry Grohn	District 4	Yusuf Hakeem	District 9
	COU	RTS:	
Sherry B. Paty	City Court Judge	Russell J. Bean	City Court Judge
	Ron Swafford	City Court Clerk	
	DEPARTMENT AI	OMINISTRATORS	
Legal	Wade Hinto	on	City Attorney
Legislative	Nicole Gw	yn	Clerk of Council
Finance and Administration	Daisy W. N	1adison	Administrator
	Vickie C. I	Ialey	Deputy Administrator
Fire	Chief Chris	Adams	Administrator
Economic and	Donna Will	iams	Administrator
Community Development	Anthony Sa	mmons	Deputy Administrator
Police	Chief Fred	Fletcher	Administrator
Public Works	Justin Holla	nd	Administrator
Youth and Family Develops	mentLurone Jen	nings	Administrator
Transportation	Blythe Baile	ey	Administrator

## **Organization Chart**









#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council City of Chattanooga, Tennessee

#### **Report on the Financial Statements**

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely-presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Chattanooga, Tennessee (the City), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2016, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

#### Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

#### Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We did not audit the financial statements of Chattanooga Metropolitan Airport Authority and Chattanooga Area Regional Transit Authority, which represent 100 percent of the assets, net position, and revenues of the discretely-presented component units. Additionally, we did not audit the financial statements of EPB, which represent 56 percent, 47 percent, and 85 percent, respectively, of the assets, net position, and operating revenues of the business-type activities. Those financial statements were audited by other auditors whose report thereon has been furnished to us, and our opinion, insofar as it relates to the amounts included for Chattanooga Metropolitan Airport Authority, Chattanooga Area Regional Transit Authority and EPB is based solely on the report of the other auditors. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

#### **Opinions**

In our opinion, based on our audit and the report of other auditors, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely-presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Chattanooga, Tennessee as of June 30, 2016, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof and the respective budgetary comparison for the general fund for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### **Other Matters**

#### Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis on pages iv through xxii of the Financial Section and the required supplementary information on pages B-1 through B-16 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We and other auditors have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

#### Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City of Chattanooga's basic financial statements. The introductory section, combining and individual nonmajor fund and component unit financial statements, the budgetary comparison schedules included as other supplementary information, financial schedules, statistical tables and schedule of expenditures of federal and state awards, as required by the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements of Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance) are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining and individual nonmajor fund and component unit financial statements, the budgetary comparison schedules included as other supplementary information, financial schedules, and schedule of expenditures of federal and state awards are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America by us and other auditors. In our opinion, based on our audit, the procedures performed as described above, and the report of the other auditors, the combining and individual nonmajor fund and component unit financial statements, the budgetary comparison schedules included as other supplementary information, financial schedules, and schedule of expenditures of federal and state awards are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The introductory section and statistical tables have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements, and accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

#### Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated December 19, 2016, on our consideration of the City's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering the City's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Henderson Hutcherson & McCullongh, PLLC

Chattanooga, Tennessee December 19, 2016

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## Management's Discussion and Analysis

As management of the City of Chattanooga (the "City"), we provide readers of the City's financial statements with this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with our Letter of Transmittal beginning on page Intro 3 and the financial statements beginning on page A-1.

## Financial Highlights

- Assets and deferred outflow of resources for the primary government exceeded liabilities and deferred inflow of resources by \$1.9 billion (net position), an increase of \$100.0 million, or 5.5 percent, at the close of the fiscal year. Of this amount there is a \$55.4 million deficit unrestricted net position. The deficit in unrestricted net position improved by \$117.1 million largely due to a \$101.5 million increase in Business-Type Activities.
- Net position of governmental activities at June 30, 2016 was \$1.2 billion, an increase of \$30.6 million, or 2.6 percent. Business-type activities reported ending net position of \$718.8 million, an increase of \$69.4 million, or 10.7 percent due to favorable operations trend in all business-type activities.
- Ourselver liabilities for the City's primary government increased \$113.7 million or 11.9 percent, during the current fiscal year. Governmental activities long-term liabilities increased \$62.2 million. \$47.2 million in bonds were issued: \$28.2 million to finance new projects and \$19.0 million to refinance \$19.5 million. \$17.2 million in debt was retired in fiscal year 2016. Liabilities for pension and employee accrued leave increased by \$48.2 million and Other Post Employment Benefits (OPEB) decreased by \$3.0 million. Business-type activities long-term liabilities increased \$48.5 million. \$268.2 million in bonds were issued \$49.3 to finance new projects and \$218.9 million to refinance \$239.9 million in existing debt. An additional \$19.2 million in bonds were retired. \$33.8 million in notes were issued for the Interceptor Sewer System. EPB decreased a line of credit \$17.5 million.
- At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance for the General Fund is \$65.9 million, an increase of \$10.8 million or 19.6 percent from prior year. This represents 27.3 percent of total General Fund expenditures and transfers out.

## Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the City of Chattanooga's basic financial statements which consist of three parts: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements and 3) notes to the financial statements. This comprehensive financial report also contains supplementary information intended to furnish additional detail to support the basic financial statements themselves.

#### Government-wide Financial Statements

The first statements presented are government-wide financial statements. They are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the City's finances in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

There are two government-wide financial statements:

**Statement of Net Position** - This statement presents information about the City's assets, deferred outflow of resources, liabilities and deferred inflow of resources, with the difference reported as net position. Over time increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the City is improving or deteriorating.

**Statement of Activities** - This statement presents information showing how the City's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All current year revenues and expenses are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs. Thus revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal years (e.g., revenue includes uncollected taxes and expenses include earned but unused vacation leave).

The government-wide financial statements reflect three distinct activities:

**Governmental Activities** - These activities are primarily supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues. The governmental activities of the City include general government, economic and community development, public safety, public works and transportation, and youth and family development.

**Business-type Activities** - These activities are supported by user fees and charges for service which are intended to recover all of their costs. Included are electric, sewer, water quality systems, solid waste disposal, as well as communications system. Also included is The Chattanooga Downtown Redevelopment Corporation, a legally separate entity that functions as an enterprise of the City and therefore has been included as an integral part of the primary government.

**Component Units** – There are two entities that are legally separate and reported separately from the primary government, however the City of Chattanooga is financially accountable for them. These include: The Chattanooga Metropolitan Airport Authority and the Chattanooga Area Regional Transportation Authority (CARTA).

Governmental activities and business-type activities combine to comprise the primary government. The government-wide financial statements begin on page A-1 of this report.

#### **Fund Financial Statements**

The fund financial statements provide more detailed information about the most significant funds — not the City as a whole. A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific purposes. Some funds are required by State or Federal law or by bond covenants. Other funds are established by the City to help manage money for specific purposes (i.e. economic development) or to show that it is meeting legal responsibilities for how certain monies are used (i.e. grants received from the U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development or hotel-motel taxes).

All the funds of the City can be divided into three types of funds: (1) governmental funds, (2) proprietary funds, and (3) fiduciary funds.

**Governmental Funds** --These funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However the focus of these funds is on: 1) how cash and other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash were received and used, and 2) what remains at the end of the fiscal year for future spending. This information may be useful in evaluating the City's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of the governmental funds statements is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented between the two. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the City's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate the comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements.

The City maintains a general fund, multiple special revenue funds, a debt service fund, a capital projects fund and one permanent fund as governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental statements for the General Fund and the Capital Projects Fund since both of these are considered major funds. Data for the other funds is combined into a single column with individual fund data for each of these nonmajor governmental funds provided in the other supplementary information section of this report.

The City of Chattanooga adopts an annually appropriated budget for the General Fund, special revenue funds and the debt service fund. Budgetary comparisons are provided for these funds to demonstrate compliance with the budget. The General Fund budgetary comparison is found in the fund statements of this report. Additional details for the General Fund along with budgetary comparisons for special revenue funds and the debt service fund are provided in the other supplementary information section of this report. Since neither the Capital Projects Fund nor the permanent fund adopts an annual budget, they are excluded from budgetary reporting.

Governmental fund financial statements begin on page A-4 of this report.

**Proprietary Funds** - The City of Chattanooga maintains two types of proprietary funds: (1) enterprise funds and (2) internal service funds.

- Enterprise funds are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements but provide more detail and additional information, such as cash flows. The Electric Power Board (EPB), Interceptor Sewer System, Water Quality Management, Solid Waste, Tennessee Valley Regional Communications System and Chattanooga Downtown Redevelopment Corporation are considered major funds.
- Internal service funds are an accounting devise used to accumulate and allocate costs internally among the City's various functions. The City of Chattanooga accounts for fleet maintenance, technology replacement and risk financing (e.g. medical cost and third party liability claims) in the internal service fund. The internal service funds are combined into a single column in the proprietary fund statements. Because these services predominantly benefit governmental rather than business-type functions, they have been included as part of governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements.

Proprietary funds statements begin on page A-9 of this report.

**Fiduciary Funds** - These funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of others outside the government. While the City is responsible for ensuring that the assets are used for their intended purposes, we exclude these activities from the government-wide financial statements since these assets cannot be used to finance City operations.

The City of Chattanooga maintains a pension trust fund and an other post-employment benefits (OPEB) trust fund as fiduciary funds to account for resources held on behalf of participants in the City pensions plans and OPEB plan. The accounting used for fiduciary funds is much like that used for proprietary funds.

Fiduciary fund financial statements begin on page A-15 of this report.

#### Notes to the Financial Statements

The financial statements also include notes that provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the government-wide and fund financial statements.

The notes to the financial statements begin on page A-19 of this report.

## **Supplemental Information**

**Required supplementary information** - in addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents *required supplementary information* regarding the City's progress in funding its obligation to provide pension and OPEB benefits to its employees.

Required supplementary information begins on page B-1 of this report.

#### Other supplementary information - begins on page C-1 and includes:

- Combining statements for nonmajor governmental funds
- Combining statements for discretely presented component units
- A more detailed budget to actual comparison for the General Fund
- ° Budget to actual comparisons for special revenue funds and the debt service fund

## Government-wide Overall Financial Analysis

Net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of the City's financial position. Assets and deferred outflow of resources exceeded liabilities and deferred inflow of resources by \$1.9 billion at the close of the most recent fiscal year, an increase of \$100.0 million, or 5.5 percent, from last year. At the end of the fiscal year, the City of Chattanooga is once again able to report a positive net position for the government as a whole, as well as for its governmental and business-type activities individually.

#### City of Chattanooga's Net Position

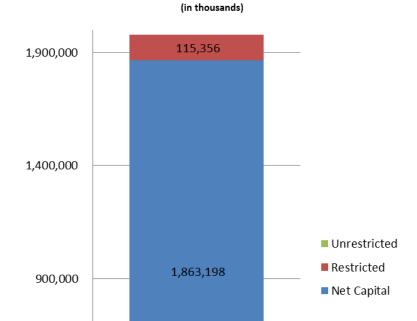
(in thousands)

	Govern	Busine	ess-type					
	Activ	rities	Acti	vities	Total			
	2016	2015	2016	2015	2016	2015		
Current and								
other assets	\$ 298,558	\$ 260,825	\$ 465,806	\$ 412,194	\$ 764,364	\$ 673,019		
Capital assets	1,486,828	1,472,295	1,009,687	964,104	2,496,515	2,436,399		
Total assets	1,785,386	1,733,120	1,475,493	1,376,298	3,260,879	3,109,418		
Total deferred outflows								
of resources	66,438	28,443	28,310	11,512	11,512 94,748			
Long-term liabilities								
outstanding	467,549	405,393	598,409	546,840	1,065,958	952,233		
Other liabilities	29,012	26,387	183,645	186,587	212,657	212,974		
Total liabilities	496,561	431,780	782,054	733,427	1,278,615	1,165,207		
Total deferred inflows								
of resources	150,886	155,982	2,986	5,027	153,872	161,009		
Net position:								
Net investment								
in capital assets	1,272,354	1,275,429	590,844	603,011	1,863,198	1,878,440		
Restricted	66,118	47,791	49,238	69,422	115,356	117,213		
Unrestricted	(134,095)	(149,419)	78,681	(23,077)	(55,414)	(172,496)		
Total net position	\$1,204,377	\$1,173,801	\$ 718,763	\$ 649,356	\$1,923,140	\$1,823,157		

By far the largest portion of the City's net position, \$1.9 billion, reflects its investment in capital assets (land, buildings, equipment, infrastructure, etc.), less any related outstanding debt that was issued to acquire those assets. While capital assets are used to provide services to citizens, these assets are not available for future spending. It should be noted that although the City reports capital assets net of related debt, the resources needed to repay the debt must be provided from other sources since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

An additional portion of the City's net position, \$115.4 million, represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. There is a \$55.4 million deficit in unrestricted net position due to recording of unfunded pension liabilities. Please refer to Note 8.

**Government-wide Net Position** 



The chart on the next page provides revenue and expense details for Governmental Activities, Business-type Activities and the Primary Government as a whole.

(55,414)

400,000

(100,000)

## City of Chattanooga's Changes in Net Position (in thousands)

		nmental vities	Busines Activ	• •	Total			
	2016	2015	2016	2015	2016	2015		
Revenues								
Program revenues:								
Charges for services	\$ 20,618	\$ 21,898	\$ 801,528	\$ 781,226	\$ 822,146	\$ 803,124		
Operating grants	30,519	36,065	-	-	30,519	36,065		
Capital grants	28,318	1,557	985	739	29,303	2,296		
General revenues:								
Property taxes	130,903	127,520	-	-	130,903	127,520		
Other taxes	26,073	23,361	-	-	26,073	23,361		
Investment income	1,753	955	1,816	1,186	3,569	2,141		
Miscellaneous	836	1,525	-	-	836	1,525		
Unrestricted grants and contributions	79,586	75,505	-	-	79,586	75,505		
Total revenues	318,606	288,386	804,329	783,151	1,122,935	1,071,537		
Expenses								
Governmental activities:								
General government	68,405	68,923	-	-	68,405	68,923		
Economic and community development	18,391	25,728			18,391	25,728		
Public safety	104,952	82,129	-	-	104,952	82,129		
Public works and transportation	63,429	66,225	-	-	63,429	66,225		
Youth and family development	26,049	23,455			26,049	23,455		
Interest on long-term debt	6,855	6,904	-	-	6,855	6,904		
Business-type activities:								
Electric utility	-	-	653,115	655,053	653,115	655,053		
Sewer	-	-	46,230	48,141	46,230	48,141		
Solid waste	-	-	4,146	4,126	4,146	4,126		
Water quality	-	-	13,689	13,152	13,689	13,152		
Regional communications	-	-	931	-	931	-		
Downtown redevelopment			16,760	16,761	16,760	16,761		
Total expenses	288,081	273,364	734,871	737,233	1,022,952	1,010,597		
Excess (deficiency) before transfers	30,525	15,022	69,458	45,918	99,983	60,940		
Transfers	51		(51)					
Increase (decrease) in								
net position	30,576	15,022	69,407	45,918	99,983	60,940		
Net position, beginning	1,173,801	1,158,779	649,356	603,438	1,823,157	1,762,217		
Net position, ending	\$1,204,377	\$1,173,801	\$ 718,763	\$ 649,356	\$1,923,140	\$1,823,157		

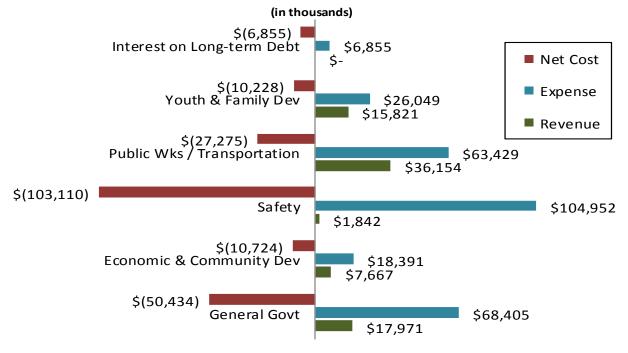
#### Governmental Activities

During the current fiscal year, net position of the City's governmental activities increased \$30.6 million from the prior year for an ending balance of \$1.2 billion. Overall revenue increased \$30.3 million or 10.5 percent. \$21.6 million of the increase is from capital grants primarily from donations of streets. Countywide sales tax increased by \$3.8 million or 6.9 percent and state sales increased 0.8 million or 5.9 percent over the prior year and property tax increased by \$3.4 million or 2.7 percent.

Expenses for the current year increased \$14.7 million or 5.4 percent. \$22.8 million or 27.8 percent of the increase is in Public Safety. The increase primarily consists of \$8.5 million in personnel costs and an \$11.7 million pension expense adjustment to pension expense to record the change in pension liability. This is offset by a decrease in Economic and Community Development of \$7.3 million or 28.5 percent. In fiscal year 2015 there was a \$4.4 million project to demolish a housing complex. The City's remaining appropriation to the VW expansion was \$2.7 million less in fiscal year 2016.

The graph below provides the program revenue and expenses for each governmental activity. It also provides the net cost that must be provided from general revenues.

## **Expenses and Program Revenues Governmental Activities**

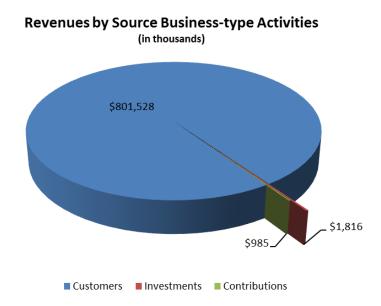


### **Business-type Activities**

During the current year, net position of the business-type activities increased \$69.4 million or 10.7 percent, to \$718.8 million. This net position is dedicated solely to finance the continuing operations of the electric, sewer, water quality systems, solid waste disposal, regional communications systems and downtown redevelopment operations.

Revenues for the City's business-type activities were \$804.3 million for the year just completed; this is a \$21.2 million or 2.7 percent increase. Expenses decreased \$2.4 million or 0.3 percent resulting in total expense of \$734.9 million for the year. Please see Enterprise Fund detail for additional information.

As you can see from the following graph, the major source of revenue for business-type activities is customer charges.



The following table provides a summary for each business-type activity. Each is discussed in more detail with the proprietary fund information.

## Expenses and Revenues - Business-type Activities (in thousands)

Regional

								unication	Do	wntown	
	⊟ectric	Sewer	Soli	id Waste	Wat	er Quality	S	ystem	Rev	elopm ent	Total
Expenses	\$ 653,115	\$ 46,230	\$	4,146	\$	13,689	\$	931	\$	16,759	\$734,870
Revenues	684,925	70,770		7,002		19,626		1,307		18,883	802,513
Change in net position	\$ 31,810	\$ 24,540	\$	2,856	\$	5,937	\$	376	\$	2,124	\$ 67,643

## Financial Analysis of the City's Funds

As noted earlier, the City of Chattanooga uses fund accounting to help control and manage money for particular purposes or to demonstrate compliance with legal requirements. The following provides a more detailed analysis of the City's funds.

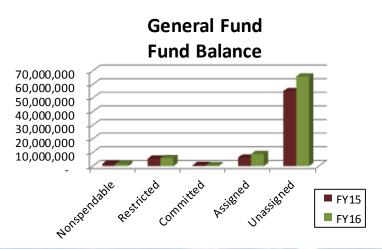
#### Governmental Funds

Governmental funds focus on the near-term flow of resources and balance of spendable resources. This information is useful in assessing the City's financing requirements. In particular, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of the City's resources available for discretionary use since it represents the portion of fund balance which has not been limited for a specific purpose.

The City's governmental funds reported a combined fund balance of \$169.2 million at the end of the fiscal year. Of this amount 39.0 percent or \$65.9 million, is available for spending at the City's discretion (unassigned fund balance). Total fund balance is made up of the following:

- \$6.3 million is in non-spendable form such as inventories and notes receivable.
- \$79.7 million is restricted for particular purposes due to restrictions placed by grants, bond covenants, other governments or by City ordinance.
- \$7.1 million is committed for specific purposes based on City resolutions.
- \$10.1 million is assigned for particular purposes such as under control of boards or designated purpose by management.
- \$65.9 million is unassigned for General Fund discretionary use.

**General Fund:** This is the chief operating fund of the City. Total fund balance of the General Fund increased by 19.3 percent or \$13.4 million to \$82.8 million during the fiscal year. Unassigned fund balance increased \$10.8 million or 19.6 percent to \$65.9 million. During fiscal year 2015 there was a \$26.5 million planned use of operational dollars and fund balance for pay-as-you-go capital and economic development incentives.



As a measure of the General Fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare both unassigned fund balance and total fund balance to General Fund expenditures. Unassigned fund balance represents approximately 27.3 percent of total General Fund expenditures and transfers out, while total fund balance represents 34.3 percent.

**Revenues:** Total revenues increased \$8.8 million or 3.6 percent, from the prior year. All major revenue sources are discussed as follows.

- ° Tax revenue is \$3.4 million or 2.3 percent higher than in the prior year. During the current fiscal year, property tax, along with payments in lieu of tax (PILOT), increased \$2.5 million or 2.0 percent over last year with \$1.6 million of the growth in property taxes and \$0.9 million PILOT revenue. Liquor and beer taxes are up \$438,000 or 5.4 percent while gross receipts increased \$706,000 or 14.4 percent. Franchise fees are \$312,000 or 6.6 percent lower than prior year. The gas company's franchise fee was \$407,000 or 19.4 percent less due to a mild winter.
- Licenses and permits are up \$854,000 or 14.3 percent. Building related permits increased \$639,000 or 23.5 percent highlighting the health of the local economy. In 2015 a new revenue source was an economic development fee imposed as part of all new PILOT agreements; this fee increased 18.3 percent to \$148,000 in 2016.
- Intergovernmental revenues increased \$4.6 million or 5.8 percent over the prior year. This is primarily resulting from a \$3.9 million or 7.2 percent increase in local option sales tax, another indicator of the health of the local economy. State shared sales tax is up \$866,000 or 6.9 percent. These increases are offset by a \$390,000 or 100.0 percent decrease in the congestion mitigation grant from the State of Tennessee as the final phase of the project was completed in 2015.
- ° Charges for services decreased 19.9 percent or \$1.0 million. This decrease is primarily due to loss of \$931,000 resulting from council decision to contract the management of the civic facilities to the Tivoli and Memorial Foundation.
- Fines, forfeitures and penalties decreased \$117,000 or 4.4 percent primarily due to decrease from automated traffic enforcement. A new state law is being phased in which limits this type of enforcement.
- o Investment income increased \$1.0 million or 111.2 percent resulting from the availability of additional proceeds from a bond sale, more timely request for grant reimbursements and decrease in cash flow funding for economic development projects. The city has also placed greater emphasis on ensuring all idle funds are invested at the maximum rate of return allowed by law.
- ° Major changes in the \$115,500 or 1.7 percent increase in miscellaneous income include a \$104,000 increase of contributions for programs such as Bike Chattanooga.

**Expenditures:** Total expenditures increased \$1.2 million or 0.6 percent, from the previous year. Major changes during fiscal year 2016 are discussed below:

- Employee Compensation increased by \$2.1 million or 2.4 percent. Civilian personnel earning less than \$50,000 received a lump sum increase of \$750 while all other civilians received a 1.5 percent increase in base pay. Sworn personnel increases were provided based on a career ladder program. The largest increase in personnel costs was a \$1.7 million or 16.6 percent increase in Fire and Police Pension contributions. General Pensions contribution amounts were flat.
- Operations costs decreased by 1.1 million or 0.9 percent. During the prior year, the first of six \$1.96 million installments were made to Hamilton County Tennessee based on a settlement for past mixed-drink taxes. The second installment for fiscal year 2016 is shown as a transfer to the Debt Service fund.
- Transfers out included an additional \$30.6 million for capital projects.

**Capital Projects Fund** -- This fund focuses on project-to-date costs for many projects within the City. At the end of the year, the fund reported \$61.6 million in fund balance; of that amount \$0.4 million is nonspendable for long-term note receivables leaving \$61.2 million restricted for completion of capital projects. Fund balance for this fund fluctuates from year-to-year based on debt issued and project expenditures; new debt increases fund balance while project expenditures decreases it. For fiscal year 2016 there was an \$18.5 million increase in fund balance as \$18.9 million of bonds were issued to fund capital projects. Analysis of project income and expenditures follows.

Project inflows for the year of \$75.2 million include \$54.9 million in proceeds and bond premiums for new debt and to refinance existing debt. Transfers in of \$17.8 million include \$16.8 million from General Fund, \$1.0 million from Hotel Motel Tax, and \$0.1 million from Community Development. The transfers from General Fund include \$11.9 million planned use of operational dollars and fund balance for pay-as-you-go capital; the remaining dollars were earmarked for economic development and special programs.

Current year project outflows of \$56.6 million include \$10.6 million of economic development projects, \$1.1 million for waterfront improvements, \$7.0 million for street, sidewalk, bridge and tunnel projects, \$1.3 million for ballfields, parks and family centers and \$6.8 million for safety building improvements and equipment. Transfers out of \$1.0 million were to an internal service technology replacement fund and a brownfield grant match.

## **Proprietary Funds**

The City's proprietary funds provide the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements, but in more detail. As the City completed the fiscal year its proprietary funds, which include both enterprise funds and an internal service fund, have combined net position of \$760.3 million. Net investment in capital assets is \$607.8 million, with an additional \$48.3 million restricted for future use, leaving \$104.2 million available to meet on-going obligations.

**Enterprise Funds** - Total net position of the enterprise funds is \$718.8 million, an increase of \$69.4 million or 10.7 percent. Details for each fund are presented below:

- Electric Power Board The largest enterprise fund is EPB, which has both an electric and a fiber optic division. Total net position increased \$32.0 million or 10.6 percent to \$334.2 million, mainly due to an increase in Utility Plant of \$14.4 million. The remainder is a combination of refinancing and repayment of debt. Operating revenues are up \$12.8 million or 1.9 percent. A closer examination reveals that electric sales decreased \$3.9 million or 0.7 percent while fiber optic sales increased by \$15.8 million or 14.8 percent due to the continued success of the residential service offerings. Combined operating expenses, which includes tax equivalents and depreciation, remain even to prior year.
- Interceptor Sewer System Net position of the Interceptor Sewer System increased \$25.3 million or 8.8 percent, to \$311.3 million. Operating revenues rose \$6.7 million or 10.5 percent while operating expenses decreased by \$1.8 million or 3.8 percent. Unrestricted net position (available to finance on-going operations) increased \$37.7 million or 209.9 percent to \$55.6 million. An additional \$34.3 million is restricted for future capital spending, a decrease of \$14.0 million due to less outstanding contract commitments at year end.
- Solid Waste The City of Chattanooga operates a municipal solid waste landfill established to comply with the Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) mandate establishing closure and post closure requirements. The fund has a net position of \$4.7 million. To date the City has accrued liabilities of \$5.4 million for closure and post closure care costs with adequate investments earmarked to cover these costs.
- Water Quality Management The Water Quality Fund, established to comply with EPA guidelines, now has \$67.7 million in net position, an increase of \$6.0 million or 9.8 percent from last year. Net investment in capital is \$26.9 million, leaving the amount available to fund day-to-day operations (unrestricted net position) at \$38.8 million. Unrestricted net position increased 42.4 percent, \$11.6 million.
- **Tennessee Valley Regional Communications System** The Tennessee Valley Regional Communications System Fund was established in fiscal year 2016 to account for a regional communication system that services a multi-county/multi-state region. The fund has \$1.3 million in net position of which approximately \$1.0 million is restricted for replacement of system infrastructure.
- Chattanooga Downtown Redevelopment Corporation The Chattanooga Downtown Redevelopment Corporation (CDRC) remains in a negative net asset position of \$0.5 million. However, during the fiscal year net position increased \$2.8 million following a continual improvement trend.

**Internal Service Fund** -- The internal service fund is used to account for the City's vehicle operation and maintenance program, employee medical benefits program, technology replacement and third party liability claims. Net position for this fund decreased \$0.4 million or 1.0 percent. This decrease is primarily comprised of \$2.8 million of healthcare costs over premiums and \$2.4 million increase in fleet program reserves for future vehicle purchases.

### General Fund Budgetary Highlights

### Original Budget Compared to Final Budget

The City's budget ordinance provides for the strategic financial plan of City government, encompassing all major funds and appropriations to agencies. The budget ordinance authorizes the City Finance Officer to make reallocations within the General Fund as necessary.

### Final Budget Compared to Actual Results

Revenues exceeded budget for the year by \$14.8 million or 6.2 percent. All revenue categories with the exception of charges for service exceeded expectations. All major revenue categories are addressed below.

- Total tax revenue for the year was higher than budget by \$4.1 million or 2.8 percent. Property taxes, inclusive of payments in lieu of tax, exceeded budget by \$2.4 million or 1.9 percent. The remaining amount is primarily gross receipts tax of \$667,000, liquor taxes of \$408,000 and beer taxes of \$406,000, all exceeding budget estimates.
- Licenses and permits are \$1.5 million or 28.0 percent above budget primarily from building related permits
- o Intergovernmental revenue is \$5.2 million or 6.7 percent more than budget, primarily due to sales tax. Local option sales tax is \$4.2 million or 7.8 percent over budget while state shared sales tax exceeds budget by \$821,000 or 6.5 percent.
- ° Charges for services are \$863,000 under budget or 17.5 percent primarily from golf revenues being \$184,000 under budget and Metropolitan Medical Response System revenue budgeted but not received.
- Fines and forfeitures are \$1.6 million above estimates. This is primarily due to higher than expected collections for automated traffic enforcement, which was budgeted low pending effects of new state law restricting use.
- Miscellaneous revenue is \$1.7 million or 34.2 percent above budget primarily due to sale of property of \$640.000 and donations of \$704.000.

Expenditures were less than budget by \$9.9 million or 4.6 percent. All departments were under budget. Employee compensation, which is budgeted at 100 percent of budgeted positions, is \$6.3 million below budget due to vacancies. Operations are down by \$3.6 million or 4.4 percent.

### Capital Assets and Debt Administration

### Capital Assets

At fiscal year end, the City had a \$2.5 billion net investment in capital assets, an increase of \$60.1 million or 2.5 percent. This investment includes land, buildings, utility system improvements, machinery and equipment, park facilities and infrastructure. Net investment in capital assets for governmental funds increased \$14.5 million or 1.0 percent while business-type net investment in capital assets increased by \$45.6 million or 4.7 percent. The following table shows the net investment in capital assets by both governmental activities and business-type activities.

### City of Chattanooga's Capital Assets

(net of depreciation, in thousands of dollars)

	Governmental		Business-type						
	Activ	ities	Activities			Total			
	2016	2015		2016	2015		2016		2015
Non-depreciable:									
Land & Easements	\$ 1,063,694	\$1,045,748	\$	20,749	\$ 20,517	\$1	1,084,443	\$	1,066,265
Construction in progress	84,911	77,087		91,471	66,019	\$	176,382	\$	143,106
Depreciable:									
Buildings & Improvements	104,574	107,490		81,559	82,628	\$	186,133	\$	190,118
Vehicles & Machinery	28,934	25,167		90,008	90,393	\$	118,942	\$	115,560
Infrastructure	204,715	216,804		725,901	704,549	\$	930,616	\$	921,353
Total	\$ 1,486,828	\$1,472,296	\$1	,009,686	\$964,106	\$2	2,496,516	\$	2,436,402

The majority of capital asset changes are in the construction in progress and infrastructure areas.

- Construction-in-progress (CIP) additions for governmental activities include \$2.7 million for the Family Justice Center, \$2.3 million for paving/sidewalks/road improvements, \$2.1 million for repairs to the Wilcox Tunnel, \$1.4 million for the new Hixson fire station, \$1.2 million for traffic signals and bike lanes, \$1.0 million of waterfront improvements, \$0.6 million in Miller Park District improvements, and \$0.6 million for a Chattanooga Rail Implementation Study. \$6.4 million of CIP projects were capitalized for governmental activities. Construction of projects related to the sewer system's consent decree comprised the majority of the increase in business-type activities.
- The infrastructure decrease in governmental activities is primarily due to depreciation of roads, \$23.5 million which offset the \$9.6 million of CIP infrastructure that was capitalized. Business-type activities infrastructure assets increased primarily from a \$20.4 million addition to the electric distribution system and \$17.0 million increase in the fiber optic customer premises wiring which is offset by a \$7.1 million decrease in customer premises equipment and a \$2.3 million decrease in cable and wire facilities. The net increase was partially offset by depreciation.
- o The City of Chattanooga has opted to use depreciation rather than the maintenance method to report infrastructure assets. During the current fiscal year governmental activities recognized depreciation expense of \$38.7 million while business-type activities recognized depreciation expense of \$69.0 million.

More detailed information about the City's capital assets is presented in the Note 5 to the financial statements.

### **Debt Administration**

At June 30 the City had \$718.7 million in long-term debt outstanding. This is a \$50.4 million increase or 7.5 percent, from last year. Detail is provided in the table and narrative that follows.

The City of Chattanooga maintains a "AAA" rating from Standard & Poor's and "AA+" from Fitch Inc. for general obligation debt. The City Charter limits the amount of net general obligation debt to 10 percent of the assessed value of all taxable property within its corporate limits. The City's general obligation debt, net of self-supporting debt, is \$174.6 million; this is 34.2 percent of its current limit of \$511.1 million. As of year-end, EPB had \$276.1 million in revenue bond debt outstanding compared to \$263.9 million last year; these bonds are rated "AA+" by Standard & Poor's and Fitch. CDRC had \$100.9 million in revenue bonds outstanding compared to \$105.6 million last year; these bonds are rated "AA" by Standard & Poor's and Fitch.

### City of Chattanooga's Long-term Debt

(in thousands)

	<b>Governmental Activities</b>			<b>Business-type Activities</b>				Total		
		2016		2015		2016		2015	2016	2015
General obligation bonds										
(backed by the City)	\$	189,225	\$	174,575	\$	36,935	\$	35,275	\$226,160	\$209,850
Revenue bonds										
(backed by specific revenues)		-		-		377,000		369,545	377,000	369,545
Notes payable and other		22,937		26,990		92,505		61,742	115,442	88,732
Capital leases		113		174		-		-	113	174
Total	\$	212,275	\$	201,739	\$	506,440	\$	466,562	\$718,715	\$668,301

During the year the City issued the following new debt:

- The City issued \$36.3 million in new general obligation bonds. \$28.2 million were related to governmental activities while \$8.1 million were related to business-type activities.
- ° The City issued \$19.0 million in general obligation bonds to refund \$19.5 million, all were related to governmental activities.
- EPB issued \$41.2 million in new revenue bonds in addition to \$218.9 million in revenue bonds to refund \$239.9 million.
- The Interceptor Sewer System drew down \$33.8 million from a state revolving fund loan for consent decree projects.
- A total of \$39.4 million in debt was retired during the fiscal year; \$32.2 million in bond principal payments were made with an additional \$7.1 million in note repayments.

More detailed information about the City's long-term liabilities is presented in Note 6 to the financial statements.

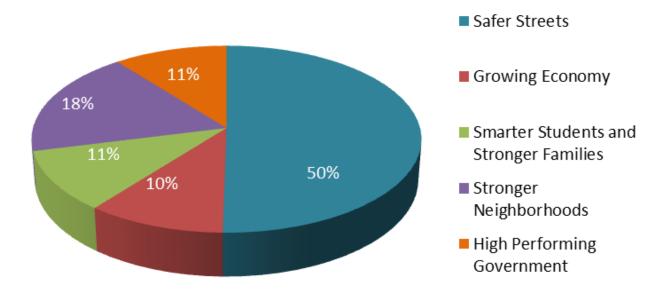
# Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates

The following factors were taken into account when adopting the budget for 2017:

- Anticipated revenues in the General Fund are \$250.2 million, up \$10.2 million or 4.3 percent from the 2016 budget. The City conservatively forecasts property tax at 95 percent of the tax levy. The fiscal year 2017 budget includes no increase in the property tax rate yet provides sufficient revenue to fund the priorities of residents and meet the City's financial obligations.
- Major revenue increases include property tax revenue of \$3.0 million or 2.3 percent, local sales taxes \$0.5 million or 3.8 percent, and additional local sales tax designated for economic development \$0.5 million or 12.0 percent.
- Expenditures of \$247.4 million reflect an elevated awareness of constituent priorities in the following areas: safer streets; growing the local economy; smarter students and stronger families; stronger neighborhoods; and a high performing government. Expenditures are expected to be \$2.3 million or 0.9 percent more in 2017, primarily because \$2.5 million increase to police or 4.1 percent.
- The City of Chattanooga uses the Budgeting for Outcomes (BFO) approach to establish the annual financial plan for undesignated general funds (\$230,275,000). This approach is based on collaboration, transparency and delivery of services that matter most to citizens. Requests in the form of offers are prioritized by results areas and funded as revenue permits.
  - The 2017 budget funds 34 offers totaling \$115,496,925 (50.3 percent) of the budget for safer streets. This continues funding for 486 police officers, an all-time high, to implement a community -based policing model. Also included is funding for the pay plan for sworn personnel, maintaining a full-time Federal prosecutor, and funding for a Family Justice Center.
  - 25 offers were funded for a total of \$23,690,300 (10.3 percent) for growing the local economy. These offers which invest in the Innovation District and continue the small business incentives of the prior year, will ensure Chattanoogans have the skills to compete, while strengthening infrastructure to support business expansion.
  - \$24,133,965 (10.5 percent) of the budget provides funding for 27 offers for smarter students and stronger families. These dollars will support children from cradle to career, providing character education, and creating effective programming for parents and seniors.

- Stronger neighborhoods received \$42,079,222 (18.3 percent) to fund 24 offers. This will provide opportunities for every citizen to live in a thriving neighborhood with recreation opportunities and access to variety of transportation options.
- Effective use of every tax dollar is ensured by funding 25 offers totaling \$24,361,406 (10.6 percent) for high performing government. These offers focus on long-term financial health of the City and providing customer service.

### **Funding of Results Areas**



### Requests for Information

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers, investors and creditors with a general overview of the City's finances and to show the City's accountability for the assets it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact:

### City of Chattanooga Finance Department 101 East 11<sup>th</sup> Street; Suite 101

101 East 11<sup>th</sup> Street; Suite 101 Chattanooga, Tennessee 37402 (423) 643-7363 www.chattanooga.gov

Complete financial statements of the component units may be obtained from:

### Chattanooga Metropolitan Airport Authority

1001 Airport Road, Suite 14 Chattanooga, TN 37421 (423) 855-2202

www.chattairport.com

### **CARTA**

1617 Wilcox Boulevard Chattanooga, TN 37406 (423) 629-1411 www.gocarta.org



### STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

June 30, 2016

	P	rimary Governmer		
	Governmental	Business-Type		Component
	Activities	Activities	Total	Units
ASSETS				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 94,788,886	\$ 207,653,059	\$ 302,441,945	\$ 11,530,558
Investments	67,571,914	30,898,432	98,470,346	-
Receivables, net of allowance for uncollectible	175,109,124	86,011,189	261,120,313	8,902,140
Internal balances	(86,639,268)	86,639,268	-	-
Due from component units	646,535	-	646,535	-
Inventories	2,850,282	14,886,052	17,736,334	757,171
Prepaid items	18,519	9,332,362	9,350,881	1,553,796
Restricted assets:				
Cash and cash equivalents	29,288,739	13,070,917	42,359,656	2,888,701
Investments	2,985,000	17,278,042	20,263,042	-
Endowment investments	4,411,028	-	4,411,028	-
Receivables	37,609	-	37,609	281,068
Other	-	36,757	36,757	-
Other postemployment benefit assets	-	-	-	60,935
Equity interest in joint venture	7,489,062	-	7,489,062	-
Land and other nondepreciable assets	1,148,604,734	112,219,701	1,260,824,435	12,419,987
Other capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation	338,223,605	897,467,608	1,235,691,213	128,123,129
Total assets	1,785,385,769	1,475,493,387	3,260,879,156	166,517,485
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
Deferred charge on refunding	3,931,305	17,266,583	21 107 000	
Deferred charge on retunding  Deferred contribution pension plans	18,372,835		21,197,888	066.664
Deferred contribution pension plans  Deferred experience loss pension plans		9,533,592	27,906,427	966,664
	7,871,362	1.500.606	7,871,362	827,026
Deferred investment loss pension plans	15,690,923	1,509,606	17,200,529	1,178,277
Deferred assumption loss pension plans	20,571,120	20 200 701	20,571,120	160,930
Total deferred outflows of resources	66,437,545	28,309,781	94,747,326	3,132,897
LIABILITIES				
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	27,837,080	151,815,246	179,652,326	6,901,628
Customer deposits	-	20,117,000	20,117,000	-
Due to primary government	_	-	_	646,535
Contracts payable	528,165	1,455,656	1,983,821	722,112
Unearned grants revenue	646,477	-	646,477	=
Other liabilities	-	10,257,000	10,257,000	-
Long-term liabilities:		, ,	, ,	
Due within one year	19,060,103	30,817,117	49,877,220	734,126
Due in more than one year	448,488,958	567,591,952	1,016,080,910	24,446,644
Total liabilities	496,560,783	782,053,971	1,278,614,754	33,451,045
DEEEDBED INELOWS OF DESOLIDOES				
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	121 416 150		121 416 150	77 992
Deferred revenue	131,416,150	2 270 024	131,416,150	77,883
Deferred investment gains pension plans	16,257,890	2,279,934	18,537,824	125 220
Deferred assumption change pension plans	2,998,274	659,080	3,657,354	135,330
Deferred experience gains pension plans	213,388	46,907	260,295	9,632
Total deferred inflows of resources	150,885,702	2,985,921	153,871,623	222,845
NET POSITION				
Net investment in capital assets	1,272,353,698	590,844,184	1,863,197,882	129,599,322
Restricted for:				
Capital projects	61,573,142	-	61,573,142	-
Debt service reserve	_	9,748,000	9,748,000	2,447,657
Renewal and replacement	-	39,490,536	39,490,536	- -
Permanent endowments:				
Expendable	133,864	_	133,864	-
Nonexpendable	4,411,028	_	4,411,028	-
Unrestricted	(134,094,903)	78,680,556	(55,414,347)	3,929,513
Total net position	\$1,204,376,829	\$ 718,763,276	\$1,923,140,105	\$ 135,976,492

### STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

### Year Ended June 30, 2016

		Program Revenues				
			Operating			
		Charges for	Grants and	Grants and		
Functions/Programs	Expenses	Services	Contributions	Contributions		
PRIMARY GOVERNMENT						
Governmental activities:						
General government	\$ 68,405,139	\$ 14,530,075	\$ 3,264,548	\$ 175,953		
Economic and community development	18,390,875	4,130,813	3,336,571	200,000		
Public safety	104,952,395	878,733	963,401	-		
Public works and transportation	63,429,352	524,452	7,688,183	27,941,813		
Youth and family development	26,048,987	553,403	15,267,055	-		
Interest on long-term debt	6,854,540			<u> </u>		
Total governmental activities	288,081,288	20,617,476	30,519,758	28,317,766		
Business-type activities:						
Electric utility, including fiber optics	653,115,000	684,060,000	-	865,000		
Sewer	46,229,974	70,770,332	-	-		
Solid waste	4,145,986	6,981,881	-	20,000		
Water quality management	13,688,806	19,526,288	-	100,000		
Regional communications	931,065	1,306,785	-	-		
Downtown redevelopment	16,759,306	18,882,874				
Total business-type activities	734,870,137	801,528,160		985,000		
TOTAL PRIMARY GOVERNMENT	\$1,022,951,425	\$ 822,145,636	\$ 30,519,758	\$ 29,302,766		
COMPONENT UNITS						
Airport authority	\$ 19,029,450	\$ 18,426,061	\$ -	\$ 7,407,034		
Transportation authority	24,161,012	9,732,150	7,773,956	4,685,637		
TOTAL COMPONENT UNITS	\$ 43,190,462	\$ 28,158,211	\$ 7,773,956	\$ 12,092,671		

General revenues:

Property taxes

Other taxes

Liquor and beer taxes

Hotel-Motel tax

Local gross receipts tax

Franchise taxes

Other taxes

Grants and contributions not allocated to specific programs:

County-wide sales taxes

City allocation of state sales taxes

City allocation of state income taxes

City allocation of other shared taxes

Unrestricted investment earnings

Miscellaneous

Gain on sale of capital assets

Transfers

Total general revenues and transfers

Change in net position

Net position, beginning

Net position, ending

TAT (		D 1	$\alpha$ 1	•	AT D
Net (	Hynense	Revenue and	Changes	1n	Net Position
11011	LAPCIBL	, ite venue and	Changes	111	Tict I Osition

	xpense) Revenue an		SILIOII
	Primary Governmen	C	
Governmental	Business-type	T-4-1	Component
Activities	Activities	Total	Units
\$ (50,434,563)	\$ -	\$ (50,434,563)	\$ -
(10,723,491)	-	(10,723,491)	•
(103,110,261)	_	(103,110,261)	_
(27,274,904)	_	(27,274,904)	_
(10,228,529)	_	(10,228,529)	_
(6,854,540)	_	(6,854,540)	_
(208,626,288)		(208,626,288)	
(			
	21 910 000	21 010 000	
-	31,810,000	31,810,000	-
-	24,540,358	24,540,358	-
-	2,855,895	2,855,895	-
-	5,937,482	5,937,482	-
-	375,720	375,720	
	2,123,568	2,123,568	
-	67,643,023	67,643,023	
(208,626,288)	67,643,023	(140,983,265)	
			6,803,645
-	-	-	(1,969,269)
			4,834,376
			1,031,370
130,902,972	-	130,902,972	=
, ,		, ,	
8,997,261	-	8,997,261	-
6,589,452	-	6,589,452	-
5,882,100	-	5,882,100	-
4,382,373	-	4,382,373	-
222,074	-	222,074	-
58,584,096	-	58,584,096	_
13,453,178	-	13,453,178	-
3,532,771	-	3,532,771	-
4,015,247	-	4,015,247	-
1,753,046	1,815,617	3,568,663	16,651
-	-	-	2,375,052
836,089	-	836,089	-
50,952	(50,952)	<u> </u>	
239,201,611	1,764,665	240,966,276	2,391,703
30,575,323	69,407,688	99,983,011	7,226,079
1,173,801,506	649,355,588	1,823,157,094	128,750,413
\$ 1,204,376,829	\$ 718,763,276	\$ 1,923,140,105	\$ 135,976,492

### BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

June 30, 2016

ACCIPITE	General	Capital Projects	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
ASSETS Cook and cook againstants	\$ 9,981,730	\$ 60,179,871	\$ 21,083,861	\$ 91,245,462
Cash and cash equivalents Investments	67,571,914	2,985,000	4,411,028	74,967,942
Receivables, net of allowance for uncollectibles:	07,371,914	2,965,000	4,411,020	74,907,942
	122,688,011			122,688,011
Property taxes Other taxes	12,581,913	_	1,173,031	13,754,944
	1,035,765	388,946	12,746,843	14,171,554
Notes Other	750,257	36,476	138,368	925,101
Due from other funds	130,231	204,419	29,830	234,249
	19,605,317	738,256	2,828,934	23,172,507
Due from other governments	859,386	736,230	2,020,934	859,386
Inventories	4,000	-	14,519	
Prepaid items	4,000		14,319	18,519
Total assets	\$ 235,078,293	\$ 64,532,968	\$ 42,426,414	\$ 342,037,675
LIABILITIES				
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities:				
Accounts payable  Accounts payable	\$ 4,012,533	\$ 1,685,727	\$ 1,477,622	\$ 7,175,882
Accrued payroll	5,957,332	ψ 1,003,727 -	648,903	6,606,235
Due to other funds	-	745,935	204,418	950,353
Due to other governments	143,167		201,110	143,167
Contracts payable	-	528,164	_	528,164
Unearned grants revenue	3,433	320,101	643,044	646,477
Official fed grants revenue			0.0,0	0.0,.,,
Total liabilities	10,116,465	2,959,826	2,973,987	16,050,278
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
Unavailable revenue - property taxes	131,208,653	_	_	131,208,653
Unavailable revenue - other local taxes	2,217,200	_	558,333	2,775,533
Unavailable revenue - shared tax revenue	8,209,201	_	377,540	8,586,741
Unavailable revenue - CDBG loans	-	_	13,762,868	13,762,868
Unavailable revenue - other	483,281	_	-	483,281
Total deferred inflows of resources	142,118,335	_	14,698,741	156,817,076
FUND BALANCES				
Nonspendable	1,521,502	388,946	4,425,547	6,335,995
Restricted	5,924,050	61,184,196	12,599,118	79,707,364
Committed	645,036	-	6,413,573	7,058,609
Assigned	8,830,766	-	1,315,448	10,146,214
Unassigned	65,922,139			65,922,139
Total fund balances	82,843,493	61,573,142	24,753,686	169,170,321
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and fund balances	\$ 235,078,293	\$ 64,532,968	\$ 42,426,414	\$ 342,037,675

### RECONCILIATION OF THE BALANCE SHEET OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

### June 30, 2016

Differences in amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position of Fund balances - total governmental funds	n page A-1:	\$ 169,170,321
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different	because:	
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and are not reported in the funds.		1,469,911,230
Certain revenues will be collected after year-end but are not available soon enough to pay for the current period's expenditures and are deferred in the funds.		25,400,926
The equity interest in the joint venture represents an interest in the capital assets of the joint venture. This interest is not a financial resource and is not reported in the funds.		7,489,062
The internal service fund is used by management to charge the costs of fleet management and risk management activities to individual funds. The assets and liabilities of the		
internal service fund are included in governmental activities in the statement of net po	sition.	41,498,438
Contributions to pension plans made after the measurement date are recorded as exper in governmental fund but must be deferred in the statement of net position in addition certain other items:		
Contribution to pension plans \$	18,372,835	
Deferred experience loss pension plans	7,871,362	
Investment loss - pension plans	15,690,923	62.506.240
Assumption change loss - pension plans	20,571,120	62,506,240
The City's other post-employment benefit plan has not been fully funded. This OPEB is considered a long term obligation and is not reported in the funds.	obligation	(23,544,606)
The City's pollution remediation obligation is considered a long-term obligation.		(1,315,071)
Net pension liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and are not report the funds:	ed in	
General pension	(30,277,086)	
Fire and police pension	(163,621,947)	(193,899,033)
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and are not reported in the funds. Interest on long-term debt is not accrued in governmental funds but rath is recognized as an expenditure when due. All liabilities, both due in one year and du	er	
in more than one year, are reported in the statement of net position. This item consists		
General obligation serial bonds	(189,224,880)	
Add net deferred refunding, issue premiums and discounts	(10,155,034)	
Notes payable	(22,937,045)	
Capital leases  Capital lease payable to CDRC - reported as internal balance	(113,267) (86,639,268)	
Compensated absences	(21,954,905)	
Accrued interest payable	(2,346,727)	(333,371,126)
Certain amounts related to the net pension liability are deferred and amortized over tin	ne. These are	
not reported in the funds:	(16.257.900)	
Investment gain- pension plans  Experience gain-pension plans	(16,257,890) (213,388)	
Assumption change gain - pension plans	(2,998,274)	(19,469,552)
_		
Net position of governmental activities	_	\$ 1,204,376,829

### STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

### Year Ended June 30, 2016

	General	Capital Projects	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
REVENUES				
Taxes	\$ 149,130,912	\$ -	\$ 6,668,896	\$ 155,799,808
Licenses and permits	6,843,906	-	508,562	7,352,468
Intergovernmental	83,396,137	1,561,889	24,625,797	109,583,823
Charges for services	4,067,721	=	424,034	4,491,755
Fines, forfeitures and penalties	2,544,953	-	54,632	2,599,585
Investment income	1,891,715	150,130	(69,674)	1,972,171
Contributions and donations	736,984	804,894	67,288	1,609,166
Sale of property	745,075	-	26,304	771,379
Miscellaneous	5,361,993	712	517,507	5,880,212
Total revenues	254,719,396	2,517,625	32,823,346	290,060,367
EXPENDITURES				
Current:				
General government	52,183,848	-	5,676,874	57,860,722
Finance and administration	5,244,946	-	-	5,244,946
Economic and community development	6,781,362	-	1,851,992	8,633,354
Public safety	95,998,982	-	261,566	96,260,548
Public works and transportation	34,316,845	-	3,517,759	37,834,604
Youth and family development	9,836,909	-	15,936,011	25,772,920
Capital outlay/capital assets	-	35,147,388	-	35,147,388
Debt service:				
Principal retirement	-	-	17,164,347	17,164,347
Interest and fiscal charges			7,426,116	7,426,116
Total expenditures	204,362,892	35,147,388	51,834,665	291,344,945
Excess (deficiency) of revenues				
over (under) expenditures	50,356,504	(32,629,763)	(19,011,319)	(1,284,578)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Transfers in	48,000	17,753,398	26,653,294	44,454,692
Transfers out	(36,997,175)	(62,500)	(7,344,065)	(44,403,740)
General obligation bonds issued	-	47,200,000	-	47,200,000
Premium on bonds issued	-	7,684,371	=	7,684,371
Payments to refunded bonds escrow agent		(21,414,829)		(21,414,829)
Total other financing sources (uses)	(36,949,175)	51,160,440	19,309,229	33,520,494
Net change in fund balances	13,407,329	18,530,677	297,910	32,235,916
FUND BALANCES, beginning	69,436,164	43,042,465	24,455,776	136,934,405
FUND BALANCES, ending	\$ 82,843,493	\$ 61,573,142	\$ 24,753,686	\$ 169,170,321

## RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

### Year Ended June 30, 2016

Differences in amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities on pages A-2 and A-3:

n pages A-2 and A-3.	
Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds	\$ 32,235,916
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:	
Capital outlay expenditures in governmental funds, that meet the capitalization threshold, are shown as capital assets in the statement of net position.	21,615,854
Depreciation expense for governmental capital assets are included in the governmental activities.	(34,954,716)
Contributions of capital assets are not reflected in the governmental funds but are reported in the statement of activities. This item consists primarily of streets contributed by developers.	27,167,616
The net effect of various transactions involving capital assets is to decrease net position.	(1,798,169)
The loss of equity interest in joint venture is reported in the statement of activities. This loss does not use current financial resources and is not reflected in the governmental funds.	(18,524)
Bond proceeds and notes issued provide financial resources to governmental funds while repayment of principal consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Also, governmental funds report the effect of premiums, discounts and deferred amounts on refundings when debt is first issued; these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities. The net effect of these differences in the treatment of long-term debt is as follows:  Principal paid Payment of capital lease Bonds issued Fremiums on bonds issued Fremiums on bonds issued Fescrow payment Amortization  Change in exemped interest payable  (234,550	)) )) )
Change in accrued interest payable (234,590	_
Net loss of the internal service fund are reported with governmental activities.  Certain items reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and are not reported as expenditures in the governmental funds. This item consists of:  Change in personal leave liability  Change in pension expense  Change in pollution remediation liability  Change in OPEB liability  (81,722)  Change in OPEB liability	3) 2)
Governmental revenues that provide current financial resources are reported in the governmental funds, while revenues that will not be collected for several months after the fiscal year end are deferred. The statement of activities includes certain revenues that do not provide current financial resources. This item consists of:	
Change in deferred revenue to earned revenue 1,286,543	1,286,543
Change in net position of governmental activities	\$ 30,575,323

# STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL GENERAL FUND

### Year Ended June 30, 2016

	Budget A	Amounts	Actual	Variance with Final Budget -
	Original	Final	Amounts	Over (Under)
REVENUES				
Taxes	\$ 145,056,600	\$ 145,056,600	\$ 149,130,912	\$ 4,074,312
Licenses and permits	5,347,393	5,347,393	6,843,906	1,496,513
Intergovernmental	78,175,629	78,175,629	83,396,137	5,220,508
Charges for services	4,930,302	4,930,302	4,067,721	(862,581)
Fines, forfeitures and penalties	896,815	896,815	2,544,953	1,648,138
Investment income	448,797	448,797	1,891,715	1,442,918
Miscellaneous	5,101,437	5,101,437	6,844,052	1,742,615
Total revenues	239,956,973	239,956,973	254,719,396	14,762,423
EXPENDITURES				
General government	44,531,142	44,531,142	42,486,803	(2,044,339)
Executive	1,964,184	1,964,184	1,793,598	(170,586)
Finance and administration	6,356,942	6,356,942	5,244,946	(1,111,996)
General services	7,111,121	7,111,121	6,139,928	(971,193)
Human resources	1,858,919	1,858,919	1,763,519	(95,400)
Economic and community development	7,992,734	7,992,734	6,781,362	(1,211,372)
Police	61,185,701	61,185,701	58,849,201	(2,336,500)
Fire	37,758,390	37,758,390	37,149,781	(608,609)
Public works	27,769,833	27,769,833	26,805,025	(964,808)
Transportation	7,674,366	7,674,366	7,511,820	(162,546)
Youth and family development	10,109,003	10,109,003	9,836,909	(272,094)
Total expenditures	214,312,335	214,312,335	204,362,892	(9,949,443)
Excess of revenues over expenditures	25,644,638	25,644,638	50,356,504	24,711,866
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Transfers in	48,000	48,000	48,000	-
Transfers out	(37,088,905)	(37,088,905)	(36,997,175)	91,730
Total other financing sources (uses)	(37,040,905)	(37,040,905)	(36,949,175)	91,730
Net change in fund balances	(11,396,267)	(11,396,267)	13,407,329	24,803,596
FUND BALANCES, beginning	69,436,164	69,436,164	69,436,164	
FUND BALANCES, ending	\$ 58,039,897	\$ 58,039,897	\$ 82,843,493	\$ 24,803,596

### STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS

June 30, 2016

	Business-type Activities - Enterprise Funds						Governmental	
			Major	Funds		Activities -		
		Interceptor		Water Quality	Regional	Downtown		Internal
	EPB	Sewer System	Solid Waste	Management	Communications	Redevelopment	Total	Service Fund
ASSETS								
Current Assets:								
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 101,573,000	\$ 56,144,548	\$ 10,723,055	\$ 30,925,692	\$ 1,366,325	\$ 6,920,439	\$ 207,653,059	\$ 32,832,161
Investments	-	30,898,432	-	-	-	-	30,898,432	-
Receivables:								
Customer service	64,682,000	16,023,582	42,523	3,165,604	-	-	83,913,709	1,024,486
Other	-	165,385	212	500	-	1,686,051	1,852,148	-
Less allowance for doubtful accounts	(1,256,000)	(5,365,050)	(100)	(1,760,392)	-	(43,974)	(8,425,516)	-
Inventories	13,293,000	1,492,507	-	-	-	100,545	14,886,052	1,990,894
Due from other funds	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	716,105
Due from other governments	-	7,627,231	-	1,043,617	-	-	8,670,848	56,665
Prepaid items	9,128,000				1,000	203,362	9,332,362	
Total current assets	187,420,000	106,986,635	10,765,690	33,375,021	1,367,325	8,866,423	348,781,094	36,620,311
Noncurrent Assets:								
Restricted Assets:								
Cash and cash equivalents	-	1,650,000	1,306,035	10,114,882	-	-	13,070,917	-
Investments	5,000,000	-	750,000	1,503,000	-	10,025,042	17,278,042	-
Investment in capital lease	-	-	-	-	-	86,639,268	86,639,268	-
Other	-	5,593	1,071	30,092	-	-	36,756	-
Total restricted assets	5,000,000	1,655,593	2,057,106	11,647,974		96,664,310	117,024,983	
Capital Assets:								
Land	6,476,000	10,585,211	1,517,514	2,170,099	_	_	20.748.824	_
Construction in progress	9,798,000	75,207,334	334,533	6,131,010	_	_	91,470,877	7,500
Buildings	71,836,000	59,481,771	1,955,387	10,601,459	_	766,146	144,640,763	5,328,860
Equipment	112,017,000	38,148,912	4,521,940	2,221,768	24,850	5,565,762	162,500,232	3,493,967
Vehicles	, , , , <sub>=</sub>	2,918,675	1,216,676	2,132,965	-	23,465	6,291,781	31,278,033
Infrastructure	773,178,000	430,834,063	9,520,509	41,071,310	-	-	1,254,603,882	
	973,305,000	617,175,966	19,066,559	64,328,611	24,850	6,355,373	1,680,256,359	40,108,360
Less accumulated depreciation	(345,792,000)	(293,747,210)	(9,115,033)	(18,819,298)	(621)	(3,094,887)	(670,569,049)	(23,191,249)
Net capital assets	627,513,000	323,428,756	9,951,526	45,509,313	24,229	3,260,486	1,009,687,310	16,917,111
Total assets	819,933,000	432,070,984	22,774,322	90,532,308	1,391,554	108,791,219	1,475,493,387	53,537,422
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES								
Deferred refunding	14,586,000	194,621	242,313	79,029	_	2,164,620	17,266,583	_
Deferred contribution pension	8,130,000	711,982	95,340	596,270	_	-,10.,520	9,533,592	_
Investment loss pension	-	765,758	102,542	641,306	-	-	1,509,606	-
Total deferred outflows of resources	22,716,000	1,672,361	440,195	1,316,605		2,164,620	28,309,781	

(Continued on next page)

### STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS

June 30, 2016

June 30, 2010	Business-type Activities - Enterprise Funds						Governmental	
	Major Funds						Activities -	
		Interceptor		Water Quality	Regional	Downtown		Internal
	EPB	Sewer System	Solid Waste	Management	Communications	Redevelopment	Total	Service Fund
(Continued from previous page)								
LIABILITIES								
Current liabilities:								
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities:								
Accounts payable	\$ 133,007,000	\$ 12,876,327	\$ 378,974	\$ 451,399	\$ 10,227	\$ 2,236,642	\$ 148,960,569	\$ 11,438,202
Accrued payroll	-	397,836	45,159	307,750	27,713	-	778,458	126,867
Other accrued liabilities	-	182,642	130,123	222,095	-	1,386,648	1,921,508	-
Due to other governments	-	-	-	-	-	154,711	154,711	-
Current maturities of long-term liabilities:								
Bonds payable	9,560,000	3,605,190	1,789,869	1,891,277	-	4,890,000	21,736,336	-
Notes payable	-	8,472,540	76,548	-	-	-	8,549,088	-
Compensated absences	200,000	65,441	10,356	57,004	5,254	-	338,055	31,807
Landfill postclosure costs	-	-	193,638	-	-	-	193,638	-
Contracts payable		1,392,006		63,650			1,455,656	
Total current liabilities	142,767,000	26,991,982	2,624,667	2,993,175	43,194	8,668,001	184,088,019	11,596,876
Long-term liabilities:								
Bonds payable	297,777,000	6,496,611	9,262,522	16,705,279	-	102,761,642	433,003,054	-
Notes payable	-	83,657,871	297,422	-	-	-	83,955,293	-
Compensated absences	561,000	909,616	143,944	792,348	73,035	-	2,479,943	442,108
OPEB liability	8,921,000	, -	-	· -	-	-	8,921,000	· -
Pension liability	7,768,000	3,376,049	452,082	2,827,370	-	-	14,423,501	-
Landfill postclosure costs	-	-	5,579,161	-	-	-	5,579,161	-
Customer deposits	20,117,000	-	-	-	-	-	20,117,000	-
Other noncurrent liabilities	29,487,000	-	-	-	-	-	29,487,000	-
Total long-term liabilities	364,631,000	94,440,147	15,735,131	20,324,997	73,035	102,761,642	597,965,952	442,108
Total liabilities	507,398,000	121,432,129	18,359,798	23,318,172	116,229	111,429,643	782,053,971	12,038,984
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES								
Investment gains pension	1,013,000	642,661	86,058	538,215	_	_	2,279,934	_
Assumption change pension	-,,	334,323	44,769	279,988	_	_	659,080	_
Experience gains pension	_	23,794	3,186	19,927	_	_	46,907	_
Total deferred inflows of resources	1,013,000	1,000,778	134,013	838,130			2,985,921	-
NET POSITION	224.762.000	221 201 162	4 471 504	26.024.702	24.220	2.260.406	500 044 104	16 017 111
Net investment in capital assets	334,762,000	221,391,163	4,471,524	26,934,782	24,229	3,260,486	590,844,184	16,917,111
Restricted for renewal and replacement	-	34,305,427	2,222,255	1,965,541	997,313	0.749.000	39,490,536	-
Restricted for debt service	(524,000)	- 55 612 949	(1.072.072)	29 702 299	252 792	9,748,000	9,748,000	24 591 227
Unrestricted	(524,000)	55,613,848	(1,973,073)	38,792,288	253,783	(13,482,290)	78,680,556	24,581,327
Total net position	\$ 334,238,000	\$ 311,310,438	\$ 4,720,706	\$ 67,692,611	\$ 1,275,325	\$ (473,804)	\$ 718,763,276	\$ 41,498,438

The Notes to Basic Financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

### STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS

### Year Ended June 30, 2016

	Business-type Activities - Enterprise Funds						Governmental	
			Major	Funds				Activities -
		Interceptor		Water Quality	Regional	Downtown		Internal
	EPB	Sewer System	Solid Waste	Management	Communications	Redevelopment	Total	Service Fund
OPERATING REVENUES	'-							
Charges for services:								
Electric	\$ 539,908,000	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 539,908,000	\$ -
Fiber optic	122,695,000	-	-	-	-	-	122,695,000	-
Sewer	-	69,451,000	-	-	-	-	69,451,000	-
Waste disposal	-	-	6,650,526	-	-	-	6,650,526	-
Water quality	-	-	-	19,490,196	-	-	19,490,196	-
Lease rental revenue	-	-	-	-	-	4,034,129	4,034,129	-
Conference center	-	-	-	-	-	13,853,511	13,853,511	-
Parking garage	-	-	-	-	-	995,234	995,234	-
Regional Communications Services	-	-	-	-	1,030,955	-	1,030,955	-
Other services	21,253,000	1,305,836	171,956	-	275,830	-	23,006,622	56,745,910
Other	-	144	12,030	1,577	-	-	13,751	2,201,620
Total operating revenues	683,856,000	70,756,980	6,834,512	19,491,773	1,306,785	18,882,874	801,128,924	58,947,530
OPERATING EXPENSES								
Power purchases	424,355,000						424,355,000	
Other electic operations	63,337,000	-	-	-	-	-	63,337,000	-
Fiber optic operations	78,530,000	-	-	-	-	-	78,530,000	-
Sewer plant operations	78,330,000	32,883,934	-	-	-	-	32,883,934	-
	-	32,003,934	3,059,122	-	-	-	3,059,122	-
Waste disposal operations	-	-		-	-	-		-
Closure/postclosure costs	-	-	203,216	11.074.044	-	-	203,216	-
Water quality operations	-	-	-	11,854,844	-	-	11,854,844	-
Conference center operations	-	-	-	-	-	11,333,748	11,333,748	-
Parking garage operations	-	-	-	-	-	284,156	284,156	-
Regional Communication Services	-	-	-	-	930,444	-	930,444	-
Fleet operations	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	13,495,516
Liability insurance	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	358,464
Health services	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	41,989,187
Technology replacement	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	137,993
Depreciation	54,876,000	11,697,448	517,286	1,367,392	621	588,364	69,047,111	3,814,245
Other	12,580,000				<u> </u>	37,954	12,617,954	
Total operating expenses	633,678,000	44,581,382	3,779,624	13,222,236	931,065	12,244,222	708,436,529	59,795,405
OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)	50,178,000	26,175,598	3,054,888	6,269,537	375,720	6,638,652	92,692,395	(847,875)

(Continued on next page)

### STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS

### Year Ended June 30, 2016

	Business-type Activities - Enterprise Funds						Governmental	
			Major	Funds				Activities -
		Interceptor		Water Quality	Regional	Downtown		Internal
	EPB	Sewer System	Solid Waste	Management	Communications	Redevelopment	Total	Service Fund
(Continued from previous page)								
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)								
Investment income	272,000	722,494	127,241	49,106	-	644,776	1,815,617	-
Interest expense	(11,735,000)	(1,648,592)	(366,362)	(450,210)	-	(4,515,084)	(18,715,248)	-
Tax equivalent	(6,837,000)	-	-	-	-	-	(6,837,000)	-
Other income	204,000	13,352	147,369	34,515	-	-	399,236	410,412
Other expense	(865,000)	-	-	(16,360)	-	-	(881,360)	-
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	(18,961,000)	(912,746)	(91,752)	(382,949)	-	(3,870,308)	(24,218,755)	410,412
INCOME (LOSS) BEFORE CONTRIBUTIONS								
AND TRANSFERS	31,217,000	25,262,852	2,963,136	5,886,588	375,720	2,768,344	68,473,640	(437,463)
Capital contributions	865,000	-	20,000	100,000	-	-	985,000	_
Transfers in	-	-	-	28,203	899,605	-	927,808	-
Transfers out			(978,760)				(978,760)	
CHANGE IN NET POSITION	32,082,000	25,262,852	2,004,376	6,014,791	1,275,325	2,768,344	69,407,688	(437,463)
NET POSITION, beginning	302,156,000	286,047,586	2,716,330	61,677,820		(3,242,148)	649,355,588	41,935,901
NET POSITION, ending	\$ 334,238,000	\$ 311,310,438	\$ 4,720,706	\$ 67,692,611	\$ 1,275,325	\$ (473,804)	\$ 718,763,276	\$ 41,498,438

### STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS

Year Ended June 30, 2016

(Continued on next page)

	Business-type Activities - Enterprise Funds  Major Funds						Governmental		
								Activities -	
	EDD	Interceptor	Water Quality		Regional	Downtown	TD 4.1	Internal Service	
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING	EPB	Sewer System	Solid Waste	Management	Communications	Development	Total	Fund	
ACTIVITIES									
Receipts from customers and users	\$ 688,015,000	\$ 70,391,269	\$ 6,709,034	\$ 19,595,458	\$ 1,306,785	\$ 18,443,944	\$ 804,461,490	\$ 59,511,341	
Receipts from operating grants	-	-	196,604	-	-	-	196,604	-	
Payments to suppliers	(519,867,000)	(28,987,511)	(1,887,846)	(4,486,192)	(430,742)	(11,096,767)	(566,756,058)	(50,233,080)	
Payments to employees	(42,944,000)	(8,677,146)	(1,010,812)	(7,758,921)	(384,473)	-	(60,775,352)	(3,491,692)	
Payments in lieu of taxes	(19,470,000)	-	-	-	-	-	(19,470,000)	-	
Net cash from operating activities	105,734,000	32,726,612	4,006,980	7,350,345	491,570	7,347,177	157,656,684	5,786,569	
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL									
FINANCING ACTIVITIES									
Transfers in	-	-	-	28,203	899,605	-	927,808	-	
Transfers out	-	-	(978,760)	-	-	-	(978,760)	-	
Net cash flows from noncapital financing activities			(978,760)	28,203	899,605		(50,952)		
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND									
RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES									
Principal paid on capital debt	22,047,000	(6,397,702)	(1,791,023)	(1,303,267)	-	(4,675,000)	7,880,008	-	
Payments made to escrow agent	262,716,000	-	-	-	-	-	262,716,000	-	
Interest paid on capital debt	(7,391,000)	(2,011,505)	(426,773)	(467,134)	-	(4,871,819)	(15,168,231)	-	
Line of credit	(17,495,000)	-	-		-	-	(17,495,000)	-	
Proceeds from capital debt	(268,243,000)	33,814,889	-	8,100,000	-	3,797,018	(222,531,093)	-	
Capital grants and contributions	865,000	-	20,000	100,000	-	-	985,000	-	
Additions to capital assets	(70,850,000)	(40,391,492)	(827,736)	(2,909,890)	(24,850)	(874,691)	(115,878,659)	(6,362,889)	
Proceeds from sale of capital assets	=	-	-	34,515	-	-	34,515	46,609	
Premium on debt				1,452,502			1,452,502		
Net cash flows from capital and	(50.251.000)	(14005010)	(2.025.522)	5.004.534	(24.050)	(6.624.402)	(00.004.050)	(6.01.6.000)	
related financing activities	(78,351,000)	(14,985,810)	(3,025,532)	5,006,726	(24,850)	(6,624,492)	(98,004,958)	(6,316,280)	
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES									
Purchase of investments	(5,000,000)	(57,505,779)	(10,419,797)	(3,957,899)	-	(58,524,241)	(135,407,716)	-	
Proceeds from sales and maturities									
of investments	-	69,109,682	18,669,797	2,454,899	-	58,167,483	148,401,861	-	
Interest	272,000	717,493	145,663	75,159		644,776	1,855,091		
Net cash flows from investing activities	(4,728,000)	12,321,396	8,395,663	(1,427,841)		288,018	14,849,236		
Net increase (decrease) in cash and									
cash equivalents	22,655,000	30,062,198	8,398,351	10,957,433	1,366,325	1,010,703	74,450,010	(529,711)	
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year	78,918,000	27,732,350	3,630,739	30,083,141		5,909,736	146,273,966	33,361,872	
Cash and cash equivalents, end of year	\$ 101,573,000	\$ 57,794,548	\$ 12,029,090	\$ 41,040,574	\$ 1,366,325	\$ 6,920,439	\$ 220,723,976	\$ 32,832,161	

### STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS

Year Ended June 30, 2016

	Business-type Activities - Enterprise Funds					Governmental			
			Majo	or Funds	•			Activities -	
		Interceptor	ž.	Water Quality	Regional	Downtown	•	Internal Service	
	EPB	Sewer System	Solid Waste	Management	Communications	Development	Total	Fund	
(Continued from previous page)									
CLASSIFIED AS:									
Current assets	\$ 101,573,000	\$ 56,144,548	\$ 10,723,055	\$ 30,925,692	\$ 1,366,325	\$ 6,920,439	\$ 207,653,059	\$ 32,832,161	
Restricted assets		1,650,000	1,306,035	10,114,882			13,070,917		
	\$ 101,573,000	\$ 57,794,548	\$ 12,029,090	\$ 41,040,574	\$ 1,366,325	\$ 6,920,439	\$ 220,723,976	\$ 32,832,161	
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) TO NET CASH PROVIDED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES									
OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)	\$ 50,178,000	\$ 26,175,598	\$ 3,054,888	\$ 6,269,537	\$ 375,720	\$ 6,638,652	\$ 92,692,395	\$ (847,875)	
ADJUSTMENTS NOT AFFECTING CASH									
Depreciation and amortization	54,876,000	11,697,448	517,286	1,367,392	621	588,365	69,047,112	3,814,244	
Amortization	1,128,000	-	-	-	-	-	1,128,000	-	
Loss on donation of assets	-	-	9,750	-	-		9,750	-	
Loss/disposal of capital assets	-	-	-	-	-	4,211	4,211	-	
Miscellaneous nonoperating expenses	204,000	-	-	-	-	-	204,000	410,411	
Tax equivalents transferred to City	(6,837,000)	-	-	-	-	-	(6,837,000)	-	
Provision for uncollectible accounts	-	3,364,010	-	50,315	-	2,086	3,416,411	-	
(Increase) decrease in:									
Accounts receivable	1,220,000	(3,743,073)	46,478	(313,181)	-	(441,017)	(3,230,793)	559,692	
Due from other governments	4,819,000	-	24,648	260,904	-	-	5,104,552	-	
Inventory	(227,000)	(415,792)	-	-	-	(401)	(643,193)	(113,205)	
Prepaid Items	(831,000)	-	-	-	-	-	(831,000)	-	
Increase (decrease) in:									
Accounts payable	(420,000)	(4,262,841)	148,301	(109,861)	10,227	187,023	(4,447,151)	6,309,865	
Accrued claims	-	-	-	-	-	247,553	247,553	-	
Accrued liabilities	-	93,737	8,267	37,959	27,713	-	167,676	-	
Claims liabilities	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(4,392,322)	
Other assets/liabilities	2,409,000	(279,717)	164,508	(318,367)	(1,000)	120,705	2,095,129	-	
Net pension liability	(812,000)	-	-	-	-	-	(812,000)	-	
OPEB	27,000	-	-	-	-	-	27,000	-	
Compensated absences		97,242	32,854	105,647	78,289		314,032	45,759	
Total adjustments	55,556,000	6,551,014	952,092	1,080,808	115,850	708,525	64,964,289	6,634,444	
Net cash from operating activities	\$ 105,734,000	\$ 32,726,612	\$ 4,006,980	\$ 7,350,345	\$ 491,570	\$ 7,347,177	\$ 157,656,684	\$ 5,786,569	

### STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS

June 30, 2016

		Other	
	Pos	stemployment	
	В	enefits Trust	Pension Trust
		Fund	Fund
ASSETS			
Investments:			
Corporate bonds and notes	\$	6,590,329	\$ 17,911,101
Preferred securities		-	2,925,848
Corporate stocks		-	83,865,555
Foreign equity		-	5,397,127
Mutual funds - preferred securities		-	2,921,858
Mutual funds - equity		15,422,377	70,994,558
Mutual funds - fixed income		9,617,953	60,569,790
Real estate		1,611,913	35,314,271
Hedge funds		2,930,139	105,468,056
Other investments		-	81,877,241
Temporary investments		2,597,974	5,407,513
Receivables:			
Accrued income		11,054	224,636
Due from plan custodian		3,589,021	
Total assets		42,370,760	472,877,554
LIABILITIES			
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities:			
Accrued payable		-	219,216
Due to plan custodian		813,100	
Total liabilities		813,100	219,216
NET POSITION			
Held in trust for other postemployment			
benefits and net position restricted			
for pensions	\$	41,557,660	\$ 472,658,338

### STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS

### Year Ended June 30, 2016

		Other			
	Pos	stemployment			
	В	enefits Trust	Pension Trust		
		Fund	Fund		
ADDITIONS					
Contributions:					
Employer	\$	12,917,243	\$ 20,064,630		
Plan member		2,739,171	5,028,000		
Other			326,393		
Total contributions		15,656,414	25,419,023		
Investment income:					
Net appreciation (depreciation) in fair					
market value of investments		(2,853,757)	(9,149,016)		
Interest		-	348,586		
Dividends		456,240	4,516,837		
		(2,397,517)	(4,283,593)		
Less investment income (loss)		(71,861)	(963,069)		
Net investment income (loss)		(2,469,378)	(5,246,662)		
Total additions		13,187,036	20,172,361		
DEDUCTIONS					
Benefits paid to participants		11,657,113	48,481,461		
Administrative expenses		41,906	1,430,808		
Total deductions		11,699,019	49,912,269		
CHANGE IN NET POSITION		1,488,017	(29,739,908)		
NET POSITION - beginning		40,069,643	502,398,246		
NET POSITION - ending	\$	41,557,660	\$ 472,658,338		

### COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET POSITION COMPONENT UNITS

June 30, 2016

June 30, 2010	M	hattanooga letropolitan Airport Authority		CARTA	Total
ASSETS					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	9,379,803	\$	2,150,755	\$ 11,530,558
Accounts receivable		5,526,271		3,375,869	8,902,140
Inventories		115,578		641,593	757,171
Prepaid items		912,537		641,259	1,553,796
Other postemployment benefit assets		-		60,935	60,935
Restricted assets:					
Cash and cash equivalents		2,888,701		-	2,888,701
Receivables		281,068		-	281,068
Land and other nondepreciable assets		8,389,410		4,030,577	12,419,987
Other capital assets, net of accumulated					
depreciation		108,095,896		20,027,233	 128,123,129
Total assets		135,589,264		30,928,221	 166,517,485
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES					
Deferred pension outflows		498,961		2,633,936	3,132,897
Total deferred outflows of resources		498,961		2,633,936	3,132,897
LIABILITIES					
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities		1,582,360		5,319,268	6,901,628
Contracts payable		722,112		-	722,112
Due to primary government		, -		646,535	646,535
Net pension obligation		1,366,588		12,970,112	14,336,700
Net OPEB obligation		146,811		-	146,811
Capital lease obligations		8,608		-	8,608
Revenue bonds payable		10,688,651		=	10,688,651
Total liabilities		14,515,130		18,935,915	33,451,045
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES					
Deferred revenue		77,883		_	77,883
Deferred pension inflows		144,962		_	144,962
Total deferred inflows of resources		222,845	-		 222,845
Total deferred finite we of resources	-	222,013	-		 222,013
NET POSITION					
Net investment in capital assets		105,788,047		23,811,275	129,599,322
Restricted for debt service and construction		2,447,657		-	2,447,657
Unrestricted		13,114,546		(9,185,033)	3,929,513
Total net position	\$	121,350,250	\$	14,626,242	\$ 135,976,492

### COMBINING STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES COMPONENT UNITS

Year Ended June 30, 2016

		I	Program Revenue	s		Revenue (Expense langes in Net Posi	
	Expenses	Charges for Services	Operating Grants and Contributions	Capital Grants and Contributions	Chattanooga Metropolitan Airport Authority	CARTA	Total
CHATTANOOGA METROPOLITAN AIRPORT AUTHORITY Airport operations	\$ 19,029,450	\$ 18,426,061	\$ -	\$ 7,407,034	\$ 6,803,645	\$ -	\$ 6,803,645
CARTA CARTA operations	24,161,012	9,732,150	7,773,956	4,685,637		(1,969,269)	(1,969,269)
Total component units	\$ 43,190,462	\$ 28,158,211	\$ 7,773,956	\$ 12,092,671	6,803,645	(1,969,269)	4,834,376
		General revenue Investment inc Miscellaneous	come		11,617 2,351,145	5,034 23,907	16,651 2,375,052
		Total general re	venues		2,362,762	28,941	2,391,703
		CHANGE IN N	ET POSITION		9,166,407	(1,940,328)	7,226,079
		Net position, be Net position, en	0		112,183,843 \$ 121,350,250	16,566,570 \$ 14,626,242	128,750,413 \$ 135,976,492



### NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### June 30, 2016

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### NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2016

#### NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

### **Description of Government-wide Financial Statements**

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the non-fiduciary activities of the primary government and its component units. *Governmental activities*, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from *business-type activities* which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support. Likewise, the *primary government* is reported separately from certain legally separate *component units* for which the primary government is financially accountable.

### **Reporting Entity**

The City of Chattanooga, Tennessee (the City) was incorporated under the Private Acts of 1869. The Mayor, who is elected at-large, has all executive and administrative authority. The City Council has all legislative authority and is composed of nine members, with each member elected from one of nine districts within the geographic boundaries of the City. The Mayor is not a member of the City Council.

The accompanying financial statements present the City and its component units, entities for which the City is financially accountable. The primary government includes EPB and the Chattanooga Downtown Redevelopment Corporation (CDRC) as enterprise funds. EPB, a separately administered organization, is not legally separate since the City affirms all board member appointments and approves all disbursements of EPB funds. The CDRC is a blended component unit which, in substance, is part of the primary government's operations, even though it is a legally separate entity. Discretely-presented component units are reported in a separate column from the primary government in the government-wide financial statements to emphasize they are legally separate from the City.

The City reports the following blended component unit:

Chattanooga Downtown Redevelopment Corporation (CDRC) – CDRC facilitates redevelopment projects in downtown Chattanooga. The Mayor, City Council Chairperson, and Chief Finance Officer are permanent members of the board; the Mayor, subject to the approval of the City Council, appoints the remaining board members. CDRC's governing body is substantially the same as the governing body of the primary government and there is a financial benefit or burden relationship between the primary government and CDRC. CDRC has the authority to issue its own debt, but the City has agreed to finance any operating deficit of CDRC. CDRC is reported as an enterprise fund and does not issue separate financial statements.

The City reports the following discretely-presented component units:

Chattanooga Metropolitan Airport Authority (Airport Authority) – The Airport Authority was established under Tennessee Code Annotated Section 42-4-101 for the management, operation and maintenance of Lovell Field. The City appoints all board members and is secondarily responsible for retirement of a portion of the revenue bonds recorded as a liability of the Airport Authority. Separately issued financial statements can be obtained from:

Chattanooga Metropolitan Airport Authority 1001 Airport Road, Suite 14 Chattanooga, TN 37421

Chattanooga Area Regional Transit Authority (CARTA) – CARTA was established under Tennessee Code Annotated (TCA) 7-56; CARTA is responsible for the public transportation system. The City Council appoints ten members of the twelve-member board. CARTA has the authority to issue its own debt; the City finances the majority of CARTA's operating deficits. Separately issued financial statements can be obtained from:

CARTA 1617 Wilcox Boulevard Chattanooga, TN 37406

**Chattanooga Land Bank Authority** – This entity was established by the City of Chattanooga on February 27, 2015, under Tennessee Code Annotated 13-30, as amended. This entity is currently in the start-up phase and will potentially be reported as a component unit once operations commence. To date there have been no financial transactions.

### **Basis of Presentation**

#### **Government-wide Financial Statements**

While separate government-wide and fund financial statements are presented, they are interrelated. The governmental activities column incorporates data from governmental funds and internal service funds, while business-type activities incorporate data from the enterprise funds. Fiduciary funds are excluded from the government-wide financial statements.

As discussed earlier, the City has two discretely-presented component units. Neither the Chattanooga Metropolitan Airport Authority nor the Chattanooga Area Regional Transit Authority is considered to be a major component unit; they are combined into a single column in the government-wide financial statements.

Transfers within governmental activities and business-type activities are eliminated upon consolidation. Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and the business-type activities, including a capital lease, are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances." Transactions between the primary government and its discretely-presented component units are reported as external transactions, that is as revenues and expenses.

#### **Fund Financial Statements**

The fund financial statements provide information about City funds, including fiduciary funds and the blended component unit. Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds. Because the emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental and enterprise funds, each major fund is displayed in a separate column. Remaining funds are aggregated and reported as nonmajor funds.

The City reports the following major governmental funds:

**General Fund** - The General Fund is the City's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government except those accounted for in another fund. Revenues are derived primarily from taxes and intergovernmental revenues.

**Capital Projects** - The Capital Projects Fund accounts for the acquisition or construction of capital projects, other than those financed by proprietary funds. Revenues are derived primarily from the sale of general obligation bonds and notes, loans, intergovernmental revenues, and earnings on investments.

The City reports the following major enterprise funds:

**EPB** - The EPB Fund accounts for the cost of providing electric and fiber optic service for residential and commercial customers of Chattanooga and Hamilton County, Tennessee.

**Interceptor Sewer System** - The Interceptor Sewer System Fund accounts for sanitary sewer services provided to the residents of the City and to portions of northwest Georgia.

**Solid Waste** - The Solid Waste Fund accounts for the costs associated with the disposal of solid waste and recyclable materials.

**Water Quality Management** - The Water Quality Management Fund accounts for costs associated with the City's water quality management program as mandated by the Environmental Protection Agency and the State of Tennessee.

**Tennessee Valley Regional Communications System (Regional Communications)** - The Tennessee Valley Regional Communications System Fund accounts for a regional communication system that services a multi-county/multi-state region.

**Chattanooga Downtown Redevelopment Corporation** – The Chattanooga Downtown Redevelopment Corporation Fund accounts for the operations of The Chattanoogan Hotel, the Southside Parking Garage, and other activities including redevelopment financing. The CDRC is a blended component unit of the City.

Additionally, the City reports the following fund types:

**Special Revenue** - Special Revenue Funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources (other than major capital projects) requiring separate accounting because of legal or regulatory provisions or administrative action.

**Debt Service** - The Debt Service Fund is used to account for the accumulation of resources for the payment of interest, principal, and related costs of long-term liabilities of the governmental activities.

**Permanent -** Permanent Funds are used to report resources that are legally restricted to the extent that only earnings, not principal, may be used for purposes that support the government's programs.

**Internal Service** - The Internal Service Fund is used to account for medical and pharmaceutical services, fleet services, technology replacement and risk management activities provided to other departments or agencies of the City, or to other governmental units, on a cost-reimbursement basis.

Other Postemployment Benefits Trust - The Other Postemployment Benefits Trust Fund accounts for resources held in trust for a defined benefit postemployment health and medical care plan for City retirees and their dependents.

**Pension Trust** - The Pension Trust Fund accounts for resources held in trust for both the General and the Fire and Police defined benefit pension plans to provide disability and retirement benefits for City employees and retirees.

During the course of normal operations, the City has numerous transactions between funds to provide services, construct assets and service debt; these transactions are generally reflected as transfers. Any residual balances outstanding at year end are reported as due to/due from other funds or component units.

#### **Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting**

The accounting and financial reporting treatment is determined by the applicable measurement focus and basis of accounting. Measurement focus indicates the type of resources being measured such as *current financial resources* or *economic resources*. The basis of accounting indicates the timing of transactions or events for recognition in the financial statements.

**Government-wide Financial Statements** are reported using the *economic resources measurement focus* and the *accrual basis of accounting*. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of the related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

**Governmental Fund Financial Statements** are reported using the *current financial resources measurement focus* and the *modified accrual basis of accounting*. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period.

The City considers revenues as available if they are collected within thirty days of the end of the fiscal period, except for property taxes, for which the time period is sixty days. Property taxes, sales taxes, franchise taxes, licenses, and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the government.

Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Issuance of long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

**Proprietary, Pension and Other Postemployment Benefit Trust Funds** are reported using the *economic resources* measurement focus and the *accrual basis of accounting*.

### **Budgetary Information**

Annual budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles for the general fund, special revenue funds and the debt service fund. The capital projects fund is appropriated on a project-length basis.

The appropriated budget is approved by fund and department. The legal level of budgetary control (i.e. the level at which expenditures may not legally exceed appropriations) is the fund level. The City Finance Officer has been delegated the authority to make intrafund transfers within the general fund. Amounts transferred are reported to City Council as required by TCA 6-56-209.

All unencumbered and unexpended appropriations lapse at the end of the fiscal year. Encumbrances are commitments related to unperformed contracts for goods or services (i.e., purchase orders). Encumbrance accounting is utilized to assure effective budgetary control and accountability. Encumbrances are carried forward to the subsequent year and become part of the subsequent year's budget for annually budgeted funds.

Appropriations for capital projects do not lapse until completion of the project. Because of the project nature of these funds, budgetary comparison statements on an annual basis do not provide meaningful information and, accordingly, are not presented in the accompanying financial statements.

#### Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources and Net Position/Fund Balance

### **Cash and Cash Equivalents**

Cash and cash equivalents include cash on hand, amounts due from banks, interest-bearing deposits at various financial institutions, certificates of deposits and short-term investments with an original maturity of three months or less.

### **Investments**

Investments, including pension and other post-employment benefit investments, are reported at fair value, except for interest-earning investment contracts that have a remaining maturity of one year or less at the time of purchase. Securities traded on a national or international exchange are valued at the last reported sales price at current exchange rates. Investments that do not have an established market are reported at estimated fair value. Any change in the value of investments recorded at fair value is included in investment income.

### **Internal Balances**

Residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and the business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as internal balances. Internal balances include a capital lease payable in governmental activities with a corresponding capital lease receivable in CDRC, a blended component unit, in business-type activities.

### **Inventories and Prepaid Items**

Inventories, principally materials, supplies, and replacement parts, are valued at cost in governmental funds and at the lower of cost or market in proprietary funds, with cost determined using the first-in, first-out (FIFO) or the weighted average method. Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items. The costs of inventories and prepaid items are recorded as expenditures/expenses at the time individual inventory items are consumed (consumption method).

### **Capital Assets**

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment and infrastructure assets (such as roads, bridges, sidewalks, sewers, lighting systems, drainage systems, and similar items) are reported in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements. The City defines capital assets as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 (\$15,000 for software, \$25,000 for infrastructure) and an estimated useful life of three years or greater.

The initial capitalization of infrastructure assets reported by governmental activities was based on replacement cost deflated to the acquisition year. As the City constructs or acquires additional capital assets each period, including infrastructure assets, they are capitalized and reported at historical cost. The reported value excludes normal maintenance and repairs. Donated capital assets are recorded at their estimated fair value at the date of contribution.

Interest incurred during the construction phase of capital assets of enterprise funds is included as part of the capitalized value of the assets construction. The amount of interest capitalized is the net interest expense incurred (interest expense less interest income) from the date of the borrowing until completion of the project.

Land and construction in progress are not depreciated. The other property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure of the primary government are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

	<u>Useful Life</u>
Buildings	5 - 30 years
Vehicles and machinery	5 - 25 years
Improvements other than buildings	15 years
Sewer system	50 years
Solid waste system	30 years
Water quality management system	50 years
Communications system	5 - 30 years
Electric System	10 - 40 years
Public domain infrastructure	10 - 50 years

### **Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources**

In addition to assets, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (as either an expense or expenditure) until that period. The City reports deferred gains on refunding and deferred contributions on pension plans. A deferred gain on refunding results from the difference in the carrying value of refunded debt and its reacquisition price. This amount is deferred and amortized over the shorter of the life of the refunded or refunding debt. Deferred contributions for the pension plans were made during the fiscal year but are after the measurement date of the actuarial report. These amounts will be recognized during the next measurement period.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and will not be recognized as inflow of resources (revenue) until that period. The City has three items that qualify for reporting in this category: (1) Unavailable revenue for property taxes recorded as receivables for the current calendar year tax levy which is not due until October 1. This amount, reported on the governmental funds balance sheet, will be recognized as revenue next year as it is received. (2) Unavailable revenue received after the availability period. This includes property taxes received after 60 days plus other local taxes and intergovernmental revenues received after 30. They are reported as deferred inflows on the governmental funds balance sheet and will be recognized as revenue next year. (3) Unavailable revenue relating to loans. (4) Certain amounts related to pensions must be deferred.

Differences between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments are deferred and amortized over five years. Changes in pension plan assumptions are deferred and amortized over the expected remaining service lives of employees.

#### **Pensions**

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows or resources related to pensions and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the General Pension Plan and the Fire and Police Pension Plan and additions/deductions from the plan net positions have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the plans.

Benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized in the fund financial statements when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Payments made after the measurement date are deferred in government-wide statements. Investments are reported at fair value.

### **Net Position Flow Assumption**

Sometimes the City will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted (e.g., restricted bond or grant proceeds) and unrestricted resources. In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted net position and unrestricted net position in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements, a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the City's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

### **Fund Balance Flow Assumptions**

Sometimes the City will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted and unrestricted resources (the total of committed, assigned and unassigned fund balance). In order to calculate the amounts to report for each category of fund balance in the governmental fund financial statements, a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the City's policy to consider restricted fund balance to have been depleted before using any of the components of unrestricted fund balance. Further, when the components of unrestricted fund balance can be used for the same purpose, committed fund balance is depleted first, followed by assigned fund balance. Unassigned fund balance is applied last.

#### **Fund Balance Policies**

Fund balance of governmental funds is reported in various categories based on the nature of any limitations requiring the use of resources for specific purposes.

**Nonspendable Fund Balance** - represents amounts that cannot be spent because they are either not in spendable form (such as inventory or prepaid items) or legally required to remain intact (such as notes receivable or principal of a permanent fund).

**Restricted Fund Balance** - represents amounts with external constraints placed on the use of these resources (such as debt covenants, grantors, other governments, etc.) or imposed by enabling legislation.

**Committed Fund Balance** - represents amounts that can only be used for specific purposes imposed by an ordinance of the City Council. Committed resources cannot be used for any other purpose unless the City Council removes or changes the specified use by ordinance.

**Assigned Fund Balance** - represents amounts the City intends to use for specific purposes as expressed by City Council resolution or an official delegated the authority to assign amounts. The City Finance Officer has been granted the ability to assign amounts to a specific purpose as part of the annual budget ordinance.

Unassigned Fund Balance - represents the residual classification for the General Fund or deficit balances in other funds.

### Revenues, Expenditures/Expenses

### **Program Revenues**

Program revenues include: (1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and (2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. All taxes and other internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than program revenues.

### **Property Taxes**

Property taxes are levied annually by the City based upon assessed valuations established by the Hamilton County Assessor of Property. The various types of property are assessed at a percentage of market value as follows:

Farm and residential real property:	25%
Commercial and industrial property:	
Real	40%
Personal	30%
Public utilities real and personal property	55%

The property tax levy is without legal limit. The rate, as permitted by Tennessee State Law and City Charter, is set annually by the City Council and collected by the City Treasurer. Property taxes are secured by a statutory lien effective as of the original levy date of January 1. Taxes are due October 1 and become delinquent March 1.

#### **Indirect Costs**

Certain indirect costs are included in program expense reported for individual functions.

#### **Compensated Absences**

The City of Chattanooga allows employees to accumulate earned but unused personal leave benefits which are eligible for payment upon separation from employment. The benefit is set by prescribed formula based on length of service. The City limits personal leave to twenty (20) days for library employees and one hundred fifty (150) days for all other employees hired on or before March 27, 1990, and one hundred (100) days for all other employees hired thereafter.

Expenditures for compensated absences are reported in governmental funds as they mature (i.e., accrued leave outstanding following an employee's resignation or retirement). The liability for compensated absences attributable to the City's governmental activities is recorded in the government-wide financial statements. The general fund and special revenue funds are used to liquidate this liability. The non-current portion of the liability for employees of governmental funds is a reconciling item between the fund and government-wide financial statements. Compensated absences related to business-type activities are charged to expense with a corresponding liability established in the government-wide financial statements as well as the applicable proprietary funds.

### Proprietary Funds Operating and Non-operating Revenues and Expenses

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from non-operating items. Operating revenues include charges for services. Operating expenses include costs of services as well as materials, contracts, personnel and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting these definitions are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses.

#### **Estimates**

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions. These assumptions affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

### **New GASB Standards**

GASB Statement No. 72, establishes general principles for measuring fair value and standards of accounting and financial reporting for assets and liabilities measured at fair value. This standard supersedes previous 62 statements as they relate to measuring fair value of certain assets and liabilities.

During the year ended June 30, 2016, the City of Chattanooga opted to early implement Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 74, *Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefit Plans Other Than Pension Plans*, which has an effective date of June 30, 2017.

The objective of this statement is to improve the usefulness of information about postemployment benefits other than pensions (OPEB) included in the general purpose external financial report of state and local government OPEB Plans for making decisions and assessing accountability. This Statement replaces GASB Statement No. 43: *Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefit Plans Other Than Pension Plans*, as amended, and GASB Statement No. 57, *OPEB Measurements by Agent Employers and Agent Multiple-Employer Plans*.

GASB Statement No. 76 addresses changes made to the hierarchy of generally accepted accounting principles. This standard supersedes Statement No. 55 and reduces the hierarchy from four to two categories.

### NOTE 2. STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY

### **Deficit Net Position**

The Downtown Redevelopment Fund, a major enterprise fund, has a deficit in net position of \$473,804 at June 30, 2016. This deficit resulted from the settlement of a swap option in fiscal year 2011. The deficit decreased by \$2,768,344 from the prior fiscal year.

#### NOTE 3. CASH AND INVESTMENTS

### **Cash Deposits with Financial Institutions**

The City utilizes a pooled cash concept for its funds which are collateralized. State statutes require that all deposits with financial institutions must be collateralized by securities whose market value is equal to 105% of the value of the uninsured deposits. The deposits must be covered by federal depository insurance or the Tennessee Bank Collateral Pool, by collateral held by the City's agent in the City's name, or by the Federal Reserve Banks acting as third-party agents.

#### **Investments**

The City utilizes a pooled investment concept. The City's investment policy with respect to the cash and investment pool is to maximize investment earnings while maintaining an acceptable level of risk. At June 30, 2016, investments of the primary government (except for Permanent, Pension Trust and Other Postemployment Benefits Trust Funds) consist of the following:

	Weighted Average	Fair Value or	
	Maturity (Years)	Carrying Amount	
Primary Government – Governmental Activities:			
U.S. Government agency securities	3.60	<u>\$ 70,556,914</u>	
Primary Government – Business-Type Activities:			
Certificates of deposit classified as investments	2.66	\$ 33,151,432	
U.S. Government agency securities	0.00	10,025,042	
Bonds	2.50	5,000,000	
		<u>\$ 48,176,474</u>	

Fair value investments classified at Level 1 of the fair value hierarchy are valued using prices quoted in active markets for those securities. Fair value investments classified as Level 2 of the fair value hierarchy are valued using the active market rates for the underlying securities. Fair value investments classified as Level 3 of the fair value hierarchy are valued using non-observable inputs.

### NOTE 3. CASH AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

Fair Value						
Measurements Using:						

	S&P or Moody's Rating	 Fair Value	 Level 1	· 	Level 2
Primary Government – Governmental Activities					
Corporate Bonds - Federal Home Loan Bank	AA+	\$ 11,492,812	\$ 11,492,812	\$	-
Corporate Bonds - Federal Farm Credit Bank	AA+	44,411,902	44,411,902		-
Corporate Bonds - Federal Home Loan					
Mortgage Corp.	AA+	5,000,000	5,000,000		-
Corporate Bonds - Federal National					
Mortgage Association	AA+	4,484,895	4,484,895		-
Corporate Bonds - Financial Corporation	AA+	 5,167,305	 5,167,305		<u> </u>
		\$ 70,556,914	\$ 70,556,914	\$	
Primary Government – Business-Type Activitie	s:				
Corporate Bonds – Federal National Mortgage	e				
Association	AA+	\$ 6,219,039	\$ 6,219,039	\$	-
Corporate Bonds - Federal Farm Credit Bank	AA+	750,000	750,000		-
Corporate Bonds - Federal Home Loan Bank	AA+	26,182,393	26,182,393		_
Corporate Bonds - Federal National Mortgage	;				
Agency	N/A	5,000,000	-		5,000,000
Corporate Bonds - Federal Home Loan Bank					
Discount Note	AA+	10,025,042	10,025,042		_
		\$ 48,176,474	\$ 43,176,474	\$	5,000,000
			 	-	

<u>Interest rate risk</u> - As a means of limiting its exposure to fair value losses arising from rising interest rates, the City's policies require purchases of investments with maturities of two years or less. The City presents its exposure to interest rate changes using the weighted average maturity method. The City manages its interest rate risk by limiting the weighted average maturity of its investment portfolio for the primary government. The City's investment portfolio did not experience any significant fluctuations in fair value during the year.

<u>Custodial credit risk</u> - The City's policies limit deposits and investments to those instruments allowed by applicable state laws. State statutes require that all deposits with financial institutions must be collateralized by securities whose market value is equal to 105% of the value of the uninsured deposits. The deposits must be covered by federal depository insurance or the Tennessee Bank Collateral Pool, by collateral held by the City's agent in the City's name, or by the Federal Reserve Banks acting as third party agents. State statutes also authorize the City to invest in bonds, notes or treasury bills of the United States or any of its agencies, certificates of deposit at Tennessee state chartered banks and savings and loan associations, repurchase agreements utilizing obligations of the United States or its agencies as the underlying securities, the state pooled investment fund, and mutual funds. Statutes also require that securities underlying repurchase agreements must have a market value at least equal to the amount of funds invested in the repurchase transaction.

<u>Credit risk</u> - The City's policies are designed to maximize investment earnings, while protecting the security of principal and providing adequate liquidity, in accordance with all applicable state laws.

#### Permanent, Pension Trust Funds and Other Postemployment Benefit Trust Fund Investments

The Permanent, Pension Trust Funds and Other Postemployment Benefit Trust Fund are managed with long-term objectives that include maximizing total investment earnings. State statutes and City policies allow the Permanent, Pension Trust and Other Postemployment Benefit Trust Funds a broader range of investments than other City investments. The City's Pension Trust funds have no investments in any one issuer that represent 5 percent or more of plan net position. The credit risk of investments of the Permanent, Pension Trust and Other Postemployment Benefit Trust Funds is summarized as follows:

# NOTE 3. CASH AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

Fair Value Measurements Using:

					Micasurcinci	ns (	Jamg.
	S&P or						
	Moody's		Fair				
	Rating		Value		Level 1		Level 3
Permanent Fund							
Mutual funds – equity	Not rated	\$	2,623,477	\$	2,623,477	\$	-
Mutual funds – fixed income	Not rated		1,225,307		1,225,307		-
Other investments	Not rated		380,009		_		380,009
Temporary investments	Not rated		182,235		182,235		-
Temporary myestilenes	11001400	\$	4,411,028	\$	4,031,019	\$	380,009
City of Chattanooga General Pension Plan							
Domestic corporate bonds	BBB-	\$	993,433	\$	993,433	\$	-
Domestic corporate bonds	BB+		1,338,303		1,338,303		-
Domestic corporate bonds	BB-		1,478,503		1,478,503		-
Domestic corporate bonds	BB		1,024,613		1,024,613		-
Domestic corporate bonds	B+		127,110		127,110		_
Domestic corporate bonds	Not rated		654,993		654,993		_
Corporate stocks	Not rated		69,858,816		69,858,816		_
Mutual funds – equity	Not rated		21,833,218		21,833,218		_
Mutual funds – fixed income	Not rated		40,183,077		40,183,077		_
Hedge funds	Not rated		42,944,639		40,103,077		42,944,639
Private equity funds	Not rated		60,920,418		_		60,920,418
Other investments					-		
	Not rated		19,043,980		- 2.657.761		19,043,980
Temporary investments	Not rated	<u></u>	3,657,761	_	3,657,761	Φ.	-
		\$ 2	264,058,864	\$	141,149,827	\$	122,909,037
Fire and Police Pension Fund							
Corporate bonds and notes	Not rated	\$	12,294,146	\$	12,294,146	\$	_
Preferred securities	Not rated		2,925,848		2,925,848		-
Corporate Stocks	Not rated		14,006,739		14,006,739		_
Mutual funds – equity	Not rated		49,161,340		49,161,340		_
Mutual funds - fixed income	Not rated		20,386,713		20,386,713		_
Mutual funds – preferred securities	Not rated		2,921,858		2,921,858		_
Private equity funds	Not rated		20,956,823		2,721,030		20,956,823
Foreign equity	Not rated		5,397,127		_		5,397,127
Real estate					-		
	Not rated		16,270,291		-		16,270,291
Hedge funds	Not rated		62,523,417		- 1 5 40 5 5 2		62,523,417
Temporary investments	Not rated		1,749,752	_	1,749,752	_	
		\$ 2	208,594,054	\$	103,446,396	\$	105,147,658
Other Postemployment Benefit Trust Fund							
Mutual funds – equity	Not rated	\$	15,422,377	\$	15,422,377	\$	_
Mutual funds – fixed income	Not rated		9,617,953	·	9,617,953		_
Corporate bonds and notes	Note rated		6,590,329		6,590,329		_
Real estate	Not rated		1,611,913		-		1,611,913
Hedge funds	Not rated		2,930,139		_		2,930,139
Temporary investments	Not rated		2,597,974		2,597,974		2,730,137
Temporary investments	THUI TAICU	<u>•</u>	38,770,685	Φ	34,228,633	\$	4,542,052
		Þ	30,110,083	Þ	<i>5</i> 4,228,033	Þ	4,342,032

At June 30, 2016, the fair values of the City's investments in items classified as Level 3 on the fair value hierarchy totaling \$232,978,756 are based on valuations for which a readily determinable fair value does not exist. These investments are not listed on national exchanges or over-the-counter markets, and quoted market prices are not available. These investments include hedge funds, limited partnerships, private equity funds, and other types of non-traditional investments. Management estimates the fair values of these investments based on a review of all available information provided by fund managers and general partners. These fair value estimates are evaluated on a regular basis by management and are susceptible to revisions as more information becomes available. Because of these factors, it is reasonably possible that the estimated fair values of these investments may change materially in the near term.

#### **NOTE 4. RECEIVABLES**

Amounts in the financial statements are shown net of allowance for uncollectibles. Below is the detail of receivables including the applicable allowances for uncollectible accounts:

		Governmental A	Activities Funds			
		Capital	Other	Internal	Business-Type	
	General	Projects	Governmental	Service	Activities	<u>Total</u>
Primary Government						
Receivables:						
Taxes	\$ 126,507,853	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 126,507,853
Accounts	12,581,913	-	1,173,031	-	-	13,754,944
Notes	1,035,765	388,946	13,700,320	-	-	15,125,031
Customer service	-	-	-	1,024,486	83,913,709	84,938,195
Other	749,124	-	138,368	-	1,852,148	2,739,640
Restricted	1,133	36,476	-	-	-	37,609
Intergovernmental	19,605,317	738,256	2,828,934	56,665	8,670,848	31,900,020
Gross receivables	160,481,105	1,163,678	17,840,653	1,081,151	94,436,705	275,003,292
Less:						
Allowance for uncollectibles	(3,819,842)	<del>-</del>	(953,477)		(8,425,516)	(13,198,835)
Net receivables	<u>\$ 156,661,263</u>	<u>\$ 1,163,678</u>	<u>\$ 16,887,176</u>	\$1,081,151	\$ 86,011,189	<u>\$ 261,804,457</u>

#### **Taxes Receivable**

Taxes receivable include the uncollected property taxes from tax levies made during the current and past nine years, as well as the anticipated levy for the current calendar year. The allowance for uncollectible taxes of \$4,624,659 is the weighted average percentage of prior year collections on delinquent taxes to the total delinquent taxes receivable at June 30, 2016.

#### Note from Friends of the Zoo

During 2008, the City entered into a loan agreement with Friends of the Zoo, Inc. (FOZ) for improvements to the Chattanooga Zoo at Warner Park. The City advanced \$2,000,000 to FOZ to pay for construction improvements, which the City retained right, title, and interest. In 2010, the loan agreement was amended. Under the new loan agreement, FOZ agreed to repay the outstanding balance of \$1,700,000 with scheduled payments of \$150,000 per year. As an early payoff incentive, the City agreed to appropriate to FOZ an amount equal to one dollar for every two dollars raised by FOZ through donations for capital improvements, up to a maximum of \$250,000 per year subject to annual appropriation. The amount credited for fiscal year 2016 was \$434,351. The current balance is \$250,000.

#### **Notes from CARTA**

In 2009 CARTA, a component unit of the City, entered into an \$854,288 repayment agreement with the City for the costs of a downtown shuttle service and a parking garage on the North Shore. The loan agreements were for \$375,000 and \$479,288, respectively, to be repaid over 120 months with an interest rate of 4% per annum. The current balances are \$107,589 and \$138,946, respectively.

In 2012 CARTA entered into a revolving line of credit promissory note with the City as gap financing awaiting receipt of Federal grant money. The \$1,500,000 line of credit carries a 2.75% interest per annum. Prior fiscal year amounts must be repaid before additional draws are allowed. The current balance is \$400,000.

# **Community Development Loans**

Notes receivable of \$13,700,320 represent various loans made from community development funds received from HUD, including CDBG, HOME, and other special grants. These loans are provided to low income recipients for the purchase and repair of homes. Of this amount, \$48,990 represents forgivable loans and \$3,703,014 represents title transfer loans, which are payable only upon the transfer of title by the current loan recipient. The allowance for uncollectable loans is \$953,477.

# NOTE 5. CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2016, was as follows:

	Beginning Balance	Additions	Deductions	Ending Balance
PRIMARY GOVERNMENT Governmental Activities:				
Non-depreciable assets:  Land and land improvements	\$1,045,747,577	\$ 17,959,415	\$ 13,020	\$ 1,063,693,972
Construction in progress	77,086,828	19,297,803	11,473,869	84,910,762
Total non-depreciable assets	1,122,834,405	37,257,218	11,486,889	1,148,604,734
Depreciable assets:				
Buildings and improvements	226,439,150	3,626,638	24,634	230,041,154
Vehicles and machinery	145,122,810	10,268,672	3,637,099	151,754,383
Infrastructure	700,903,077	13,686,141	2 ((1 722	714,589,218
Total depreciable assets	1,072,465,037	27,581,451	3,661,733	1,096,384,755
Less accumulated depreciation for:			10.001	
Buildings and improvements	118,949,347	6,536,313	18,886	125,466,774
Vehicles and machinery Infrastructure	119,955,329	6,457,211 25,775,437	3,592,649	122,819,891
Total accumulated depreciation	484,099,048 723,003,724	<u> 23,773,437</u> <u> 38,768,961</u>	3,611,535	509,874,485 758,161,150
Total accumulated depreciation		38,708,901		738,101,130
Depreciable assets, net	349,461,313	(11,187,510)	50,198	338,223,605
Governmental activities capital assets, net	<u>\$1,472,295,718</u>	\$ 26,069,708	<u>\$ 11,537,087</u>	<u>\$ 1,486,828,339</u>
<b>Business-Type Activities:</b>				
Non-depreciable assets:				
Land	\$ 20,516,552	\$ 232,272	\$ -	\$ 20,748,824
Construction in progress	66,018,517	35,788,390	10,336,030	91,470,877
Total non-depreciable assets	86,535,069	36,020,662	10,336,030	112,219,701
Depreciable assets:				
Buildings and improvements	143,691,308	1,608,000	658,545	144,640,763
Vehicles and machinery	160,098,672	16,275,622	7,582,281	168,792,013
Sewer system	420,590,367	10,243,696	-	430,834,063
Solid waste system	9,520,509	20.760	-	9,520,509
Water quality management system Electric system	41,032,542 666,683,000	38,768 42,781,000	24,400,000	41,071,310 685,064,000
Communication system	80,794,000	14,967,000	7,647,000	88,114,000
Total depreciable assets	1,522,410,398	85,914,086	40,287,826	1,568,036,658
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Buildings and improvements	61,063,558	4,248,380	2,230,000	63,081,938
Vehicles and machinery	69,705,981	13,964,472	4,886,427	78,784,026
Sewer system	221,457,526	7,310,223	-	228,767,749
Solid waste system	2,362,158	317,350	-	2,679,508
Water quality management system	10,860,143	841,686	<u>-</u>	11,701,829
Electric system	235,232,000	25,770,000	23,974,000	237,028,000
Communication system	44,160,000	<u>16,595,000</u>	12,229,000	48,526,000
Total accumulated depreciation	644,841,366	69,047,111	43,319,427	670,569,050
Depreciable assets, net	877,569,032	16,866,975	(3,031,601)	897,467,608
Business-type activities capital assets, net	<u>\$ 964,104,101</u>	<u>\$ 52,887,637</u>	<u>\$ 7,304,429</u>	<u>\$ 1,009,687,309</u>
(Continued)				

# NOTE 5. CAPITAL ASSETS (Continued)

DISCRETELY-PRESENTED COMPONINOn-depreciable assets:	ENT UNITS				
Land	\$ 7,101,608	\$ 4,336,681	\$ -	\$	11,438,289
Construction in progress	5,462,655	6,975,369	11,456,326	Ф	981,698
Total non-depreciable assets	12,564,263	11,312,050	11,456,326		12,419,987
Total hon-depreciable assets	12,304,203	11,512,030	11,430,320		12,419,907
Depreciable assets:					
Buildings and improvements	184,265,483	13,173,171	2,254,068		195,184,586
Vehicles and equipment	65,110,724	1,941,346	616,709		66,435,361
Total depreciable assets	249,376,207	15,114,517	2,870,777		261,619,947
Total depreciable assets	219,570,207		2,070,777		201,017,717
Less accumulated depreciation	124,529,758	9,583,768	616,708		133,496,818
5	121015110		2 2 7 4 2 5 2		100 100 100
Depreciable assets, net	124,846,449	5,530,749	2,254,069		128,123,129
Component units capital assets, net	<u>\$ 137,410,712</u>	<u>\$ 16,842,799</u>	<u>\$ 13,710,395</u>	\$	140,543,116
Depreciation expense is charged to functions	as follows:				
Drimowy Covernment Covernmental Activi	tion				
Primary Government – Governmental Activi General Government	ues:			¢	11 102 025
				\$	11,182,825
Public Safety					1,188,007
Economic Development					4,701
Public Works					25,553,274
Youth & Family Development					199,255
Transportation					640,899
Total				\$	38,768,961
				-	
Primary Government – Business-Type Activ	ities:				
Electric Utility				\$	54,876,000
Sewer					11,697,448
Solid Waste					517,286
Water Quality Management					1,367,392

Discretely-Presented	Component	(Inite

Downtown Redevelopment

Total

Tennessee Valley Regional Communications

CARTA Airport Authority	\$ 3,100,378 6,483,390
Total	\$ 9,583,768

621

588,364

69,047,111

# NOTE 6. LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

#### **Governmental Activities**

Debt related to governmental activities at June 30, 2016, consisted of the following:

# **General Obligation Bonds**

The City periodically issues general obligation bonds for the acquisition and construction of major capital facilities. These bonds are direct obligations and are backed by the full faith and credit of the City. Certain bonds are subject to federal arbitrage regulations. These bonds are generally issued as 15 to 20-year serial bonds.

# NOTE 6. LONG-TERM LIABILITIES (Continued)

General obligation bonds are summarized by issue as follows:

Series	Original Principal	Interest Rates	Final Maturity	Principal June 30, 2016
<u>series</u>	Timeipui	Rates	Matarity	<u> </u>
General Obligations Refunding Bonds, Series 1998	\$ 7,292,600	5.25% - 5.50%	09/01/17	\$ 743,600
General Obligations Refunding Bonds, Series 2005 A	17,436,520	3.50% - 5.00%	09/01/19	3,618,703
Hotel-Motel Tax Refunding Bonds, Series 2005 A	6,469,987	3.50% - 5.00%	09/01/19	32,499
General Obligations Bonds, Series 2006 A	20,732,796	4.00% - 5.00%	11/01/16	1,036,638
General Obligations Refunding Bonds, Series 2007 A	14,520,000	4.30% - 5.00%	03/01/26	14,520,000
General Obligations Bonds, Series 2009	45,415,000	3.00% - 4.63%	11/01/28	11,350,000
General Obligations Bonds, Series 2010 A	6,725,000	2.00% - 4.00%	02/01/30	3,350,000
General Obligation Refunding Bonds, Series 2010 B	4,707,460	2.00% - 4.00%	02/01/30	3,331,560
Hotel-Motel Tax Refunding Bonds, Series 2010 B	29,557,540	2.00% - 4.00%	02/01/30	20,918,440
General Obligation Bonds, Series 2010 C	6,840,000	2.00% - 4.00%	02/01/30	4,775,000
General Obligation Bonds, Series 2011 A	26,495,000	2.00% - 4.00%	10/01/26	19,420,000
General Obligation Refunding Bonds, Series 2011 B	1,949,250	2.00% - 4.00%	10/01/27	1,949,250
Hotel-Motel Tax Refunding Bonds, Series 2011 B	15,595,750	2.00% - 4.00%	10/01/27	15,595,750
General Obligation Bonds, Series 2013	19,355,000	2.00% - 5.00%	10/01/28	17,080,000
Hotel-Motel Tax Pledge, Series 2013	7,420,000	2.00% - 5.00%	10/01/28	6,550,000
General Obligation Refunding Bonds, Series 2014 A	13,792,100	1.75% - 5.00%	11/01/26	13,792,100
Hotel-Motel Tax Refunding Bonds, Series 2014 A	3,961,340	1.75% - 5.00%	11/01/26	3,961,340
General Obligation Bonds, Series 2015 A	28,245,000	5.00%	09/01/30	28,245,000
General Obligation Refunding Bonds, Series 2015 B	18,955,000	3.00% - 5.00%	11/01/28	18,955,000
Total payable from Debt Service Fund	<u>\$ 295,465,343</u>			<u>\$ 184,224,880</u>

#### **Notes and Loans Payable**

<u>Tennessee Municipal Bond Fund Loan (2003)</u> - Pursuant to a loan agreement with the Tennessee Municipal Bond Fund, the City of Chattanooga was authorized to incur indebtedness up to \$6,000,000 for the purpose of paying for certain general government capital projects. The loan is being repaid over a 15-year period at variable rates through 2018. Interest rate changes are based on the short-term tax exempt rate that is remarketed and published weekly. The balance at June 30, 2016, is \$974,000 of which \$884,326 is due from Governmental Activities and \$89,674 is due from Solid Waste Fund (a Business-type Activity).

<u>Tennessee Municipal Bond Fund Loan (2004)</u> - Pursuant to a loan agreement with the Tennessee Municipal Bond Fund, the City of Chattanooga was authorized to incur indebtedness up to \$25,000,000 for the purpose of paying for certain general government capital projects. The loan is being repaid over a 20-year period at variable rates through 2024. Interest rate changes are based on the short-term tax exempt rate that is remarketed and published weekly. The balance at June 30, 2016, is \$12,023,868, of which \$11,739,572 is due from Governmental Activities and \$284,296 is due from Solid Waste Fund (a Business-type Activity).

<u>Hennen Land Note</u> - In December 2007, the City purchased the Narrow Bridge Property from Jenkins Road, LLC. The \$546,428 note is being repaid from parking revenue generated by Hennen's Restaurant employees and customers. The balance at June 30, 2016 is \$29,829.

<u>HUD Section 108 Loan</u> - On June 12, 2008, the City received a loan from the U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development for an aggregate principal amount of \$4,576,000. A significant portion of the money was authorized to be used for repayment of the 2003 Fannie Mae Loan, with the remaining balance to be used for the Brownfields/Community Development Loan Fund and public infrastructure projects. The note bears an interest rate of 4% and is being amortized over 15 years with an optional redemption after 10 years. The balance at June 30, 2016 is \$2,441,000.

<u>Hamilton County Department of Education Note Payable</u> - In July 2014, the Chancery Court for Hamilton County approved a joint motion by the Hamilton County Department of Education (HCDE) and the City of Chattanooga for compromise of litigation whereby HCDE filed a declaratory judgment action asking the Court to declare the rights and responsibilities of the parties under TCA § 57-4-306(2) relative to past liquor-by-the drink tax revenues. Under provisions of the Compromise, the City of Chattanooga will pay \$11,763,477 to the HCDE in six equal annual payments of \$1,960,580 over a five-year period commencing on August 1, 2014 and ending in August 2019. The balance at June 30, 2016 is \$7,842,318.

#### NOTE 6. LONG-TERM LIABILITIES (Continued)

#### **Capital Leases**

Chattanooga Downtown Redevelopment Corporation Capital Lease - In October 2000, the City entered into a non-cancelable long-term lease with the Chattanooga Downtown Redevelopment Corporation (CDRC), for financing the cost of designing, acquiring, constructing and equipping four facilities in the Tourist Development Zone comprising more than 631,210 square feet at a cost of over \$120 million. Facilities include (1) The Chattanoogan - a residential conference center, (2) parking garage, (3) the Development Resource Center, and (4) an expansion of the Chattanooga-Hamilton County Convention and Trade Center. The lease provides for semi-annual payments in amounts sufficient to meet the annual debt service requirements on \$129 million in revenue bonds issued by the Industrial Development Board of the City of Chattanooga (IDB) on behalf of the CDRC, a non-profit corporation. The IDB bonds are secured by payments to be made by the CDRC. The lease payments are funded by the City's share of the 0.5% increase in the county-wide sales tax passed by county-wide referendum, income from the Chattanoogan, state incremental sales tax generated in the Tourist Development Zone and interest income from a debt service reserve fund in excess of \$9 million included as part of the bond issue. In the event these sources are insufficient, the City agreed to appropriate sufficient moneys to make the lease payments. The City's lease payment for the year ended June 30, 2016, was \$9,661,984, of which \$3,797,017 was a reduction of principal. The debt service reserve fund held by the fiscal agent at June 30, 2016 is \$9,748,000. The fiscal agent is required by the agreement to apply any interest on the debt service reserve fund toward the lease payments. The debt service reserve fund will be used to retire debt near the end of the lease.

Per GASB 61, CDRC is reported as a blended component unit presented as a business-type activity. The capital lease payable in governmental activities and the capital lease receivable in business-type activities are eliminated for purposes of government-wide financial statements as a component of internal balances.

Golf Course Capital Lease - In April 2013, the City entered into an equipment lease-purchase agreement to finance golf carts at the Brainerd and Brown Acres Golf Courses totaling \$301,493. The lease term is five years and provides for monthly payments which began April 1, 2013. The recorded liability under this capital lease at June 30, 2016 is \$113,267.

Debt service requirements for general obligation bonds, notes payable, and capital leases are met by the General Fund. The compensated absences liability attributable to governmental activities will be liquidated by the General Fund and the Special Revenue Funds. All general obligation bonds, notes payable, and capital leases payable are included in the calculation of net investment in capital assets.

#### **Business-type Activities**

Debt related to business-type activities at June 30, 2016, consisted of the following:

# **Revenue and General Obligation Bonds**

The City periodically issues general obligation bonds for the acquisition and construction of major capital facilities. These bonds are direct obligations of each business-type activities and are supported by the operation of the fund. Certain bonds are subject to federal arbitrage regulations. These bonds are generally issued as 15 to 30-year serial bonds.

Business-type activities bonds are summarized by issue as follows:

	Original	Interest	Final	Principal
<u>Series</u>	<u>Principal</u>	Rates	<u>Maturity</u>	June 30, 2016
Electric Power Board				
2006A Electric System Revenue Bonds	\$ 40,000,000	4.00% - 5.00%	09/01/16	\$ 1,400,000
2006B Electric System Refunding Revenue Bonds	23,430,000	4.00% - 4.25%	09/01/16	1,715,000
2008A Electric System Revenue Bonds	219,830,000	3.00% - 5.00%	09/01/17	12,850,000
2015A Electric System Refunding Revenue Bonds	218,855,000	2.88% - 5.00%	09/01/33	218,855,000
2015B Electric System Revenue Bonds	15,355,000	0.70% - 3.38%	09/01/25	15,355,000
2015C Electric System Revenue Bonds	25,880,000	4.00% - 5.00%	09/01/40	25,880,000
Interceptor Sewer System				
General Obligations Refunding Bonds, Series 1998	13,612,700	5.25% - 5.50%	09/01/17	2,906,400
General Obligations Refunding Bonds, Series 2005A	12,545,129	3.50% - 5.00%	09/01/17	4,494,468
General Obligations Refunding Bonds, Series 2014A	2,343,620	1.75% - 5.00%	11/01/26	2,343,620

NOTE 6. LONG-TERM LIABILITIES (Continued)

<u>Series</u>	Original Principal		Interest Rates	Final <u>Maturity</u>	<u>J</u>	Principal une 30, 2016
Solid Waste Fund General Obligation Refunding Bonds, Series 2005A	\$	9,877,293	3.50% - 5.00%	09/01/17	\$	3,091,077
General Obligation Bonds, Series 2006A	-	5,667,204	4.00% - 5.00%	11/01/26	-	283,362
General Obligation Refunding Bonds, Series 2007A		2,480,000	4.30% - 5.00%	03/01/26		2,480,000
General Obligations Refunding Bonds, Series 2014A		4,674,278	1.75% - 5.00%	11/01/26		4,674,278
Water Quality Fund						
General Obligation Refunding Bonds, Series 2005A		6,046,071	3.50% - 5.00%	09/01/17		2,033,253
General Obligation Refunding Bonds, Series 2007A		750,000	4.30% - 5.00%	03/01/26		750,000
General Obligation Bonds, Series 2013		5,245,000	2.00% - 5.00%	10/01/28		4,625,000
General Obligations Refunding Bonds, Series 2014A		1,153,663	1.75% - 5.00%	11/01/26		1,153,663
General Obligation Bonds, Series 2015 A		8,100,000	5.00%	09/01/30		8,100,000
Chattanooga Downtown Redevelopment Corporation						
2007 Chatt Lease Rental Rev Ref Bonds		56,110,000	4.00% - 5.00%	10/01/30		48,655,000
2010 Chatt Lease Rental Rev Ref Bonds		66,955,000	3.00% - 5.00%	10/01/24		52,290,000
Total payable from Business-type Activities	<u>\$</u>	738,909,958			\$ 4	<u>413,935,121</u>

#### Notes, Loans, and Line of Credit Payable

1998 Georgia Environmental Facilities Authority - Pursuant to a loan agreement with the Georgia State Revolving Loan Fund, the City of Chattanooga was authorized to incur indebtedness up to \$7,255,000 for the purpose of financing sewer expansion in Northwest Georgia. The 20 year loan is being repaid at 4% interest through 2019. The balance at June 30, 2016 to be paid from Interceptor Sewer Fund is \$1,276,726.

<u>State Revolving Loan 2003</u> - The City entered into an agreement with the Tennessee Department of Environment and Conservation and the Tennessee Local Development Authority to secure a loan for the purpose of financing sewer projects. The loan is being repaid in monthly installments through 2025 at 2.98% interest. The balance at June 30, 2016 to be paid from Interceptor Sewer Fund is \$20,309,147.

<u>Tennessee Municipal Bond Fund Loan (2003)</u> - Pursuant to a loan agreement with the Tennessee Municipal Bond Fund, the City of Chattanooga was authorized to incur indebtedness up to \$6,000,000 for the purpose of paying for certain general government capital projects. The loan is being repaid over a 15-year period at variable rates through 2018. Interest rate changes are based on the short-term tax exempt rate that is remarketed and published weekly. The balance at June 30, 2016, is \$974,000 of which \$884,326 is due from Governmental Activities and \$89,674 is due from Solid Waste Fund (a Business-type Activity).

Tennessee Municipal Bond Fund Loan (2004) - Pursuant to a loan agreement with the Tennessee Municipal Bond Fund, the City of Chattanooga was authorized to incur indebtedness up to \$25,000,000 for the purpose of paying for certain general government capital projects. The loan is being repaid over a 20-year period at variable rates through 2024. Interest rate changes are based on the short-term tax exempt rate that is remarketed and published weekly. The balance at June 30, 2016, is \$12,023,868, of which \$11,739,572 is due from Governmental Activities and \$284,296 is due from Solid Waste Fund (a Business-type Activity).

<u>State Revolving Loan 2007</u> - The City entered into an agreement with the Tennessee Department of Environment and Conservation and the Tennessee Local Development Authority to secure a loan for the purpose of financing sewer projects. The loan is being repaid in monthly installments through September 2031 at 2.79% interest. The balance at June 30, 2016 to be paid from Interceptor Sewer Fund is \$10,533,739.

<u>State Revolving Loan 2011</u> - The City entered into an agreement with the Tennessee Department of Environment and Conservation and the Tennessee Local Development Authority to secure a \$20,000,000 loan for the purpose of financing sewer projects. The loan will be repaid in monthly installments after 90 percent of the loan has been drawn down at 2.00% interest. The balance at June 30, 2016 to be paid from Interceptor Sewer Fund is \$16,174,136.

# NOTE 6. LONG-TERM LIABILITIES (Continued)

<u>EPB Video and Internet LOC</u> - In August 2012, a \$60 million revolving line of credit was obtained for the benefit of EPB's Video and Internet system. The line of credit was used for repayment of all funds borrowed from the Electric System and retirement of the outstanding principal of a \$7.5 million bank loan obtained in October 2011. This loan is secured by the revenue, assets, and other income of the Video and Internet System. The loan matures in December 2017 and incurs monthly interest payments equal to 30-day LIBOR plus 0.95%; subject to a total 1.0% floor. At June 30, 2016, the outstanding balance under the revolving line of credit was \$19,230,000.

<u>State Revolving Loan 2012</u> - The City entered into an agreement with the Tennessee Department of Environment and Conservation and the Tennessee Local Development Authority to secure a \$33,100,000 loan for the purpose of financing sewer projects. The loan will be repaid in monthly installments after 90 percent of the loan has been drawn down at 1.15% interest. The balance at June 30, 2016 to be paid from Interceptor Sewer Fund is \$23,552,954.

<u>State Revolving Loan 2013</u> - The City entered into an agreement with the Tennessee Department of Environment and Conservation and the Tennessee Local Development Authority to secure a \$66,800,000 loan for the purpose of financing sewer projects. The loan will be repaid in monthly installments after 90 percent of the loan has been drawn down at 1.67% interest. The balance at June 30, 2016 to be paid from Interceptor Sewer Fund is \$20,283,709.

#### **Capitalized Interest**

The following business-type activities capitalized a portion of interest incurred during the construction phase of assets:

	Total <u>Interest</u>		Capitalized Interest		Interest Expense	
Interceptor Sewer System Water Quality Fund	\$	1,948,359 470,064	\$ 299,767 19,854	\$	1,648,592 450,210	

#### **Component Units**

Component Units debt at June 30, 2016, consisted of the following:

#### **Revenue Bonds**

<u>Series</u>	Original Principal	Interest Rates	Final <u>Maturity</u>	Principal June 30, 2016
Metropolitan Airport Authority				
Taxable Refunding Revenue Bonds, Series 2009	\$ 6,600,000	2.95%	04/01/19	\$ 3,993,010
Tax Exempt Revenue Bonds, Series 2014	5,086,077	2.67%	01/10/24	2,940,923
Taxable Revenue Bonds, Series 2014	4,913,923	4.03%	01/10/24	3,754,718
Total payable from Component Units	\$ 16,600,000			\$ 10,688,651

# **Capital Lease**

<u>Fuel Facility Capital Lease</u> – Effective July 1, 2012, the Airport Authority entered into a \$186,643 leasing arrangement for a fuel facility which is classified as a capital lease. The lease agreement specified no rental payment for the first twelve months of the lease. The Authority has recorded lease expense on the straight-line method over the life of the lease and has accrued lease expense. The balance on this capital lease at June 30, 2016 to be paid from the Chattanooga Metropolitan Airport Authority is \$8,608.

#### Refunding

During the 2016 fiscal year the City issued \$18,955,000 of general obligation bonds to refinance \$19,500,000 resulting in present value savings of \$545,000.

# NOTE 6. LONG-TERM LIABILITIES (Continued)

In prior years, the City refunded certain bonds by placing the proceeds of new bonds in irrevocable trusts to provide for all future debt service payments on the refunded bonds. Accordingly, the trust account assets and the liabilities for the refunded bonds are not included in the City's financial statements.

At June 30, 2016, the remaining liabilities for the bonds refunded were as follows:

Year	Primary
Refunded	Government
1998	\$ 3,705,000
2005	27,165,000
2007	66,280,000
2010	23,575,000
2011	52,290,000
2012	18,360,000
2014	26,745,001
2015	19,500,000

# **Changes in Long-term Liabilities**

Changes in long-term liabilities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016, were as follows:

		Balance July 1, 2015	Additions		Reductions	Balance June 30, 2016	]	Due Within One Year
Primary Government								
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES								
General obligation serial bonds	\$	174,575,355	\$ 47,200,000	\$	32,550,475	\$ 189,224,880	\$	13,378,665
Notes payable		26,990,086	-		4,053,041	22,937,045		4,070,862
Capital leases payable		174,098	-		60,831	113,267		63,590
Accrued pollution remediation costs		1,233,350	101,812		20,089	1,315,073		61,500
Accrued postemployment benefits		26,541,722	-		2,997,116	23,544,606		-
Accrued general pension costs		22,479,318	7,797,768		-	30,277,086		-
Accrued fire and police pension costs		126,527,803	37,094,144		- 11 001 266	163,621,947		1 405 406
Compensated absences		19,111,156	14,399,030		11,081,366	22,428,820	_	1,485,486
Total governmental activities Original issue premiums	\$	397,632,888	<u>\$106,592,754</u>	<u>\$</u>	50,762,918	453,462,724	\$	19,060,103
and discounts						14,086,337		
						\$ 467,549,061		
BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES								
EPB:								
Revenue bonds	\$	263,925,000	\$260,090,000	\$	247,960,000	\$ 276,055,000	\$	9,560,000
Line of credit		36,725,000	-		17,495,000	19,230,000		-
Accrued postemployment benefits		8,894,000	27,000		-	8,921,000		-
Accrued pension costs		6,134,000	1,634,000		-	7,768,000		-
Compensated absences		606,000	181,000	_	26,000	761,000	_	200,000
T	_	316,284,000	261,932,000	_	265,481,000	312,735,000	_	9,760,000
Interceptor Sewer System:		10 1 (0 0 10			2 410 460	0.744.400		2 <05 100
General obligation serial bonds		13,163,948	-		3,419,460	9,744,488		3,605,190
Notes payable		61,293,764	33,814,889		2,978,242	92,130,411		8,472,540
Accrued general pension costs		2,564,009	812,040		701 272	3,376,049		-
Compensated absences		877,815	818,614	_	721,372	975,057	_	65,441
Solid Waste Fund:	_	77,899,536	35,445,543	_	7,119,074	106,226,005	_	12,143,171
		12 245 516			1,716,799	10 520 717		1,789,869
General obligation serial bonds Notes payable		12,245,516 448,195	-		74,225	10,528,717 373,970		76,548
Accrued landfill closure costs		5,743,384	203,216		173,802	5,772,798		193,638
Accrued general pension costs		324,716	127,366		173,002	452,082		173,036
Compensated absences		121,446	110,004		77.150	154,300		10,356
compensated absolutes	_	18,883,257	440,586		2,041,976	17,281,867		2,070,411
			<del></del>	_				

NOTE 6. LONG-TERM LIABILITIES (Continued)

W. O. P. M	Balance July 1, 2015	Additions	Reductions	Balance June 30, 2016	Due Within One Year
Water Quality Management Fund: General obligation serial bonds	9,865,182	8,100,000	1,303,266	16,661,916	1,891,277
Accrued general pension costs	2,192,312	635,058	1,303,200	2,827,370	1,071,277
Compensated absences	743,705	808,924	703,277	849,352	57,004
Compensated accented	12,801,199	9,543,982	2,006,543	20,338,638	1,948,281
Tennessee Valley Regional Communication Systems Fund: Compensated absences		119,145	40,856	78,289	5,254
Chattanooga Downtown Redevelopment Corporation:					
Revenue bonds	105,620,000		4,675,000	100,945,000	4,890,000
Total business-type activities Original issue premiums	<u>\$ 531,487,992</u>	<u>\$307,455,256</u>	<u>\$ 281,338,449</u>	557,604,799	\$ 30,817,117
and discounts				40,804,270	
				\$ 598,409,069	
<b>Discretely-Presented Component Units</b> Airport Authority:					
Revenue bonds	\$ 11,390,665	\$ -	\$ 702,014	\$ 10,688,651	\$ 725,518
Capital lease payable	58,660	-	50,052	8,608	8,608
Accrued postemployment benefits	146,811	-	-	146,811	-
Accrued general pension costs	890,448			1,366,588	
CARTA	12,486,584	476,140	752,066	12,210,658	734,126
CARTA:	181,981		181,981		
Notes payable Accrued general pension costs	11,358,348	3,494,048	,	12.970.112	-
Accided general pension costs	11,540,329			12,970,112	
Total component units	\$ 24,026,913	\$ 3,970,188	<u>\$ 2,816,331</u>	\$ 25,180,770	<u>\$ 734,126</u>

Principal and interest requirements to maturity for bonds and notes payable are as follows:

		Primary Government							
	Gov	Governmental Activities				Business-Type Activities			
<u>Year</u>	Princ	cipal	<u>Ir</u>	<u>iterest</u>		Principal	_	<u>Interest</u>	
2017	\$ 17,4	49,526	\$ 7	,611,908	\$	30,285,424	\$	20,661,496	
2018	18,7	54,037	6	,973,165		31,456,186		19,600,629	
2019	19,0	47,473	6	,310,940		28,284,455		18,527,101	
2020	15,8	67,069	5	,745,555		27,366,196		17,468,861	
2021	15,6	46,087	5	,258,192		27,586,160		15,417,261	
2022-2026	79,0	28,663	17	,559,723	1	144,060,437		62,179,391	
2027-2031	46,3	69,070	4	,378,673	1	145,284,521		32,978,486	
2032-2036		-		_		63,141,123		6,952,501	
2037-2041				<u>-</u>		8,975,000		1,165,625	
	\$ 212,1	61,925	\$ 53	,838,156	\$ 5	506,439,502	\$ 1	194,951,351	

# NOTE 6. LONG-TERM LIABILITIES (Continued)

	Compo	nent Units
<u>Year</u>	Principal	Interest
2017	Φ 725.516	
2017	\$ 725,518	342,034
2018	748,801	318,751
2019	3,384,100	281,354
2020	308,890	198,415
2021	319,722	2 187,583
2022-2026	5,201,620	432,057
	<u>\$ 10,688,651</u>	<u>\$ 1,760,194</u>

Principal and interest requirements to maturity for capital leases are as follows:

	<u>Primar</u>	y Governme	ent						
	Govern	Governmental Activities				Component Units			
<u>Year</u>	<u>Principal</u>	<u>I1</u>	nterest	<u>Pri</u>	ncipal	Inte	<u>erest</u>		
2017	'	590 \$	3,748	\$	8,608	\$	58		
2018	49,	<u> </u>	926						
	<u>\$ 113,</u>	<u>267</u> <u>\$</u>	4,674	\$	8,608	\$	58		

#### NOTE 7. PENSION AND OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFIT TRUSTS FUND

The City acts as Trustee for the General Pension Plan, the Fire and Police Pension Plan, and the Other Postemployment Benefit (OPEB) Plan, which are included in the accompanying financial statements as Fiduciary Funds.

#### **General Pension Plan**

The City of Chattanooga General Pension Plan (GPP) is a single-employer defined benefit pension plan that covers all permanent, full-time general City employees and employees of the Chattanooga Metropolitan Airport Authority.

#### **Plan Description**

<u>Plan administration</u> - Management of the GPP is vested in the GPP Board of Trustees, which consists of seven members. The Mayor is an ex-officio member with the other six appointed by the Mayor with the approval of a majority vote of the City Council.

Plan membership - Pension plan membership as of January 1, 2016, the valuation date, consisted of the following:

Inactive plan members or beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	1,080
Inactive plan members entitled to but not yet receiving benefits	107
Active plan members	<u>1,385</u>
Total	2,572

Benefits - The GPP provides retirement and disability benefits. The normal retirement benefit is two percent of average compensation multiplied by years of credited service up to twenty (20) years plus one percent of average earnings multiplied by years of credited service in excess of twenty (20) years. The normal retirement date is the first day of the month following the participant's attainment of age 62. Benefits are reduced on a pro rata basis for early retirement. An employee otherwise vested shall be penalized two and one-half percent for each year of age less than 62. However, if the sum of the participant's age and years of credited service is at least eighty (80), there shall be no reduction in the immediate early retirement benefit. Benefit terms provide for annual cost-of-living adjustments to each member's retirement allowance subsequent to the member's retirement date. The annual adjustment is 3.0 percent. Chapter 2, Article III, Division 17 of the City Code provides for the General Pension Plan. Future amendments to the plan provisions can be authorized by City ordinance upon recommendation from the Board of Trustees of the GPP, upon advice by the Mayor and upon receipt of an actuarial report as to the costs and actuarial soundness of such changes.

<u>Contributions</u> - The GPP Board of Trustees establishes rates based on an actuarially determined rate recommended by an independent actuary. The actuarially determined rate is the amount necessary to finance the costs of benefits earned by plan members during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. For the year ended June 30, 2016, the active member contribution rate was 2.0 percent of annual pay, and the City's contribution rate was 14.11 percent of pay.

#### **Plan Investments**

<u>Investment policy</u> - The pension plan's policy in regard to the allocation of invested assets is established and may be amended by the GPP Board of Trustees. It is the policy of the GPP Board of Trustees to pursue an investment strategy that provides sufficient return to meet its actuarial assumptions without undue investment risk. The following was the adopted asset allocation policy as of June 30, 2016:

Asset Class	Target Allocation
US large cap equity	38%
US small cap equity	7
International equity	15
US core fixed income	10
US high yield fixed income	5
International fixed developed	5
Equity hedge funds	7
Diversified hedge funds	7
Private equity	3
Private real estate	3
Total	<u>100</u> %

<u>Rate of return</u> - For the year ended June 30, 2016, the annual money-weighted rate of return on pension investments, net of pension plan investment expense, was (0.78) percent. The money-weighted rate of return expresses investment performance, net of investment expense, adjusted for the changing amounts actually invested.

#### **Partial Lump Sum Option**

The Partial Lump Sum Option (PLOP) of the GPP offers participants the option of receiving a portion of total pension benefit as a lump-sum cash payment at the time of retirement. When a participant elects the PLOP, monthly benefit payments are reduced. The PLOP payment can be paid in annual installments up to three years, depending on the participant's total credited service. The participant must have 26 years of credited service to be eligible for a one-year PLOP payment, 27 years for a two-year PLOP payment and at least 28 years for a three-year PLOP payment.

#### **Net Pension Liability**

The components of the net pension liability of the City at June 30, 2016 were as follows:

Total pension liability	\$ 331,252,472
Plan fiduciary net position	(264,066,396)
Net pension liability	<u>\$ 67,186,076</u>
Diag C 1	
Plan fiduciary net position as a	

percentage of the total pension liability

<u>Actuarial assumptions</u> - The total pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of January 1, 2016 using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2016:

79.72%

Inflation	3.0 percent
Salary increases	4.0 - 5.0 percent
Investment rate of return	7.25 percent, net of investment expenses

Mortality rates for both pre-retirement and post-retirement individuals were based on the RP 2000 combined mortality table set forward four years for males and set forward two years for females and using a Scale AA projection to 2025. Post-disability mortality rates were based on the RP 2000 disabled retiree mortality table set forward eight years for males and set forward nine years for females.

Actuarial assumptions used in the January 1, 2016 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study, dated January 7, 2014. The investment rate of return was decreased from 7.5 percent to 7.25 percent as of January 1, 2016.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target asset allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class as listed in the last actuarial experience study, dated January 7, 2014 are summarized as follows:

	Long-term Expected
Asset Class	Real Rate of Return
US large cap equity	8.5%
US small cap equity	8.2
International equity	8.3
US core fixed income	1.0
US high yield fixed income	4.8
International fixed developed	1.7
Equity hedge funds	7.5
Diversified hedge funds	7.0
Private equity	15.0
Private real estate	8.0
*Arithmetic mean	

<u>Discount rate</u> - The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.25 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan members contribute 2 percent of pay and that the Board of Trustees adopts the actuarially determined contribution rate for the employer. Projected future benefit payments for all current plan members were projected through 2128.

<u>Sensitivity of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate</u> - The following presents the sensitivity of the net pension liability of the Plan to changes in the discount rate. Analysis is calculated using the discount rate of 7.25 percent, as well as what the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.25 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.25 percent) than the current rate:

	1%	Current	1%
	Decrease	Discount Rate	Increase
	(6.25%)	(7.25%)	(8.25%)
GPP net pension liability	\$ 104,215,932	\$ 67,186,076	\$ 35,716,415

#### Fire and Police Pension Plan

The City of Chattanooga Fire and Police Pension Fund (CFPPF) is a single-employer defined benefit pension plan that provides pensions for all permanent full-time police officers and firefighters.

# **Plan Description**

<u>Plan administration</u> - Management of the CFPPF is vested in the CFPPF Board of Directors, which consists of eight members; three active members of the fire department, three active members of the police department, one appointee by the Mayor and one appointee by the City Council. There is a fulltime administrative staff that oversees daily operations.

<u>Plan membership</u> – Pension plan membership as of December 31, 2015, the valuation date, consisted of the following:

Inactive plan members or beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	769
Inactive plan members entitled to but not yet receiving benefits	22
Active plan members	851
	1,642

Benefits - The CFPPF provides retirement, disability and death benefits. Pension benefits are as follows:

For participants vested prior to July 1, 2014, the normal retirement benefit is based upon 25 years of credited service and is calculated as 2.75% of final average monthly salary for each year of service up to 25 years plus 1.25% of final average monthly salary for each year of service greater than 25 up to 30 years. For participants hired prior to July 1, 2014 and not vested, the normal retirement benefit is based upon the earlier of 28 years of credited service and age 50 with 25 years of service and is calculated as 2.75% of final average monthly salary for each years of service up to 25 years plus 1.25% of final average monthly salary for each years. For participants hired after July 1, 2014, the normal retirement benefit is based upon the earlier of 30 years of credited service and age 55 with 25 years of credited service and is calculated as 2.5% of final average monthly salary for each year of service up to 30 years.

For all participants, benefit is capped at 75% of final average monthly salary. Reduced benefit provisions are available for participants who have attained age 55 and have completed at least 10 years of credited service. Additional benefits are available in the event of death for pre-retirement employees, based on predetermined formulas. Effective July 1, 2014, cost of living adjustments are provided to retirees based on rates contingent on plan funded status percentages and increases in the consumer price index with a maximum increase of 3% per year.

Effective July 1, 2014, cost of living adjustments are provided to retirees based on rates contingent on plan funded status percentages and increases in the consumer price index with a maximum increase of 3% per year.

Chapter 2, Article III, Division 18 of the City Code provides for the Fire and Police Pension Fund. Future amendments to the plan provisions can be authorized by City ordinance upon recommendation from the Board of the City of Chattanooga Fire and Police Pension Fund, upon advice by the Mayor provided that such an amendment is not inconsistent with sound actuarial principles.

<u>Contributions</u> - The CFPPF Board of Directors establishes rates based on an actuarially determined rate recommended by an independent actuary. The actuarially determined rate is the amount necessary to finance the costs of benefits earned by plan members during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. The contribution rate and amount is determined as of January 1 and projected to July 1, so that the City's contributions are based on their fiscal year. The contribution as determined in the January 1, 2016 valuation is 30.63% of projected payroll. The active member contribution rate was either 9 or 10 percent of payroll, and will continue to increase each July 1<sup>st</sup> until they reach 11 or 12 percent effective July 1, 2016.

#### **Plan Investments**

<u>Investment policy</u> - The pension plan's policy in regard to the allocation of invested assets is established and may be amended by the CFPPF Board of Directors. It is the policy of the CFPPF Board of Directors to pursue an investment strategy that provides sufficient return to meet its actuarial assumptions without undue investment risk. The following was the adopted asset allocation policy as of June 30, 2016:

Asset Class	<u>Target Allocation</u>
Domestic equity	16%
International equity	17
Fixed income	21
Real estate	14
Hedge funds	25
Private equity	<u> </u>
	<u>100</u> %

<u>Rate of return</u> - For the year ended June 30, 2016, the annual money-weighted rate of return on pension investments, net of pension plan investment expense, was (2.61) percent. The money-weighted rate of return expresses investment performance, net of investment expense, adjusted for the changing amounts actually invested.

#### **Deferred Retirement Option Program**

Two deferred retirement option plans (DROP) are available for participants:

For plan members previously contributing 9% of pay that began contribution 10% as of July 1, 2014 and who had at least 24 years of service as of July 1, 2014, a participant may retire at any time after completing at least 25 years of service and no more than 30 years of service with the option to back-DROP for up to three years but not prior to 25 years of service. The retirement benefit amount is calculated, based upon service at the back-DROP date and final average salary at retirement. Up to 36 months of this benefit amount will be used in determining the DROP lump-sum. The DROP account along with employee contributions made during the back-DROP period is credited with 7% interest annually, compounded monthly from the back-DROP date. Eligibility for this DROP was closed in fiscal year 2009. Participant contributions are 8%.

All other participants are eligible for a modified DROP. A participant may retire at any time after completing at least 25 years of service and no more than 33 years of service with the option to back-DROP for up to three years but not prior to 25 years of service. The retirement benefit amount is calculated based upon service at the back-DROP date and final average salary at the beginning for the DROP period. Up to 36 months of this benefit amount will be used in determining the DROP lump-sum. No COLA or interest will be applied to either the DROP annuity or DROP lump-sum.

#### **Net Pension Liability**

The components of the net pension liability of the City at June 30, 2016 were as follows:

Total pension liability \$ 397,770,631 Plan fiduciary net position 208,591,942 Net pension liability \$ 189,178,689

Plan fiduciary net position as a

percentage of the total pension liability 52.44%

<u>Actuarial assumptions</u> - The total pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2015, using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2016:

Inflation 2.75 percent

Salary increases 2.75 percent plus service based merit increases
Investment rate of return 7.75 percent net of pension plan investment expenses

COLA 1.50 percent

Pre-retirement mortality rates were based on the RP-2014 Blue Collar Employee Mortality Table set forward two years. Healthy annuitant mortality rates are based on the RP-2014 Blue Collar Healthy Mortality Table set forward three years. Disabled annuitant mortality rates are based on the RP-2014 Disabled Retiree Mortality Table set forward three years. All mortality tables are projected generationally with a modified version of scale MP-2014.

The actuarial assumptions used in the December 31, 2015 valuation were based on the results of an experience study for the period January 1, 2010 through December 31, 2014 and based on changes to the retirement rate and COLA assumptions made in the conjunction with plan changes effective July 1, 2014.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the pension plan's target asset allocation as of December 31, 2015 (see the discussion of the pension plan's investment policy) are summarized in the following table:

	Long-Term Expected
Asset Class	Real Rate of Return*
Domestic equity	6.75%
International equity	7.45
Fixed income	1.75
Real estate	4.55
Hedge funds	3.75
Private equity	11.50
*Arithmetic mean	

<u>Discount rate</u> - The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.75%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at their applicable contribution rates and that City contributions will be made at rates equal to the actuarially determined contribution rate. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

<u>Sensitivity of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate</u> - The following presents the net pension liability of the CFPPF, calculated using the discount rate of 7.75 percent, as well as what the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.75 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.75 percent) than the current rate:

	1%	Current	1%
	Decrease	Discount Rate	Increase
	(6.75%)	(7.75%)	(8.75%)
CFPPF net pension liability	\$ 233,865,622	<u>\$ 189,178,689</u>	<u>\$ 151,723,631</u>

#### **Combining Statements for Pension Trust Fund**

The City of Chattanooga administered plans do not issue stand-alone financial reports and are not included in the report of a public employee retirement system or a report of another entity. The plan financial statements are as follows:

Combining Statement of Pension Trust Net Position:

Combining Statement of Pension Trust Net Position:			
	Fire and		
	General	Police	
	Pension Plan	Pension Fund	Total
ASSETS			
Receivables:	405.453	<b>A 20.151</b>	<b>A 224 525</b>
Accrued income	\$ 195,472	\$ 29,164	\$ 224,636
Total receivables	195,472	29,164	224,636
Investments:		12.201.115	15.011.101
Corporate bonds and notes	5,616,955	12,294,146	17,911,101
Preferred securities	-	2,925,848	2,925,848
Corporate stocks	69,858,816	14,006,739	83,865,555
Foreign equity	-	5,397,127	5,397,127
Mutual funds – preferred securities	-	2,921,858	2,921,858
Mutual funds – equity	21,833,218	49,161,340	70,994,558
Mutual funds – fixed income	40,183,077	20,386,713	60,569,790
Real estate	19,043,980	16,270,291	35,314,271
Hedge funds	42,944,639	62,523,417	105,468,056
Other investments	60,920,418	20,956,823	81,877,241
Temporary investments	3,657,761	1,749,752	5,407,513
Total investments	264,058,864	208,594,054	472,652,918
Total assets	264,254,336	208,623,218	472,877,554
LIABILITIES			
Accrued expenses	187,940	31,276	219,216
Total liabilities	187,940	31,276	219,216
NET POSITION RESTRICTED FOR PENSIONS	\$ 264,066,396	\$ 208,591,942	\$ 472,658,338
Combining Statement of Changes in Plan Net Position:  ADDITIONS Contributions:			
Employer	\$ 8,076,989	\$ 11,987,641	\$ 20,064,630
Employee	1,158,835	3,869,165	5,028,000
Other	-	326,393	326,393
Total contributions	9,235,824	16,183,199	25,419,023
Investments income:			
Net appreciation in fair value			
of investments	(1,591,223)	(7,557,793)	(9,149,016)
Interest	337,670	10,916	348,586
Dividends	2,074,341	2,442,496	4,516,837
	820,788	(5,104,381)	(4,283,593)
Less investment expense	(627,598)	(335,471)	(963,069)
Net investment income (loss)	193,190	(5,439,852)	(5,246,662)
Total additions	9,429,014	10,743,347	20,172,361
DEDUCTIONS			
Benefits paid to participants	18,970,026	29,511,435	48,481,461
Administrative expenses	161,500	1,269,308	1,430,808
Total deductions	19,131,526	30,780,743	49,912,269
NET CHANGE	(9,702,512)	(20,037,396)	(29,739,908)
NET POSITION RESTRICTED FOR PENSIONS			
Beginning of year	273,768,908	228,629,338	502,398,246
End of year	\$ 264,066,396	\$ 208,591,942	\$ 472,658,338
(Continued)			

#### Other Postemployment Benefits Plan

The City's OPEB plan is a single-employer defined benefit plan that is used to provide postemployment benefits other than pensions for all permanent, full-time general City employees and employees of the Chattanooga Metropolitan Airport Authority.

#### **Plan Description**

<u>Plan administration</u> - Management of the OPEB Plan vested in the General Pension Plan (GPP) Board of Trustees, which consists of seven members. The Mayor is an ex-officio member with the other six appointed by the Mayor with the approval of a majority vote of the City Council.

<u>Plan membership</u> – OPEB plan membership as of January 1, 2016, the date of the valuation, consisted of the following:

Inactive members or their beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	1,316
Inactive members entitled to but not yet receiving benefits	0
Active members	2,225
Total	<u>3,541</u>

Benefits provided - All of the City's employees may become eligible for benefits if they reach normal retirement age or certain service requirements while working for the City; those requirements are different for general employees and sworn safety employees. Those members meeting the eligibility conditions as of July 1, 2010 receive health benefits for life. Those not meeting the eligibility conditions as of July 1, 2010 receive health benefits until eligible for Medicare. A stand-alone financial report is not issued for the plan. Chapter 2, Article III, Division 17 of the City Code provides for the General Pension Plan (GPP) and OPEB Plan. Future amendments to the plan provisions can be authorized by City ordinance upon recommendation from the Board of Trustees of the GPP, upon advice by the Mayor and upon receipt of an actuarial report as to the costs and actuarial soundness of such changes.

Contributions - The City contributes to the plan at an actuarially determined rate. Retired plan members and beneficiaries are required to contribute specified amounts monthly toward the cost of health insurance premiums. Employees who retired prior to 2002 contribute an amount equal to the amount paid by active employees. Employees who retire after 2002 with 25 years of service or a job-related disability contribute an amount equal to 1.5 times that paid by active employees. Employees who retire after 2002 with less than 25 years of service or a non-job-related disability contribute an increased amount on the member of years' service less than 25 years. The City pays the remainder of the costs of medical coverage. The City established an Other Postemployment Benefits Trust (the Trust) in 2008 to partially pre-fund benefits. Beginning in 2011, the City began funding the Trust based on an actuarial calculation in which all unfunded prior service costs as well as normal costs are allocated to various funds based on applicable payroll. The City is currently contributing 13.39 percent of the total covered payroll of participants. All obligations are liquidated from the OPEB trust.

#### **Plan Investments**

<u>Investment policy</u> - The OPEB plan's policy in regard to the allocation of invested assets is established and may be amended by the GPP Board of Trustees. It is the policy of the GPP Board of Trustees to pursue an investment strategy that provides sufficient return to meet its actuarial assumptions without undue investment risk. The following was the adopted asset allocation policy as of June 30, 2016:

Asset Class	Target Allocation
US equity - large cap	38.0%
US equity - small cap	5.0
International equity	15.0
Global fixed income	15.0
E.M. debt	5.0
Private debt	5.0
Equity hedge funds	3.5
Diversified hedge funds	3.5
Real Estate	10.0
Total	100.0%

<u>Rate of return</u> - For the year ended June 30, 2016, the annual money-weighted rate of return on OPEB investments, net of OPEB plan investment expense, was (0.77) percent. The money-weighted rate of return expresses investment performance, net of investment expense, adjusted for the changing amounts actually invested.

#### **Net OPEB Liability**

The components of the net OPEB liability of the City at June 30, 2016 were as follows:

Total OPEB liability \$ 169,492,863 Plan fiduciary net position (41,557,660)

City's net OPEB liability \$ 127,935,203

Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability

24.52%

<u>Actuarial assumptions</u> - The total OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of January 1, 2016 using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2016:

Inflation 3.0 percent

Salary increases 1.5 to 5.0 percent, including inflation

Investment rate of return 7.5 percent compounded annually, net of OPEB

plan investment expenses, including inflation

Healthcare cost trend rates

Pre-medicare eligible 7.0% Medicare eligible 5.75%

Ultimate trend rate

Pre-medicare eligible 5.0% Medicare eligible 5.0%

Mortality – General Employee Deaths After Retirement: According to the RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table set forward four years for males and set forward two years for females and using a Scale AA projection to 2025, for service retirements and beneficiaries of retired participants. The RP-2000 Disabled Mortality Table set forward eight years for males and set forward nine years for females and using a Scale AA projection to 2025 is used for the period after disability retirement. Fire and Police Employee Deaths After Retirement: According to the RP 2014 Blue Collar Mortality fully generational using a modified MP-2014 projection scale and set forward three years for males and female for service retirements and beneficiaries of retired participants. The RP 2014 Disabled Mortality fully generational using a modified MP-2014 projection scale and set forward three years for both males and females is used for the period after disability retirement.

The demographic actuarial assumptions for retirement, disability incidence, withdrawal, and salary increases used in the January 1, 2016 valuation for general employees were based on the results of the last actuarial experience study, dated January 7, 2014. The demographic actuarial assumptions for retirement, disability incidence, withdrawal, and salary increases for fire and police employees reflect the results of the experience investigation of the Fire and Police Pension Fund for the period ending December 31, 2014.

The remaining actuarial assumptions (e.g., initial per capital costs, health care cost trends, rate of plan participation, rates of plan election, etc.) used in the January 1, 2016 valuation were based on a review of recent plan experience done concurrently with the January 1, 2016 valuation.

The long-term expected rate of return on plan assets is to be reviewed as part of regular experience studies prepared for the Plan every four to five years. Several factors should be considered in evaluating the long-term rate of return assumption, including long-term historical data, estimates inherent in the current market data, and a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected return, net of investment expense and inflation), as developed by the investment consultant for each major asset class. These ranges should be combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and then adding expected inflation.

The capital market assumptions to be developed by the investment consultant may cover a shorter investment horizon and may not be useful in setting the long-term rate of return for funding OPEB plans which are likely to cover a longer timeframe. The assumption is intended to be a long-term assumption and is not expected to change absent a significant change in the asset allocation, a change in the inflation assumption, or a fundamental change in the market that alters expected returns in future years.

Upon adoption of the long-term rate of return by the Plan, the target asset allocation and best estimates of expected geometric real rates of return for each major asset class, as provided by the Plan's investment consultant, are to be summarized in a manner suggested by the following table:

Asset	3-yr Expected Real
Class	Rate of Return
US equity - large cap	4.0 %
US equity - small cap	5.0 %
International equity	5.5 %
Global fixed income	-1.5 %
E.M. debt	4.5 %
Private debt	7.0 %
Equity hedge funds	4.5 %
Diversified hedge funds	4.0 %
Real Estate	7.0 %

<u>Discount rate</u> - The discount rate used to measure the OPEB liability was 7.5 percent. The plan will be funded based on the actuarially determined contribution each year in the future and therefore will not be projected to run out of money.

Based on these assumptions, the Plan's Fiduciary Net Position (FNP) was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current Plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on Plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the Total OPEB Liability (TOL). The discount rate determination does not use the Municipal Bond Index Rate. There was no change in the discount rate from the Prior Measurement Date.

<u>Sensitivity of the net OPEB liability to changes in the discount rate</u> - The following presents the net OPEB liability of the City, as well as what the City's net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage point lower (6.5 percent) or 1-percentage point higher (8.5 percent) than the current discount rate:

	 1% Decrease (6.5%)		_	1% Increase (8.5%)
Net OPEB liability (asset)	\$ 145,808,359	\$ 127,935,203	\$	112,517,327

Sensitivity of the net OPEB liability to changes in the healthcare cost trend rates. - The following presents the net OPEB liability of the City, as well as what the City's net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are 1-percentage point lower (6.0 percent decreasing to 4.0% for pre-Medicare, 4.75% decreasing 4.00% for Medicare) or 1-percentage point higher (8.0 percent decreasing to 6.0% for pre-Medicare, 6.75% decreasing to 6.00% for Medicare) than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

	Healthcare Cost			
	1% Decrease	Trend Rates	1% Increase	
Net OPEB liability (asset)	\$ 110,467,580	\$ 127,935,203	\$ 148,471,388	

Alternative measurement method – January 1, 2016 is the actuarial valuation date upon which the total OPEB liability is based. The result was rolled forward using standard actuarial techniques to the measurement date. The roll forward calculation adds the normal cost (also called the service cost) for the first half of 2016, subtracts the actual benefits payments for the six month period and then applies the expected investment rate of return for the period. If applicable, actuarial gains and losses arising from benefit changes, the differences between estimates and actual experience, and changes in assumptions or other inputs are reconciled to the total OPEB liability as of the Measurement Date.

The procedure was used to determine the total OPEB liability as of June 30, 2016, as shown in the following:

Total OPEB Liability Roll Forward

Total OPEB liability as of January 1, 2016	\$ 167,606,425
Actual benefit payment and refunds for January 1, 2016 –	
June 30, 2016	(5,828,556)
Interest on TOL	6,175,956
Service cost for the period January 1, 2016 – June 30, 2016	
at the end of the period	 1,539,039
Total OPEB liability rolled forward to June 30, 2016	\$ 169,492,864

# NOTE 8. PENSION AND OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFIT OBLIGATIONS

The primary government provides retirement benefits through three single-employer defined benefit pension plans: General Pension Plan, Fire and Police Pension Fund, and Electric Power Board of Chattanooga Retirement Plan. All permanent employees are eligible to participate in one of these retirement benefit pension plans. The component units provide retirement benefits as well. The Airport participates in the General Pension Plan while CARTA employees are covered by a separate defined benefit plan.

The primary government also provides benefits through two single-employer other postemployment benefit plans (OPEB), one for EPB employees and one for all other city employees.

The information below provides an aggregate view of these plans for both the primary government and its component units:

	Primary Government				
	Increase (Decrease)				
	Total Pension	Total Pension Plan Net			
	Liability	Position	Liability		
	(a)	(b)	(a) - (b)		
Balances at 6/30/2014	\$ 701,458,706	\$ 541,361,280	\$ 160,097,426		
Changes for the year:					
Service cost	14,672,932	-	14,672,932		
Interest expense	55,221,435	-	55,221,435		
Changes of benefit terms	-	-	-		
Experience losses (gains)	3,280,062	-	3,280,062		
Changes of assumptions	23,999,640	-	23,999,640		
Contributions – city	-	24,457,631	(24,457,631)		
Contributions – members	-	4,628,262	(4,628,262)		
Net investment income	-	17,862,524	(17,862,524)		
Benefits paid	(49,930,577)	(49,930,577)	-		
Plan administrative expenses	-	(1,160,979)	1,160,979		
Other	<u>-</u>	162,076	(162,076)		
Net changes	(44,243,492)	(3,981,063)	(48,224,555)		
Balances at 6/30/2015	\$ 745,702,198	\$ 537,380,217	<u>\$ 208,321,981</u>		

NOTE 8. PENSION AND OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFIT OBLIGATIONS (Continued)

			Co	omponent Units	
		Increase (Decrease)			
		Total	Pension	Plan Net	Net Pension
		Lia	ability	Position	Liability
			(a)	(b)	(a) – (b)
Balances at 6/30/2014		\$ 34,	,970,903 \$	22,792,014	\$ 12,178,889
Changes for the year:					
Service cost		1	,009,522	_	1,009,522
Interest expense			,525,325		2,525,325
		۷,	,525,525	-	2,323,323
Changes of benefit terms			-	-	460.020
Experience losses (gains)			460,030	-	460,030
Changes of assumptions			-	-	-
Contributions – city			-	1,534,581	(1,534,581)
Contributions – members			-	341,931	(341,931)
Net investment income			-	76,118	(76,118)
Benefits paid		(2.	,053,124)	(2,053,124)	-
Plan administrative expenses		,	- -	(115,338)	115,338
Other			_	(226)	226
Net changes		1	,941,753	(216,058)	2,157,811
Net changes		1.		(210,038)	2,137,011
Balances at 6/30/2015		<u>\$ 36.</u>	<u>,912,656</u> \$	22,575,956	<u>\$ 14,336,700</u>
	General Pension Plan	Fire & Police Pension Plan	EPB Pension Plan	CARTA Pension Pla	n <u>Totals</u>
Net pension liability	\$ 38,299,175	\$163,621,947	\$ 7,767,44	7 \$ 12,970,112	2 \$ 222,658,681
Deferred pension outflows					
Contributions	8,076,989	11,987,641	2,500,00	0 678,46	23,243,091
Change in assumptions	-	20,571,120		-	20,571,120
Difference between expected and					
actual experience	-	7,871,362	5,630,00	0 827,020	5 14,328,388
Net difference between projected and					
actual earnings on pension plan investments	8,687,047			1,128,449	9,815,496
	16,764,036	40,430,123	8,130,00	0 2,633,930	67,958,095
Deferred pension inflows					
Change in assumptions	3,792,684	-		-	3,792,684
Difference between expected and					
actual experience	269,927	-		-	- 269,927
Net difference between projected and					
actual earnings on pension plan investments	7,290,587	1,670,927	1,013,00	0	9,974,514
	11,353,198	1,670,927	1,013,00	0	14,037,125
Pension expense (income)	5,875,646	15,854,869	3,687,00	0 1,535,580	26,953,095

The following is a summary of each of these plans:

# City of Chattanooga General Pension Plan

# **General Information**

<u>Plan administration</u> - The City of Chattanooga General Pension Plan (GPP) provides pensions for all permanent, full-time general City employees and employees of the Chattanooga Metropolitan Airport Authority. Chapter 2, Article III, Division 17 of the City Code provides for the General Pension Plan. Future amendments to the plan provisions can be authorized by City ordinance upon recommendation from the Board of Trustees of the GPP, upon advice by the Mayor and upon receipt of an actuarial report as to the costs and actuarial soundness of such changes.

Benefits provided - The GPP provides retirement and disability benefits. The normal retirement benefit is two percent of average compensation multiplied by years of credited service up to twenty (20) years plus one percent of average earnings multiplied by years of credited service in excess of twenty (20) years. The normal retirement date is the first day of the month following the participant's attainment of age 62. Benefits are reduced on a pro rata basis for early retirement. An employee otherwise vested shall be penalized two and one-half percent for each year of age less than 62. However, if the sum of the participant's age and years of credited service is at least eighty (80), there shall be no reduction in the immediate early retirement benefit.

Benefit terms provide for annual cost-of-living adjustments to each member's retirement allowance subsequent to the member's retirement date. The annual cost-of-living adjustment will be made each January 1 and shall be equal to 3.0 percent.

A Partial Lump Sum Option (PLOP) of the GPP offers participants the option of receiving a portion of total pension benefit as a lump-sum cash payment at the time of retirement. When a participant elects the PLOP, monthly benefit payments are reduced. The PLOP payment can be paid in annual installments up to three years, depending on the participant's total credited service. The participant must have 26 years of credited service to be eligible for a one-year PLOP payment, 27 years for a two-year PLOP payment and at least 28 years for a three-year PLOP payment.

Employees covered by benefit terms – The following employees were covered by the benefit terms as of January 1, 2015, the valuation date:

Inactive employees or beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	1,030
Inactive employees entitled to but not yet receiving benefits	102
Active employees	<u>1,400</u>
	<u>2,532</u>

<u>Contributions</u> - The GPP Board of Trustees establishes rates based on an actuarially determined rate recommended by an independent actuary. The actuarially determined rate is the amount necessary to finance the costs of benefits earned by plan members during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. For the year ended June 30, 2015, the active member contribution rate was 2.0 percent of annual pay, and the City's contribution rate was 13.91 percent of the total covered payroll of participants.

# **Net Pension Liability**

The City's net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2015, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of January 1, 2015, rolled-forward to June 30, 2016.

<u>Actuarial assumptions</u> - The total pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of January 1, 2015, using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement.

Inflation 3.0 percent
Salary increases 4.0 - 5.0 percent, including inflation
Investment rate of return 7.50 percent, net of pension plan investment expenses, including inflation

COLA 3.0 percent

Both pre-retirement and post-retirement mortality rates were based on the RP 2000 combined mortality table set forward four years for males and set forward two years for females and using a Scale AA projection to 2025. Post-disability mortality rates were based on the RP 2000 disabled retiree mortality table set forward eight years for males and set forward nine years for females. The actuarial assumptions used in the January 1, 2015 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study, dated January 7, 2014.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target <u>Allocation</u>	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
US large cap equity	38.0%	8.5%
US small cap equity	7.0	8.2
International equity	15.0	8.3
US core fixed income	10.0	1.0
US high yield fixed income	5.0	4.8
International fixed developed	5.0	1.7
Equity hedge funds	7.0	7.5
Diversified hedge funds	7.0	7.0
Private equity	3.0	15.0
Private real estate	3.0	8.0
	<u>100.0</u> %	

<u>Discount rate</u> - The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.5 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that City contributions will be made at rates equal to the actuarially determined contribution rate. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

#### **Changes in Net Pension Liability**

	Increase (Decrease)				
	Total Pension	Net Pension			
	Liability	Position	Liability		
	(a)	(b)	(a) – (b)		
Balances at 6/30/2014	\$ 301,276,271	\$ 272,825,468	\$ 28,450,803		
Changes for the year:					
Service cost	6,381,168	=	6,381,168		
Interest expense	21,950,480	-	21,950,480		
Changes of assumptions	(333,439)	=	(333,439)		
Contributions – city	-	7,925,195	(7,925,195)		
Contributions – members	-	1,140,121	(1,140,121)		
Net investment income	-	9,290,101	(9,290,101)		
Benefits paid	(17,206,397)	(17,206,397)	-		
Plan administrative expenses	<u>-</u>	(205,580)	205,580		
Net changes	10,791,812	943,440	9,848,372		
Balances at 6/30/2015	<u>\$ 312,068,083</u>	<u>\$ 273,768,908</u>	<u>\$ 38,299,175</u>		

<u>Changes in actuarial assumptions</u> – There have been no changes in actuarial assumptions and methods used in the measurement of the total pension liability since the prior measurement date.

Sensitivity of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate - The following presents the net pension liability of the City, calculated using the discount rate of 7.5 percent, as well as what the City's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.5 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.5 percent) than the current rate:

	1%	Current	1%
	Decrease (6.5%)	Discount Rate (7.5%)	Increase (8.5%)
City's net pension liability	\$ 73,179,998	\$ 38,299,175	<u>\$ 8,642,591</u>

<u>Pension plan fiduciary net position</u> – The plan does not issue a separate financial report. Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is found in Note 7.

# Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

For the year ended June 30, 2016, the City recognized pension expense of \$5,665,992 with an additional \$209,654 for the Airport Authority, a component unit of the City.

Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions are as follows:

	(	Primary Government	 Authority	Airport Total
Deferred contributions	\$	7,788,787	\$ 288,202	\$ 8,076,989
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments		8,377,077	 309,970	 8,687,047
Total deferred outflow of resources	\$	16,165,864	\$ 598,172	\$ 16,764,036

Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions are as follows:

	(	Primary Government		Airport Authority	 Total
Changes of assumptions Difference between expected and actual experience	\$	3,657,354 260,295	\$	135,330 9,632	\$ 3,792,684 269,927
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments		7,030,445	_	260,142	 7,290,587
Total deferred inflow of resources	\$	10,948,094	\$	405,104	\$ 11,353,198

Amounts reported as deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ended June 30,	
2017	\$ 1,372,551
2018	1,372,551
2019	1,372,551
2020	(1,467,380)
2021	15,879
	\$ 2,666,152

# Payable to the Pension Plan

At June 30, 2016, the City reported a payable of \$0 for the outstanding amount of contributions to the pension plan.

#### Fire and Police Pension Fund

#### **General Information**

<u>Plan administration</u> - The City of Chattanooga Fire and Police Pension Fund (CFPPF) provides pensions for all sworn members of the City's Fire and Police Departments. Chapter 2, Article III, Division 18 of the City Code provides for the Fire and Police Pension Fund. Future amendments to the plan provisions can be authorized by City ordinance upon recommendation from the Board of the City of Chattanooga Fire and Police Pension Fund, upon advice by the Mayor provided that such an amendment is not inconsistent with sound actuarial principles.

Benefits provided - The CFPPF provides retirement, disability and death benefits.

For participants vested as of July 1, 2014, the normal retirement benefit is based upon 25 years of credited service and is calculated as 2.75% of final average monthly salary for each year of service up to 25 years plus 1.25% of final average monthly salary for each year of service greater than 25 up to 30 years. For participants hired prior to July 1, 2014 but not vested as of July 1, 2014, the normal retirement benefit is based upon the earlier of 28 years of credited service or age 50 with 25 years of credited service and is calculated as 2.75% of final average monthly salary for each year of service up to 25 years plus 1.25% of final average monthly salary for each year of service greater than 25 up to 30 years.

For participants hired after July 1, 2014, the normal retirement benefit is based the earlier of 30 years of credited service or age 55 with 25 years of credited service and is calculated as 2.50% of final average monthly salary for each year of service up to 30 years.

For all participants, benefit is capped at 75% of final average monthly salary. Reduced benefit provisions are available for participants who have attained age 55 and have completed at least 10 years of credited service. Additional benefits are available in the event of death for pre-retirement employees, based on predetermined formulas. Benefit terms provide for potential cost-of-living adjustments. Effective July 1, 2014, cost-of-living adjustments are provided to retirees based on rates contingent on plan funded status percentages and increases in the consumer price index with a maximum increase of 3% per year.

Two deferred retirement option plans (DROP) are available for participants:

The original DROP applies to members who previously contributed 9% of pay and began contributing 10% as of July 1, 2014 and who had at least 24 years of service as of July 1, 2014. Those participants may retire at any time after completing at least 25 years of service and no more than 30 years of service with the option to back-DROP for up to three years but not prior to 25 years of service. The retirement benefit amount is calculated, based upon service at the back-DROP date and final average salary at retirement. Up to 36 months of this benefit amount will be used in determining the DROP lump-sum. The DROP account along with employee contributions made during the back-DROP period is credited with 7% interest annually, compounded monthly from the back-DROP date.

All other participants are eligible for a modified DROP. A participant may retire at any time after completing at least 25 years of service and no more than 33 years of service with the option to back-DROP for up to three years but not prior to 25 years of service. The retirement benefit amount is calculated based upon service at the back-DROP date and final average salary at the beginning for the DROP period. Up to 36 months of this benefit amount will be used in determining the DROP lump-sum. No COLA or interest will be applied to either the DROP annuity or DROP lump-sum.

<u>Employees covered by benefit terms</u> – The following employees were covered by the benefit terms as of December 31, 2014, the valuation date:

Inactive plan members or beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	761
Inactive plan members entitled to but not yet receiving benefits	11
Active plan members	<u>850</u>
	1,622

<u>Contributions</u> - The CFPPF Board of Directors establishes rates based on an actuarially determined rate recommended by an independent actuary. The actuarially determined rate is the amount necessary to finance the costs of benefits earned by plan members during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. For the year ended June 30, 2015, the active member contribution rate was either 10 or 11 percent of payroll, and will continue to increase each July 1<sup>st</sup> until they reach 11 or 12 percent effective July 1, 2016. The City's contribution rate was 26.19% of the total covered payroll of participants.

# **Net Pension Liability**

The City's net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2014 and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2014, rolled-forward to June 30, 2015.

<u>Actuarial assumptions</u> - The total pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2014, using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement.

Inflation 2.75 percent

Salary increases	2.75 percent plus service based merit increases
Investment rate of return	7.75 percent
COLA	1.50 percent

Pre-retirement mortality rates were based on the RP-2014 Blue Collar Employee Mortality Table set forward two years. Healthy annuitant mortality rates are based on the RP-2014 Blue Collar Healthy Mortality Table set forward three years. Disabled annuitant mortality rates are based on the RP-2014 Disabled Retiree Mortality Table set forward three years. All mortality tables are projected generationally with a modified version of scale MP-2014. The actuarial assumptions used in the December 31, 2014 valuation were based on the results of an experience study for the period January 1, 2010 through December 31, 2014 and based on changes to the retirement rate and COLA assumptions made in the conjunction with plan changes effective July 1, 2014.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target <u>Allocation</u>	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
Domestic equity	16%	6.70%
International equity	17	7.40
Fixed income	21	1.60
Real estate	14	4.50
Hedge funds	25	3.60
Private equity	7	11.80
2 2	<u>100</u> %	

<u>Discount rate</u> - The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.75 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at their applicable rates and that City contributions will be made at rates equal to the actuarially determined contribution rate. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

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#### **Changes in Net Pension Liability**

	Increase (Decrease)				
	Total Pension	Total Pension Plan Net Net Pension			
	Liability	Position	Liability		
	(a)	(b)	(a) – (b)		
Balances at 6/30/2014	\$ 362,580,187	\$ 236,052,384	\$ 126,527,803		
Changes for the year:					
Service cost	5,754,036	-	5,754,036		
Interest expense	27,011,054	-	27,011,054		
Difference between expected and					
actual experience	1,007,292	-	1,007,292		
Change of assumptions	23,999,640	=	23,999,640		
Contributions – city	-	11,115,222	(11,115,222)		
Contributions – members	-	3,528,823	(3,528,823)		
Net investment income	-	6,760,919	(6,760,919)		
Benefits paid	(28,100,924)	(28,100,924)	-		
Plan administrative expenses	-	(889,162)	889,162		
Other		162,076	(162,076)		
Net changes	29,671,098	(7,423,046)	37,094,144		
Balances at 6/30/2015	<u>\$ 392,251,285</u>	<u>\$ 228,629,338</u>	<u>\$ 163,621,947</u>		

<u>Changes in actuarial assumptions</u> – A detailed study of experience for the five-year period ending December 31, 2014 was performed. The recommendations of the study were adopted by the Board on April 16, 2015 and detailed in the notes for fiscal year ended June 30, 2015.

<u>Sensitivity of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate</u> - The following presents the net pension liability of the City, calculated using the discount rate of 7.75 percent, as well as what the City's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.75 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.75 percent) than the current rate:

(6.75%) (7.75%) (8.75%)  Citu's not paneion liability \$ 207.605.447 \$ 163.621.047 \$ 126.700.121		Decrease	Discount Rate	I% Increase
	City's net pension liability	\$ 207.695.447	\$ 163.621.947	\$ 126,700,121

<u>Pension plan fiduciary net position</u> – The plan does not issue a separate financial report. Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is found in Note 7.

#### Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

For the year ended June 30, 2016, the City recognized \$15,854,869 in pension expense. Deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions are as follows:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Difference between expected and actual experience Change of assumptions Deferred contributions	\$ 7,871,362 20,571,120 11,987,641	\$ - - -
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments	<u>-</u> _	 1,670,927
Total	\$ 40,430,123	\$ 1,670,927

Deferred outflows of resources totaling \$11,987,641 represent contributions made after the plan's valuation date. Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources, excluding deferred contributions, related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ended June 30	,	
2017	\$	3,681,750
2018		3,681,750
2019		3,681,749
2020		7,179,876
2021		4,974,012
Thereafter	_	3,572,418
	\$	26,771,555

# Payable to the Pension Plan

At June 30, 2016, the City reported a payable of \$0 for the outstanding amount of contributions to the pension plan.

# **Electric Power Board of Chattanooga Retirement Plan**

#### **General Information**

<u>Plan administration</u> - The Electric Power Board of Chattanooga Retirement Plan (Plan) provides retirement benefits to all employees who have completed six months of employment. The Plan assigns the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions to EPB. A stand-alone financial report is not issued for this plan.

<u>Benefits provided</u> – The Plan provides retirement and death benefits. The normal monthly retirement benefit formula provides that each participant will receive a monthly payment in the form of a single life annuity with sixty monthly guaranteed payments. The monthly payments are computed at the rate of 2% of final monthly salary for the first twenty years of service; 1.25% for the next ten years of service; 0.5% for the next five years of service. Computation is capped at 35 years.

A participant who has completed five or more years of credited service and who has attained age fifty-five may be entitled to receive an early retirement benefit. The early retirement benefit is equal to the amount of the accrued benefit reduced by 0.4% for each month by which the early retirement date precedes the normal retirement date.

The death benefit is a survivor annuity benefit if the participant was vested and married under prescribed conditions.

Final monthly salary is the three-year average of base salary on the actual retirement date and the two previous August 1sts. The normal retirement date is the first day of the month coincident with the participant's 65<sup>th</sup> birthday or having five years of participation in the plan.

Employees covered by benefit terms – The following employees were covered by the benefit terms as of June 30, 2016:

Inactive plan members or beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	15
Inactive plan members entitled to but not yet receiving benefits	121
Active plan members	<u>487</u>
	<u>623</u>

<u>Contributions</u> – Plan members are not required to contribute to the Plan. EPB's contributions are calculated based on an actuarially determined rate, which is currently 12.60% of annual covered payroll.

#### **Net Pension Liability**

EPB's net pension liability was measured as of August 1, 2015, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date.

<u>Actuarial assumptions</u> - The total pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of August 1, 2015, using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement.

Inflation1.5 percentSalary increases3.0 percentInvestment rate of return7.5 percent

Mortality rates were based on the UP-1984 Mortality Table for males and females.

The actuarial assumptions used in the August 1, 2015 valuation were based on the results of an experience study for the period August 1, 2012 through July 31, 2014.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

NOTE 8. PENSION AND OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFIT OBLIGATIONS (Continued)

Asset Class	Target <u>Allocation</u>	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
Domestic equity	40-50%	6.2%
International equity	20-30	5.9
Fixed income	20-30	1.9
Real estate	0-10	5.1
Cash	0-10	0.0

<u>Discount rate</u> - The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.5 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that EPB contributions will be made at rates equal to the actuarially determined contribution rate. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

#### **Changes in Net Pension Liability**

	Increase (Decrease)					
	ŗ	Fotal Pension Liability		Plan Net Position	N	Vet Pension Liability
	_	(a)		(b)		(a) – (b)
Balances at 6/30/2014	\$	48,352,360	\$	42,218,360	\$	6,134,000
Changes for the year:						
Service cost		2,765,420		-		2,765,420
Interest expense		4,043,136		-		4,043,136
Difference between expected and						
actual experience		2,594,311		-		2,594,311
Contributions – EPB		-		5,700,000		(5,700,000)
Net investment income		-		2,142,992		(2,142,992)
Benefits paid		(5,237,213)		(5,237,213)		-
Plan administrative expenses				(73,572)		73,572
Net changes		4,165,654		2,532,207		1,633,447
Balances at 6/30/2015	<u>\$</u>	52,518,014	\$	44,750,567	\$	7,767,447

Sensitivity of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate - The following presents the net pension liability of the City, calculated using the discount rate of 7.5 percent, as well as what the City's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.5 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.5 percent) than the current rate:

	1%	Current	1%
	Decrease	Discount Rate	Increase
	(6.5%)	(7.5%)	(8.5%)
Citat's net name in tightility	¢ 12.010.249	¢ 7.767.447	¢ (4.926.976)
City's net pension liability	<u>\$ 13,019,248</u>	<u>\$ 7,767,447</u>	<u>\$ (4,836,876)</u>

The plan does not issue a separate report.

# Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

For the year ended June 30, 2016, EPB recognized \$3,687,000 in pension expense. Deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions are as follows:

	Deferred Outflows of		Deferred Inflows of	
		Resources	_	Resources
Difference between expected and actual experience Deferred contributions	\$	5,630,000 2,500,000	\$	-
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments		<u>-</u>		1,013,000
Total	\$	8,130,000	\$	1,013,000

Deferred outflows of resources totaling \$2,500,000 represent contributions made after the plan's valuation date. Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources, excluding deferred contributions, related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ended June 30	,	
2017	\$	(43,648)
2018		(43,648)
2019		(43,648)
2020		562,778
2021		361,170
Thereafter		3,824,261
	\$	4,617,265

#### Payable to the Pension Plan

At June 30, 2016, the City reported a payable of \$0 for the outstanding amount of contributions to the pension plan.

#### **Other Postemployment Benefits (City)**

#### **Plan Description**

The City maintains a postemployment healthcare plan for retirees and their dependents. Substantially all of the City's employees may become eligible for benefits if they reach normal retirement age or certain service requirements while working for the City; those requirements are different for general employees and sworn safety employees. Those members meeting the eligibility conditions as of July 1, 2010 receive health benefits for life. Those not meeting the eligibility conditions as of July 1, 2010 receive health benefits until eligible for Medicare. A stand-alone financial report is not issued for the plan.

Future amendments to the plan provisions can be authorized by City ordinance upon recommendation from the Board of Trustees of the General Pension Plan, a statement of impact from the actuary, and a favorable opinion of the Office of Mayor.

# **Funding Policy**

The City contributes to the plan at an actuarially determined rate. Retired plan members and beneficiaries are required to contribute specified amounts monthly toward the cost of health insurance premiums. Employees who retired prior to 2002 contribute an amount equal to the amount paid by active employees.

Employees who retire after 2002 with 25 years of service or a job-related disability contribute an amount equal to 1.5 times that paid by active employees. Employees who retire after 2002 with less than 25 years of service or a non-job-related disability contribute an amount increased on a pro rata year's basis. The City pays the remainder of the costs of medical coverage.

The City established an Other Postemployment Benefits Trust (the Trust) in 2008 to partially pre-fund benefits. Beginning in 2011, the City began funding the Trust based on an actuarial calculation in which all unfunded prior service costs as well as normal costs are allocated to various funds based on applicable payroll. The City's contribution rate was 13.65 percent of the total covered payroll of participants.

# **Annual OPEB Cost and Net OPEB Obligation**

The City's annual OPEB cost and net OPEB obligation for the current year were as follows:

Annual required contribution	\$ 12,759,200
Interest on net OPEB obligation	1,990,629
Adjustment to annual required contribution	 (2,090,531)
Annual OPEB cost	12,659,298
Contributions made	 (15,656,414)
Decrease in net OPEB obligation	(2,997,116)
Net OPEB obligation:	
Beginning of year	 26,541,722
End of year	\$ 23,544,606

The City's Annual OPEB Cost, percentage of OPEB Cost contributed, and Net OPEB Obligation for the current year and each of the two preceding years were as follows:

		Annual	Percentage of	Net
		OPEB	OPEB Cost	OPEB
	Year Ended	<u>Cost</u>	<u>Contributed</u>	<u>Obligation</u>
Other Postemployment	6/30/16	\$12,659,298	123.7%	\$ 23,544,606
Benefits	6/30/15	12,648,284	123.1%	26,541,722
	6/30/14	13,157,560	114.5%	29,467,895

# **Funded Status and Funding Progress**

As of the most recent actuarial valuation date, the funded status of the plan was as follows:

Actuarial valuation date	Ja	nuary 1, 2016
Actuarial accrued liability (AAL)	\$	167,606,425
Actuarial value of plan assets		38,150,475
Unfunded actuarial accrued liability (UAAL)	\$	129,455,950
Funded ratio (actuarial value of plan assets/AAL)		22.8%
Covered payroll (annual payroll of active		
employees covered by the plan)	\$	96,436,271
UAAL as a percentage of covered payroll		134.2%

Actuarial valuations for OPEB plans involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. These actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. The schedule of funding progress, presented as supplementary information, provides multi-year trend information about whether the actuarial value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liability for benefits.

#### **Actuarial Methods and Assumptions**

The annual required contribution for the plan is as follows:

Actuarial cost method	Entry Age Normal
Amortization method	Level Dollar Open
Remaining amortization period	30 Years
Asset valuation method	Market Value
Investment rate of return*	7.50%
Healthcare trend:	
Pre-Medicare	7.00 - 5.00%
Medicare	5.75 - 5.00%
*Includes inflation at 3.00%.	

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of benefit costs between the employer and the plan members to that point. The actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets.

#### **Other Postemployment Benefits (EPB)**

#### **Plan Description**

The Electric Power Board of Chattanooga Post Employment Health and Welfare Benefit Plan (the Plan) provides health and life insurance benefits to plan members and is administered by an individual designated by EPB. Eligible retirees and their dependents may continue healthcare coverage through EPB, and retirees after July 1, 1994 received a lump sum death benefit from the Plan. The Plan assigns the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions to EPB. A stand-alone financial report is not issued for this plan.

#### **Funding Policy**

The required contribution is based on pay-as-you-go financing requirements. For fiscal year 2016, EPB contributed approximately \$1.7 million (approximately 85 percent of total claims). Presently, EPB has the option of prefunding a "Voluntary Employees' Beneficiary Association Trust" (VEBA) to pay post-employment benefit claims. During fiscal year 2016, EPB had no additional funding to the VEBA for post-employment benefit claims.

The EPB's annual other postemployment benefit cost is calculated based on the annual required contribution of the employer (ARC), an amount actuarially determined in accordance with the parameters of GASB Statement No. 45. The ARC represents a level of funding that, if paid on an ongoing basis, is projected to cover normal cost each year and amortize any unfunded actuarial liabilities (or funding excess) over a period not to exceed twenty years.

#### **Annual OPEB Cost and Net OPEB Obligation**

EPB's annual OPEB cost and net OPEB obligation for the current year was as follows:

Annual required contribution	\$ 1,925,253
Interest on net OPEB obligation	578,160
Adjustment to annual required contribution	 (761,375)
Annual OPEB cost	1,742,038
Contributions made	 (1,716,234)
Change in net OPEB obligation	25,804
Net OPEB obligation:	
Beginning of year	 8,894,769
End of year	\$ 8,920,573

EPB's Annual OPEB Cost, percentage of OPEB Cost contributed, and Net OPEB Obligation for the current year and each of the two preceding years were as follows:

	Year Ended	Annual OPEB <u>Cost</u>	Percentage of OPEB Cost Contributed	Net OPEB <u>Obligation</u>
Other Postemployment Benefits	6/30/16 6/30/15 6/30/14	\$ 1,742,038 1,565,222 2,039,255	98.50% 130.00% 84.70%	\$ 8,920,573 8,894,770 9,365,436

#### **Funded Status and Funding Progress**

As of the most recent actuarial valuation date, the funded status of the plan was as follows:

Actuarial valuation date	J	uly 1, 2015
Actuarial accrued liability (AAL)	\$	25,756,143
Actuarial value of plan assets		20,784,362
Unfunded actuarial accrued liability (UAAL)	\$	4,971,781
Funded ratio (actuarial value of plan assets/AAL)		80.7%
Covered payroll (annual payroll of active		
employees covered by the plan)	\$	37,644,000
UAAL as a percentage of covered payroll		13.2%

Actuarial valuations for OPEB plans involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality, and the healthcare cost trend. Amounts determined regarding the funded status of the plan and the annual required contributions of EPB are subject to continual revisions as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. The schedule of funding progress, presented as supplementary information, provides multi-year trend information about whether the actuarial value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liability for benefits.

Complete schedule funding progress may be found on page B-13.

### **Actuarial Methods and Assumptions**

The annual required contribution for each plan is as follows:

Actuarial cost method Projected Unit Credit
Amortization method Level Dollar Closed
Remaining amortization period 20 Years
Asset valuation method 3-year Smoothed Market
Investment rate of return 6.50%
Healthcare trend 7.5% initial, 5.5% ultimate

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employer and the plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each evaluation and the historical pattern of sharing benefit costs between the employer and plan members to that point. The actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce the effects of short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets, consistent with long-term perspective of the calculations.

#### **City Deferred Compensation Plan**

The City offers its employees a deferred compensation plan created in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 457. The plan, available to all City employees, permits them to defer a portion of their salary until future years. The deferred compensation is not available to employees until termination, retirement, death, or unforeseeable emergency.

Assets in the plan are recorded at market value but are administered by private corporations under contract with the City. It is the opinion of the City's legal counsel that the City has no liability for losses under the plan but does have the duty of due care that would be required of an ordinary prudent investor.

The following is a summary of activity in the Plan for the year:

Asset balance at July 1, 2015	\$ 27,383,516
Deferrals of compensation	3,260,145
Earnings (losses)	168,859
Withdrawals	(2,749,781)
Administrative expenses	 (22,695)
Asset balance at June 30, 2016	\$ 28,040,044

#### EPB 401(k) Plan

Effective August 1, 1984, EPB implemented a 401(k) defined contribution plan, the EPB Retirement Savings Plan, which allows employees to invest up to 100% of their salary in a tax-deferred savings plan. EPB contributes 100% matching contribution up to 4.0% of an employee's salary after one year of employment. All employees who have completed three months of employment and have attained age 18 are eligible to participate in the 401(k) defined contribution plan. Participating employees are immediately fully vested in EPB contributions, which amounted to approximately \$1.2 million in fiscal year 2016. Employee contributions were approximately \$2.8 million in fiscal year 2015. The EPB Retirement Savings Plan is administered by an individual designated by EPB; the EPB Retirement Savings Plan assigns the authority to establish and amend the plan to EPB.

# **Pension Plans of Component Units**

Chattanooga Area Regional Transportation Authority (CARTA or Authority) is the only component unit with separate defined benefit pension plans. As of June 30, 2016, CARTA has two plans, The Disability and Retirement Plan and The Defined Benefit Plan. Condensed disclosures for CARTA's defined benefit pension plans are as follows:

#### **General Information**

<u>Plan administration</u> – The Disability and Retirement Plan of the Chattanooga Area Regional Transportation Authority and Local 1212 of the Amalgamated Transit Union (Plan) is administered by a committee of four persons, two appointed by Union and two appointed by CARTA. The Plan issues a stand-alone financial report which may be obtained by writing to CARTA, 1617 Wilcox Boulevard, Chattanooga, Tennessee, 37406. The Chattanooga Area Regional Transportation Authority Defined Benefit Plan covers only one retiree. Complete pension disclosures are in CARTA's separately-issued financial statements.

<u>Benefits provided</u> – All full-time, permanent employees who have completed at least 60 days of employment are eligible to participate in the Plan. Participants who retire at or after age 65 with 5 years of continuous service, or when the sum of the employee's age and number of completed continuous years of service equals or exceeds 85, are entitled to a monthly benefit.

<u>Employees covered by benefit terms</u> – The following employees were covered by the benefit terms as of January 1, 2016, the valuation date, inclusive of both plans:

Inactive employees or beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	98
Inactive employees entitled to but not yet receiving benefits	10
Active employees	<u>162</u>
	<u>270</u>

<u>Contributions</u> – All participants are required to make a contribution equal to 4.0 percent of their earnings, with CARTA contributing 12.6 percent. There are no contributions associated with the single member plan.

# **Net Pension Liability**

The Authority's net pension liability was measured as of January 1, 2016, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date.

<u>Discount rate</u> - The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.5 percent and 5.5 percent (single member plan). The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that Authority contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates and member rates.

# **Changes in Net Pension Liability**

The following is the combined net pension liability combined for both defined benefit plans.

	Increase (Decrease)						
	Total Pension Plan Net			Net Pension			
	Liability			Position		Liability	
		(a)		(b)	_	(a) - (b)	
Balances at 1/1/15	\$	24,220,791	\$	13,057,082	\$	11,163,709	
Changes for the year:							
Service cost		781,830		-		781,830	
Interest expense		1,742,090		-		1,742,090	
Difference between expected and							
actual experience		471,928		-		471,928	
Contributions – CARTA		-		1,251,795		(1,251,795)	
Contributions – members		-		301,249		(301,249)	
Net investment income		-		(255,370)		255,370	
Benefits paid		(1,439,167)		(1,439,167)		-	
Plan administrative expenses		-		(108,003)		108,003	
Other				(226)		226	
Net changes		1,556,681		(249,722)		1,806,403	
Balances at 1/1/16	<u>\$</u>	25,777,472	\$	12,807,360	\$	12,970,112	

<u>Sensitivity of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate</u> - The following presents the net pension liability of the Authority, calculated using the discount rate of 7.5 percent for the Disability and Retirement Plan and 5.5 percent for the Defined Benefit Plan, as well as what the Authority's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current rate:

		1%		Current		1%
		Decrease	Ι	Discount Rate		Increase
	(6	5.5% & 4.5%)	(	7.5% & 5.5%)	(8.	5% & 6.5%)
Authority's net pension liability:						
Disability and Retirement Plan	\$	15,512,702	\$	12,669,401	\$	10,281,635
Defined Benefit Plan		411,574		300,711		206,619

#### Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

For the year ended June 30, 2016, the Authority recognized pension expense of \$1,535,580. Deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions are as follows:

		Deferred utflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources		
Difference between expected and actual experience Deferred contributions Net difference between projected and actual	\$	827,026 678,461	\$	-	
earnings on pension plan investments		1,128,449		<u>-</u> _	
Total	\$	2,633,936	\$		

# NOTE 8. PENSION AND OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFIT OBLIGATIONS (Continued)

Amounts reported as deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ended June 30,	
2016	\$ 439,863
2017	454,239
2018	454,241
2019	404,497
2020	172,359
Thereafter	 30,276

\$ 1,955,475

# **Other Postemployment Benefits of Component Units**

#### **Plan Description**

CARTA provides health care, life insurance, and supplemental retirement benefits for certain members of management and their spouses. The plan is a single-employer defined benefit plan; participants of this plan who retire are entitled to a monthly benefit.

# **Funding Policy**

CARTA pays for all of the costs of the health care, life insurance, and supplemental retirement benefits. The contribution requirements are established and may be amended by CARTA's Board of Directors. Plan members are currently not required to contribute.

# **Annual OPEB Cost and Net OPEB Obligation**

For the year ended June 30, 2016, the annual OPEB cost is equal to the annual required contribution of \$34,948, as determined by actuarial valuations performed as of July 1, 2015, respectively.

The Authority's Annual OPEB Cost, percentage of OPEB Cost contributed, and Net OPEB Obligation for the current year and each of the two preceding years were as follows:

		Annual	Percentage of	Net
		OPEB	OPEB Cost	OPEB
	Year Ended	Cost	<u>Contributed</u>	Obligation (Asset)
Other Postemployment	6/30/16	\$ 42,165	40.3%	\$ (60,935)
Benefits	6/30/15	38,529	114.4%	(97,643)
	6/30/14	47,385	308.4%	(94,017)

# **Actuarial Methods and Assumptions**

The annual required contribution for the plan is as follows:

Actuarial cost method	Projected Unit Credit
Remaining amortization period	10 Years
Inflation rate	3.00%
Projected salary increases	0.00%
Interest rate	3.00%
Healthcare cost trend rate	7.25%

# NOTE 9. FUND BALANCE

The City Council has adopted a policy to maintain a minimum level of unrestricted fund balance (the total of committed, assigned and unassigned components of fund balance) in the General Fund. The target level is a balance equal to a minimum of 15% of General Fund revenues and transfers in. This amount is intended to provide for one-time capital needs or for emergency expenditures which meet specific guidelines. If fund balance falls below the minimum target level, the policy provides for actions to replenish the amount to the minimum target level within a three-year period. For the year ended June 30, 2016, the minimum fund balance per policy is \$38.2 million. The current unrestricted fund balance is \$75.4 million.

Fund Balances:	General Fund	Capital Projects Fund	Other Governmenta Funds	ıl <u>Total</u>
Nonspendable				
Endowments	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 4,411,028	\$ 4,411,028
Inventory	859,387	Ψ -	ψ 1,111,020 -	859,387
Long-term notes receivable	658,115	388,946	_	1,047,061
Prepaid expenses	4,000	-	14,519	18,519
Restricted	1,000		11,517	10,517
Law enforcement	67,393	_	1,675,330	1,742,723
Economic development	5,570,846	_	11,780	5,582,626
African-American Museum	72,211	_	11,700	72,211
Special programs	213,600	_	_	213,600
Capital projects	213,000	61,184,196	_	61,184,196
Library Endowment	-	01,164,190	133,864	133,864
Social services program	-	-	741,314	
State street aid	-	-		741,314
	-	-	3,559,897	3,559,897
Community development	-	-	1,412,358	1,412,358
Hotel-Motel tax revenue pledge	-	-	4,160,740	4,160,740
Regional Planning Agency	-	-	558,304	558,304
Air Pollution Control Bureau	-	-	345,531	345,531
Committed	2 50 02 4			2.50.02.4
Law enforcement	260,934	-	-	260,934
Economic development	194,882	-	-	194,882
Free Public Library	117,008	-	-	117,008
African-American Museum	72,212	-	-	72,212
Regional Planning Agency	-	-	3,636,551	3,636,551
Air Pollution Control Bureau	-	-	518,297	518,297
Scenic Cities Beautiful Commission	-	-	96,748	96,748
Debt service	-	-	2,161,977	2,161,977
Assigned				
Public Library	1,556,630	-	-	1,556,630
Special programs	4,557,487	-	-	4,557,487
River Pier garage	-	-	1,315,448	1,315,448
Other purposes	2,716,649	-	-	2,716,649
Unassigned	65,922,139			65,922,139
		*	<b>**</b> • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	
Total fund balances	<u>\$ 82,843,493</u>	<u>\$61,573,142</u>	<u>\$24,753,686</u>	<u>\$ 169,170,321</u>
Summary for Governmental Funds				
Balance Sheet:				
Nonspendable	\$ 1,521,502	\$ 388,946	\$ 4,425,547	\$ 6,335,995
Restricted	5,924,050	61,184,196	12,599,118	79,707,364
Committed	645,036	-	6,413,573	7,058,609
Assigned	8,830,766	-	1,315,448	10,146,214
Unassigned	65,922,139			65,922,139
Total fund balances	\$ 82,843,493	\$61,573,142	\$24,753,686	\$ 169,170,321
Total fulla balances	<u>Ψ 02,043,493</u>	$\Psi01,575,142$	$\psi = \tau, \tau = 0.000$	$\frac{\psi}{}$ 107,170,321

### NOTE 10. INTERFUND RECEIVABLES AND PAYABLES

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund	<u>A</u>	mount
Nonmajor Governmental Funds (Debt Service)	Capital Projects Fund	\$	29,830
Capital Projects Fund	Nonmajor Governmental Funds		204,418
	(Hotel/Motel)		
Internal Service Fund	Capital Project Fund		716,105
		\$	950,353

The interfund balances resulted from the time lag between the dates that (1) interfund goods and services are provided or reimbursable expenditures occur, (2) transactions are recorded in the accounting system, and (3) payments between funds are made.

#### NOTE 11. INTERFUND TRANSFERS

	Transfers In:						
	General	Capital	Nonmajor	Water Quality	Regional		
	<u>Fund</u>	<u>Projects</u>	Governmental	Management	Communication	ons	<u>Total</u>
Transfers out:							
General Fund	\$ _	\$ 15,638,188	\$ 21,358,987	\$ -	\$ -	\$	36,997,175
Capital Projects Fund	48,000	-	14,500	-	-		62,500
Nonmajor Governmental Funds:							
Community Development	-	115,887	430,178	28,203	-		574,268
Hotel/Motel Tax	-	1,020,563	4,849,629	-	-		5,870,192
TN Valley Regional Communication	-	-	-	-	899,605		899,605
Solid Waste	 <u>-</u>	978,760				_	978,760
Total	\$ 48,000	\$ 17,753,398	\$ 26,653,294	\$ 28,203	\$ 899,605	\$	45,382,500

Transfers are used to: (1) move revenues from the General Fund, the Capital Projects Fund, the Community Development Fund, and the Hotel/Motel Tax Fund to the Debt Service Fund as debt service principal and interest payments become due, (2) move restricted amounts from borrowings to the Capital Projects Fund and the Debt Service Fund as required, (3) move unrestricted revenues from the General Fund to other funds for various programs that the City must account for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations, including amounts provided as subsidies or matching funds for various grant programs, (4) move TN Valley Regional Communication Services from Special Revenue Fund to Enterprise Fund, (5) move Water Quality revenue to Community Development to pay for the "SLAP" program, (6) move Solid Waste revenue to Capital Projects for correction of prior year transfers.

### NOTE 12. RISK MANAGEMENT

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; medical benefits; certain retiree medical benefits; unemployment compensation; injuries to employees; errors and omissions; and natural disasters. The City maintains property and casualty insurance coverage against property loss above the deductible amount which is ranging from \$5,000 to \$100,000 depending on the type of damage. As of June 30, 2016, there were no significant reductions in insurance coverage in the prior year.

The Internal Service Fund accounts for all exposures, except on-the-job-injury claims. To minimize its losses, the City has established a limited risk management program. Premiums are paid by all funds and are available to pay claims, claim reserves, and administrative costs of the program. The City has a self-funded medical benefits plan that is administered by Blue Cross/Blue Shield of Tennessee with the City's exposure limited by a stop-loss policy. Liabilities are reported when it is probable that a loss has occurred and the amount of the loss can be reasonably estimated. Liabilities include an amount for claims that have been incurred but not reported (IBNRs). The liability does not include nonincremental claims adjustment expenses. Claim liabilities are calculated considering the effect of inflation, recent claim settlement trends including frequency and amount of pay-outs and other economic and social factors.

# NOTE 12. RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

Interfund premiums in the Internal Service Fund are based on the insured funds' claims experience. Premiums are adjusted to cover all reported claims. It is anticipated that the settlement of an individual claim will be funded by premiums subsequent to the filing of the claim and prior to its settlement. At June 30, 2016, the Internal Service Fund liability consists of \$3,137,865 related to torts and \$4,345,853 related to medical benefits. Assets are sufficient in the fund to cover unpaid claims.

Changes in the balances of claims liabilities during the year are as follows:

				Internal
	G	eneral Fund		Service Fund
Unpaid claims, June 30, 2014	\$	265,657	\$	8,425,939
Incurred claims, including IBNRs/reduction				
in estimated liabilities		1,860,462		24,020,609
Claim payments		(1,827,512)	_	(24,417,343)
Unpaid claims, June 30, 2015		298,607		8,029,205
Incurred claims, including IBNRs/reduction				
in estimated liabilities		2,270,285		28,307,820
Claim payments		(2,206,596)		(28,853,307)
Unpaid claims, June 30, 2016	\$	362,296	\$	7,483,718

All unpaid claims are estimated to be paid within one year.

### **NOTE 13. TAX ABATEMENTS**

The City of Chattanooga currently offers three types of tax abatement programs: (1) Downtown Housing Development; (2) Commercial and Industrial Development; and (3) Tax Increment Financing. Pursuant to Tennessee Code Annotated (TCA) 7-53-305, the Industrial Development Board (IDB) of the City of Chattanooga and the Health and Education Board (HEB) are allowed to own property within the city. The city may delegate the authority to the IDB and the HEB to negotiate and accept payments in lieu of ad valorem taxes from the corporation's lessees, provided that such payments are deemed to be in furtherance of the corporation's public purposes. Every PILOT has to be for business operations, which are defined as a project under TCA 7-53-101 (13). The IDB is allowed by state law to be exempt from taxation and to lease property as a method of security so that PILOT payments may be accepted by cities and counties.

### **Downtown Housing Development**

This program was renewed via Resolution No. 27968 on August 5, 2015 to encourage the development of single family rental housing in the downtown Chattanooga area. The program is effective for ten years expiring in August 2025. The City has delegated to the Health and Education Housing Facility Board (HEB) the authority to negotiate and accept PILOTs from lessees of the HEB upon findings by the City that such payments are deemed to be in furtherance HEB's public purposes. Applications must be made to and in a form prescribed by River City Company and accompanied by a \$3,500 fee for administration and processing. Criteria are as follows:

- 1. Housing development must be located within the Downtown area, must be occupied by persons of low and/or moderate income, and/or elderly, and/or handicapped persons, and must qualify as a "project" under the state legislation, for which the HEB was incorporated. Both existing housing that is to be rehabilitated and new housing construction are eligible for the program.
- 2. The value of all new construction, building renovations and site improvements must be equal to at least 60% of the value of the property prior to the making of any improvements.
- 3. The PILOT is effectively a freeze on the amount of property taxes paid for a period of ten years, plus two additional years if the project involves the rehabilitation of an existing building and two more years if the rehabilitation is a Certified Historic Rehabilitation. Additionally, after the PILOT freeze period, qualifying projects shall have the benefit of a PILOT phase-in period of four years in which taxes on the new construction and/or rehabilitation are paid at the rates 20%, 40%, 60% and 80%.
- 4. Projects must be approved by resolutions of the City Council and Hamilton County Commission. There are currently no recapture provisions when terms are not met and no other commitments are made by the City.

### **NOTE 13. TAX ABATEMENTS** (Continued)

## **Economic Development**

The City utilizes two programs to promote economic development and growth, in particular, commercial and industrial projects that involve a significant capital investment and the generation of new jobs with wages in excess of the annual average wage in the City of Chattanooga.

### • Commercial and Industrial Development

This program offers tax abatements for a specified period in exchange for benefits received by the city due to an increase in real and personal property investments, as well as the creation of jobs. Application is made to the Chamber of Commerce, with approval by the Industrial Development Board (IDB) and City Council. To be eligible for a tax reduction, you must either relocate into the city or expand business within the city. Qualified businesses will be eligible for abatement of all or a portion of property taxes dependent on the dollar amount of the investment and the number and average wage of jobs created. There are provisions for recapturing abated taxes if certain terms of the agreement are not met. Other commitments made by the city include roadway improvements, rail services, and sewer improvements, just to name a few.

In 2015, an economic development fee was added to a few of these PILOTs which equates to approximately 15% of the total taxes that would be required if the taxpayer were to pay 100% of the total tax levy. This fee shall be collected by the City Treasurer and distributed to the City of Chattanooga's IDB to be used for economic development purposes, as directed by the Mayor. In the coming years, more PILOTs will be required to pay such a fee.

#### • Tax Increment Financing (TIF)

The City of Chattanooga has adopted the Tax Increment Financing Program established by the Industrial Development Board (IDB) of the City of Chattanooga. TIF is an economic development tool that allocates all or a portion of the new, additional taxes generated by a development over a limited period of time to pay for public infrastructure such as utilities and road and traffic improvements, related to that development. Tax increment is the difference in tax revenues generated by the property in the development area after a project has been completed compared with the tax revenues generated by a property before the development plan was adopted. The difference in tax revenues pays towards the cost of improvements to the public infrastructure serving the development area. This enables the City to complete public infrastructure that it otherwise could not afford.

The TIF Program is primarily for the economic development projects that provide improvements in blighted and under-utilize areas in the City of Chattanooga and in other properties designated by City Council and the Hamilton County Commission. This program applies only to projects initiated by a private developer and supported by tax increment property tax revenues. It is a discretionary program and does not create or vest any rights in any person or entity.

As of June, 30, 2016 the City has entered into only one Tax Incremental Financing (TIF) agreement.

Information relevant to disclosure of these programs includes the following:

N	Number of ew Abatements During he Fiscal Year	Number of Abatements as of End of the Fiscal Year	Number of Future Abatements Approved by Council	Amounts of Abatements During the Fiscal Year
Downtown Housing Development	-	8	4	\$ 155,490
Economic Development: Commercial and Industrial Development Infrastructure (TIF)	2	35 1	4 	9,206,181 59,932
Total	2	44	8	\$ 9,421,603

### NOTE 14. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

#### **Construction Commitments**

The City has entered into various construction commitments. Such contracts include contracts for improvements to sewer, solid waste, and water quality systems, and acquisition and construction contracts related to general government capital projects. As of June 30, 2016 the City's commitment with contractors was \$46,323,994.

### **Airport Debt**

In May 2009, the City guaranteed the 10-year, \$6.6 million Taxable Revenue Refunding Bonds of the Chattanooga Metropolitan Airport Authority, a legally separate component unit of the City of Chattanooga, through an Airport Operation Service Contract. The bonds mature annually through April 1, 2019, with semiannual interest payments. In the event the Airport is unable to make payment, the City will be required to make that payment. The balance at June 30, 2016 is \$3,993,010. The Airport issued an additional \$10,000,000 in Taxable and Tax-Exempt bonds in 2014 which are not guaranteed by the City.

#### **Landfill Closure and Post Closure Care Costs**

The Solid Waste Fund accounts for all aspects of solid waste disposal, including the city's municipal landfill; operations include a current landfill as well as closure and post closure care costs of landfills closed in prior years. State and federal regulations require the City to place a final cover on all landfills after closure and perform certain maintenance and monitoring functions for 30 years thereafter. The City recognizes landfill closure and post closure care costs based on the amount of the landfill used during the year. The estimated liability is based on 15.2 percent of the City Landfill Area III capacity and 100 percent usage of the Summit Landfill and the City Landfill Area II. At the current yield of utilization rate, we expect the landfill to have a remaining life of 60 years.

Changes in the estimated liability for landfill closure and post closure care costs for the year ended June 30, 2016, are as follows:

Estimated liability, June 30, 2015	\$	5,743,383
Expenses recognized		203,218
Costs incurred		(173,801)
Estimated liability, June 30, 2016	<u>\$</u>	5,772,800
Due within one year	<u>\$</u>	193,638

The estimated costs of closure and post closure care is based on the amount that would be paid if all equipment, facilities, and services required to close, monitor, and maintain the landfills were acquired at year-end. However, the actual costs of closure and post closure care may be higher due to inflation, changes in technology, or changes in landfill laws and regulations. It is anticipated that future inflation costs will be financed in part from earnings on investments. The remaining portion of anticipated future inflation costs and additional costs that might arise from changes in post closure requirements may need to be covered by charges to future landfill users, taxpayers, or both.

### **Consent Decree**

The Interceptor Sewer System was established in 1952 to provide sewers for the City in a planned and orderly manner. The system encompasses approximately 1,263 miles of sewer lines, 8 sewage pumping stations, 9 storm stations, 63 underground, submersible sewage pump stations, approximately 195 residential/grinder stations, 9 combined sewer overflow treatment facilities and 1 regional wastewater treatment plant.

On April 24, 2013, a Consent Decree negotiated between the City, Environmental Protection Agency, Tennessee Department of Environment and Conservation, and the Tennessee Clean Water Network became effective. The City agreed to begin a program of rehabilitation of the sewer system for the purpose of reducing sanitary sewer overflows. This comprehensive, two-phase plan is expected to cost \$250 million over a 16-year period. The first phase is a 5-year program of specific projects identified by the City; the second phase consists of additional projects determined necessary by the City to meet the intent of the Consent Decree based on the success of the Phase 1 projects. The projects will be paid through user fees.

# NOTE 14. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES (Continued)

#### **Pollution Remediation**

Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 49, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pollution Remediation Obligations," provides guidance for state and local governments in estimating and reporting the potential costs of pollution remediation. While GASB does not require the City to search for pollution, it does require the City to reasonably estimate and report a remediation liability when any of the following obligating events has occurred:

- Pollution poses an imminent danger to the public and the City is compelled to take action;
- The City is in violation of a pollution related permit or license;
- The City is named or has evidence that it will be named a responsible part by a regulator;
- The City is named or has evidence that it will be named in a lawsuit to enforce a cleanup; or
- The City commences or legally obligates itself to conduct remediation activities.

The standard requires the City to calculate pollution remediation liabilities using the expected cash flow technique. The remediation obligation estimate that appears in this report is subject to change over time due to price fluctuations, changes in technology, environmental studies, changes in regulations and other factors. Where the costs cannot reasonably be estimated, the City does not report a liability.

During the fiscal year, the City spent \$21,369 in pollution remediation obligation related activities. At June 30, 2016, the City had an outstanding pollution remediation liability of \$3,313,407 with an estimated \$1,998,334 in grant revenue and donated services to offset these costs leaving a net pollution remediation obligation of \$1,315,073.

Site investigation, planning, cleanup and site monitoring are typical remediation activities underway across the City. Montague Park, which is on the Tennessee Department of Environment and Conservation's (TDEC) site list, is an old landfill site. The park was closed in 2003 when methane gas leaks were found. The City is in the process of re-capping a small area in compliance with TDEC; work is being done by volunteer contractors leaving City resources to pay for cover topsoil and erosion control. Eventually the entire area will be remediated for use as athletic fields and a sculpture garden. Total costs are estimated at \$4,000,000 for the entire project but are not currently divided into remediation and construction costs. The reasonable range of potential outlays was estimated and multiplied by the probability off occurrence. This estimate was reduced by anticipated volunteer participation for a total estimate of \$1,187,573 at the end of fiscal year 2016.

In November 2014, State of Tennessee Department of Environment and Conservation notified the City and the Hamilton County to remediate, prevent or reduce pollutant, lead, from the firing range which is jointly owned, to leak into the storm water drainage channels and possibly get into the Tennessee River. In response, the City developed a Storm Water Pollution Prevention Plan to remove the contaminated soils, to install structural controls, and to maintain a schedule to inspect and repair the measures. The cost is budgeted in the next fiscal year at \$40,000. This remediation will be completed in fiscal year 2017.

In the early 2000's, City took possession of the Butcher Block in a land swap deal worked out with EPB. At the same time, Butcher Block revealed contamination from former uses within the block: One Hour Valet Cleaners and a gas station. As part of the land swap agreement, the City agreed to remediate the pollution. The City applied and was granted assistance by the Dry Cleaner Environmental Remediation Program (DCERP) with the cleanup efforts and costs. DCERP is a state program funded by fees charged to drycleaner facilities to help clean up the contaminated property that has been affected by dry cleaning solvent. Based on the most recent work authorizations from DCERP and monitoring reports from S&ME, the company under contract with City to perform the remediation, it has been estimated that the remaining remediation could take up to ten (10) years to complete. Excluding the assistance from DCERP, the cost for the City to complete the remediation is estimated currently at \$87,500 at the end of fiscal year 2016.

## **Contingencies**

The City and its component units are parties to various lawsuits and claims in the ordinary course of their operations. Management believes that the potential adverse impact of these proceedings would not be material to the basic financial statements of the City.

# NOTE 14. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES (Continued)

The City has received federal and state grants for specific purposes that are subject to review and audit by grantor agencies. Such audits could result in reimbursements to the grantor agencies for expenditures disallowed under the terms of the grants. City management is not aware of any potential losses from such disallowances and believes that reimbursements, if any, would not be material.

## **Conduit Debt Obligations**

From time to time, the Industrial Development Board and the Health, Educational and Housing Facility Board of the City of Chattanooga have issued bonds to provide financial assistance to private-sector entities for the acquisition and construction of industrial and commercial facilities deemed to be in the public interest. The bonds are secured by the property financed and are payable solely from payments received on the underlying mortgage loans. Upon repayment of the bonds, ownership of the acquired facilities transfers to the private-sector entity served by the bond issuance. Neither the City, the State, nor any political subdivision thereof is obligated in any manner for repayment of the bonds. Accordingly, the bonds are not reported as liabilities in the accompanying financial statements.

The Industrial Development Board currently has sixteen (16) outstanding bond issues, the original amounts of which were \$282,400,000. The Health, Educational and Housing Facility Board currently has thirty-six (36) bond issues, the original amount of which were \$851,840,727. The Boards have no means of determining the outstanding amount of these bonds.

#### NOTE 15. SEGMENT INFORMATION

EPB, the electric utility of the City of Chattanooga, issued revenue bonds to finance a portion of its electric system. In addition to providing electricity, EPB offers a range of fiber optic services. Both the electric and fiber optic divisions are accounted for in a single fund. Because investors in the revenue bonds rely on the revenue generated by electric activities for repayment, summary financial information for the electric and fiber divisions is presented below.

### CONDENSED STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

		Fiber Optics		
	Electric Division	Division	<b>Eliminations</b>	Total
Assets and deferred outflows				
of resources:				
Current assets	\$ 172,222,000	\$15,909,000	\$ (711,000)	\$ 187,420,000
Investments	5,000,000	-	=	5,000,000
Capital assets	547,715,000	79,798,000	=	627,513,000
Deferred outflows of resources	21,700,000	1,016,000		22,716,000
Total assets and deferred				
outflows of resources	746,637,000	96,723,000	(711,000)	842,649,000
Liabilities and deferred inflows				
of resources:				
Current liabilities	129,138,000	14,340,000	(711,000)	142,767,000
Noncurrent liabilities	337,321,000	27,310,000	-	364,631,000
Deferred inflows of resources	886,000	127,000		1,013,000
Total liabilities and deferred				
Inflows of resources	467,345,000	41,777,000	(711,000)	508,411,000
Net position:				
Net investment in capital assets	254,964,000	79,798,000	-	334,762,000
Unrestricted	24,328,000	(24,852,000)		(524,000)
Total net position	\$ 279,292,000	<u>\$54,946,000</u>	<u>\$</u>	\$ 334,238,000

# NOTE 15. SEGMENT INFORMATION (Continued)

# CONDENSED STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION

	Electric Division	Fiber Optics Division	Eliminations	Total
Customer charges Depreciation expense Other operating expense Operating income	\$ 563,804,000 (38,281,000) (499,782,000) 25,741,000	\$ 134,973,000 (16,595,000) (93,941,000) 24,437,000	\$ (14,921,000) - - - - - -	\$ 683,856,000 (54,876,000) (578,802,000) 50,178,000
Nonoperating revenues (expenses): Investment earnings Interest expense	272,000 (11,444,000)	(291,000)	-	272,000 (11,735,000)
Other nonoperating Tax equivalent	204,000 (6,271,000)	(566,000)		204,000 (6,837,000)
Change in net position  Net position, beginning, as previously reported	8,502,000 270,790,000	23,580,000 31,366,000		32,082,000 302,156,000
Net position, end of year	<u>\$ 279,292,000</u>	\$ 54,946,000	\$	\$ 334,238,000
CONDENSED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOW	/S	Fiber Optics		
	Electric Division	Division	Eliminations	Total
Net cash provided (used) by: Operating activities Capital and related financing activities Investing activities Net increase (decrease) Beginning cash and cash equivalents	62,314,000 (41,397,000) (4,728,000) 16,189,000 77,471,000	43,420,000 (36,954,000) 	- - - - -	105,734,000 (78,351,000) (4,728,000) 22,655,000 78,918,000
Ending cash and cash equivalents	<u>\$ 93,660,000</u>	\$ 7,913,000	<u>\$</u>	\$ 101,573,000

### **NOTE 16. JOINT VENTURE**

The City has an equity interest in Carter Street Corporation, a nonprofit organization. Carter Street Corporation's board consists of five members. Two members are appointed by the Mayor of the City, and two are appointed by the Hamilton County, Tennessee Mayor. The appointment of the fifth member, who serves as chairman, is agreed on by the City Mayor and the County Mayor.

Carter Street Corporation owns and manages a convention center and a parking garage that were financed by bonds issued by the Industrial Development Board of Chattanooga. The City and Hamilton County, Tennessee funded the repayment of the bonds through lease payments to Carter Street Corporation. Pursuant to the lease agreement, the City has a two-thirds equity interest in Carter Street Corporation upon the repayment of the bonds during prior years.

The City's two-thirds equity interest in Carter Street Corporation is computed as follows:

Total net position	\$	11,233,593
Multiplied by two-thirds	<u>X</u>	2/3
City's equity interest	\$	7,489,062

# NOTE 16. JOINT VENTURE (Continued)

Condensed financial information for Carter Street Corporation as of June 30, 2016, is as follows:

#### STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

Assets:	
Cash	\$ 1,809,059
Accounts receivable, net	322,338
Prepaid expenses	21,980
Inventories	60,630
Capital assets, net	 9,487,863
Total assets	\$ 11,701,870
Liabilities:	
Accounts payable	\$ 73,337
Accrued expenses	161,951
Advanced deposits	 232,989
Total liabilities	 468,277
Net Position:	
Net investment in capital assets	9,487,863
Unrestricted	 1,745,730
Total net position	 11,233,593
Total liabilities and net position	\$ 11,701,870

# SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION

Total operating revenues	\$ 3,717,554
Total operating expenses	4,245,278
Loss from operations	(527,724)
Nonoperating revenues	300,000
Loss on disposal of capital assets	(62)
Capital contributions	200,000
Net increase	(27,786)
Net position, beginning of year	11,261,379
Net position, end of year	\$ 11,233,593

Complete financial statements can be obtained from: Carter Street Corporation

P.O. Box 6008

Chattanooga, TN 37401

# NOTE 17. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

Management has evaluated events and transactions subsequent to the balance sheet date of the auditor's report (the date the financial statements were available to be issued) for potential recognition or disclosure in the financial statements. In July 2016, the City entered into an Equipment Lease Purchase Agreement (a capital lease) with Motorola Solutions, Inc. for certain radio equipment and system to be used by the City of Chattanooga. The lease is payable from General Fund revenues. The term of the agreement is 5 years at 2.5 percent interest payable in equal installments for a total amount of \$5,997,735. The first installment payment of \$1.2 million is expected to take place in January 2017 upon delivery of the system.



**Required Supplementary Information** 

Pension and OPEB Trust Funds

# SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE CITY'S NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS

# PENSION TRUST FUND - GENERAL

**Last 10 Fiscal Years** 

		2016		2015		2014
Total pension liability						
Service cost	\$	6,379,426	\$	6,381,168	\$	6,069,090
Interest		22,693,730		21,950,480		22,247,450
Differences between expected and actual experience		735,472		(333,439)		-
Changes of assumptions		8,345,787		-		(5,893,894)
Benefit payments, including refund of member contributions		(18,970,026)		(17,206,397)		(16,420,492)
Net change in total pension liability		19,184,389		10,791,812		6,002,154
Total pension liability - beginning		312,068,083		301,276,271		295,274,117
Total pension liability - ending (a)	\$	331,252,472	\$	312,068,083	\$	301,276,271
Plan fiduciary net position						
Contributions - employer	\$	8,076,989	\$	7,925,195	\$	7,751,909
Contributions - member	4	1,158,835	Ψ	1,140,121	Ψ	1,130,354
Net investment income		193,190		9,290,101		31,178,197
Benefit payments, including refund of member contributions		(18,970,026)		(17,206,397)		(16,420,492)
Administrative expense		(161,500)		(205,580)		(192,205)
Net change in plan fiduciary net position		(9,702,512)		943,440		23,447,763
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning		273,768,908		272,825,468		249,377,705
Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b)	\$	264,066,396	\$	273,768,908	\$	272,825,468
Net pension liability - ending (a) - (b)	\$	67,186,076	\$	38,299,175	\$	28,450,803
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		79.72%		87.73%		90.56%
Covered employee payroll	\$	57,608,950	\$	57,555,196	\$	55,815,216
Net pension liability as a percentage of covered employee payroll		116.62%		66.54%		50.97%

# **Notes to Schedule:**

Benefit changes. None

Changes in actuarial assumptions and methods: The following changes to the actuarial assumptions were made as identified:

# <u>2016</u>:

<sup>\*</sup> The assumed investment rate of return was lowered from 7.50% to 7.25%.

# SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE CITY'S NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS

# PENSION TRUST FUND - FIRE AND POLICE

**Last 10 Fiscal Years** 

	2016	2015	2014
Total pension liability			
Service cost	\$ 5,599,755	\$ 5,754,036	\$ 5,858,028
Interest	29,255,906	27,011,054	30,728,527
Changes of benefit terms	-	-	(65,257,551)
Differences between expected and actual experience	175,120	1,007,292	9,811,157
Changes of assumptions	-	23,999,640	-
Benefit payments, including refund of member contributions	(29,511,435)	(28,100,924)	(30,114,186)
Net change in total pension liability	5,519,346	29,671,098	(48,974,025)
Total pension liability - beginning	392,251,285	362,580,187	411,554,212
Total pension liability - ending (a)	\$ 397,770,631	\$ 392,251,285	\$ 362,580,187
DI 641 4 444			
Plan fiduciary net position	¢ 11.007.641	¢ 11 115 222	¢ 12.405.422
Contributions - employer Contributions - member	\$ 11,987,641 3,869,165	\$ 11,115,222 3,528,823	\$ 13,495,433 3,199,093
Net investment income	(5,439,852)	6,760,919	33,750,882
Benefit payments, including refund of member contributions	(29,511,435)	(28,100,924)	(30,114,186)
Administrative expense	(1,269,308)	(889,162)	(608,924)
Other	326,393	162,076	167,314
Net change in plan fiduciary net position	(20,037,396)	(7,423,046)	19,889,612
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning	228,629,338	236,052,384	216,162,772
Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b)	\$ 208,591,942	\$ 228,629,338	\$ 236,052,384
Net pension liability - ending (a) - (b)	\$ 189,178,689	\$ 163,621,947	\$ 126,527,803
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total			
pension liability	52.44%	58.29%	65.10%
Covered employee payroll	\$ 38,954,094	\$ 39,282,422	\$ 36,187,624
Net pension liability as a percentage of covered employee payroll	485.65%	416.53%	349.64%

# **Notes to Schedule:**

Benefit changes. None.

Changes in assumptions. None.

### SCHEDULE OF CITY CONTRIBUTIONS PENSION TRUST FUND - GENERAL Last 10 Fiscal Years

	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010	2009	2008	2007
Actuarially determined contribution	\$ 8,120,912	\$ 7,771,920	\$ 7,717,400	\$ 7,806,000	\$ 7,203,000	\$ 6,302,882	\$ 3,779,597	\$ 3,600,000	\$ 3,502,000	\$ 3,786,128
Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contribution	8,076,989	7,925,195	7,751,909	7,599,939	6,682,722	4,376,484	3,779,597	3,600,000	3,502,000	3,786,128
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ 43,923	\$ (153,275)	\$ (34,509)	\$ 206,061	\$ 520,278	\$ 1,926,398	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Covered employee payroll	\$ 57,608,950	\$ 57,555,196	\$ 55,815,216	\$ 56,270,053	\$ 57,976,515	\$ 57,061,358	\$ 58,140,286	\$ 59,645,747	\$ 56,581,858	\$ 54,545,300
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	14.02%	13.77%	13.89%	13.51%	11.53%	7.67%	6.50%	6.04%	6.19%	6.94%

#### Notes to Schedule:

#### Valuation date:

Actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated as of December 31, eighteen months prior to the end of the fiscal year in which contributions are reported.

#### Methods and assumptions used to determine contribution rates:

Actuarial cost method Entry age
Amortization method Level dollar, closed

Remaining amortization period 28 years

Asset valuation method 10-year smoothed market with a 20% corridor

Inflation 3.0%

Salary increases 4.0-5.0%, including inflation

Investment rate of return 7.50%, net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation

Cost of living adjustments 3.0%

Mortality Pre-retirement and post-retirement: RP2000 Combined Mortality Table set forward four years for males and set forward two

years for females and using a Scale AA projection to 2025. Post-retirement mortality: RP-2000 Disabled Mortality Table set

forward eight years for males and set forward nine years for females.

### SCHEDULE OF CITY CONTRIBUTIONS PENSION TRUST FUND - FIRE AND POLICE Last 10 Calendar Years

	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010	2009	2008	2007
Actuarially determined contribution	\$ 13,573,691	\$ 9,478,900	\$ 13,346,490	\$ 11,859,505	\$ 9,692,292	\$ 8,613,696	\$ 7,903,392	\$ 7,686,489	\$ 7,504,469	\$ 7,540,220
Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contribution	11,987,641	11,115,222	13,495,433	12,258,360	10,542,423	9,004,655	7,522,018	8,390,161	8,291,088	6,873,733
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ 1,586,050	\$ (1,636,322)	\$ (148,943)	\$ (398,855)	\$ (850,131)	\$ (390,959)	\$ 381,374	\$ (703,672)	\$ (786,619)	\$ 666,487
Covered employee payroll	\$ 39,282,422	\$ 36,187,624	\$ 37,215,933	\$ 37,288,914	\$ 34,940,022	\$ 34,573,261	\$ 34,715,838	\$ 33,237,063	\$ 31,983,375	\$ 32,010,229
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	30.52%	30.72%	36.26%	32.87%	30.17%	26.05%	21.67%	25.24%	25.92%	21.47%

#### Notes to Schedule:

#### Valuation date:

Inflation Salary increases

Mortality

Investment rate of return

Cost of living adjustments

Actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated as of January 1, 2016.

#### Methods and assumptions used to determine contribution rates:

Actuarial cost method Entry age normal

Amortization method Level percentage of payroll, with level dollar phase-in through 2020; 100% level dollar beginning in 2021. Remaining amortization period

23 years remaining for level percent of payroll method; separate 30-year bases established annually for level.

10-year smoothed market; the actuarial value of assets is adjusted, if necessary, to be within 20% of the market Asset valuation method

value.

2.75%

1.50%-2.75%

7.75%, net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation 1.5% (starting January 1 after third anniversary of retirement date)

Pre-retirement: RP-2014 Blue Collar Employee Mortality Table, set forward two years, projected generationally with a

modified versions of Scale MP-2014.

Healthy annuitant: RP-2014 Blue Collar Healthy Annuitant Mortality Table, set forward three years, projected

generationally with a modified version of Scale MP-2014.

Disabled annuitant: RP-2014 Disabled Retiree Mortality Table, set forward three years, projected generationally with a

modified version of Scale MP-2014.

# SCHEDULE OF INVESTMENT RETURNS Last 10 Fiscal Years

# PENSION TRUST FUND

	2016	2015	2014
Annual money-weighted rate of return,			_
net of investment expense			
General Plan	-0.78%	2.93%	16.11%
Fire & Police Plan	-2.61%	2.89%	16.15%

# **Notes to Schedule:**

# SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE CITY'S NET OPEB LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS OPEB TRUST FUND

**Last 10 Fiscal Years** 

		2016
Total OPEB liability		
Service cost	\$	3,078,078
Interest		12,016,977
Benefit payments, including refund of member contributions		(11,657,111)
Net change in total OPEB liability		3,437,944
Total OPEB liability - beginning		166,054,919
Total OPEB liability - ending (a)	\$	169,492,863
Plan fiduciary net position		
Contributions - employer	\$	12,917,243
Contributions - member	-	2,739,171
Net investment income		(2,469,379)
Benefit payments, including refund of member contributions		(11,657,111)
Administrative expense		(41,906)
Net change in plan fiduciary net position		1,488,018
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning		40,069,642
Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b)	\$	41,557,660
Net OPEB liability - ending (a) - (b)	\$	127,935,203
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability		24.52%
Covered employee payroll	\$	96,436,271
Net OPEB liability as a percentage of covered employee payroll		132.66%

# **Notes to Schedule:**

Benefit changes. None

Changes in actuarial assumptions and methods: None

# SCHEDULE OF CITY CONTRIBUTIONS OPEB TRUST FUND

**Last 10 Fiscal Years** 

	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010	2009	2008
Actuarially determined contribution	\$ 12,759,200	\$ 12,759,200	\$ 13,275,679	\$ 12,857,800	\$ 14,288,701	\$ 13,838,396	\$ 18,459,218	\$ 17,921,571	\$ 20,360,866
Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contribution	12,917,243	15,754,457	15,071,389	12,857,800	14,288,701	13,838,396	10,423,688	7,876,951	10,839,827
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ (158,043)	\$ (2,995,257)	\$ (1,795,710)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 8,035,530	\$ 10,044,620	\$ 9,521,039
Covered employee payroll	\$ 96,436,271	\$ 95,390,933	\$ 95,390,933	\$ 95,280,557	\$ 95,280,557	\$ 89,710,458	\$ 89,710,458	\$ 78,155,219	\$ 78,155,219
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	13.39%	16.52%	15.80%	13.49%	15.00%	15.43%	11.62%	10.08%	13.87%

#### Notes to Schedule:

#### Valuation date:

Actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated as of every other June 30, two years prior to the end of the fiscal year in which contribution are reported.

### Methods and assumptions used to determine contribution rates:

Actuarial cost method	Entry age normal
Amortization method	Level dollar, open
Remaining amortization period	30 years
Asset valuation method	Market value of assets
Inflation	3.00%
Healthcare cost trend rate	
Pre-Medicare eligible	7.00%
Medicare eligible	5.75%
Ultimate trend rate	
Pre-Medicare eligible	5.00%
Medicare eligible	5.00%
Year of ultimate trend rate	2021
Investment rate of return	7.50%, including inflation

# SCHEDULE OF INVESTMENT RETURNS Last 10 Fiscal Years

# **OPEB TRUST FUND**

	2016
Annual money-weighted rate of return,	
net of investment expense	
OPEB	-0.77%

# **Notes to Schedule:**

**Required Supplementary Information** 

City Pension and OPEB Plans

# SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE CITY'S NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS GENERAL PENSION PLAN

**Last 10 Fiscal Years** 

	2015			2014		
Total pension liability						
Service cost	\$	6,381,168	\$	6,069,090		
Interest		21,950,480		22,247,450		
Changes of assumptions		-		(5,893,894)		
Difference between expected and actual experience		(333,439)		-		
Benefit payments, including refund of member contributions		(17,206,397)		(16,420,492)		
Net change in total pension liability		10,791,812		6,002,154		
Total pension liability - beginning		301,276,271		295,274,117		
Total pension liability - ending (a)	\$	312,068,083	\$	301,276,271		
Plan fiduciary net position						
Contributions - employer	\$	7,925,195	\$	7,751,909		
Contributions - member		1,140,121		1,130,354		
Net investment income		9,290,101		31,178,197		
Benefit payments, including refund of member contributions		(17,206,397)		(16,420,492)		
Administrative expense		(205,580)		(192,205)		
Net change in plan fiduciary net position		943,440		23,447,763		
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning		272,825,468		249,377,705		
Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b)	\$	273,768,908	\$	272,825,468		
Net pension liability - ending (a) - (b)	\$	38,299,175	\$	28,450,803		
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total						
pension liability		87.73%		90.56%		
Covered employee payroll	\$	57,555,196	\$	55,815,216		
Net pension liability as a percentage of covered						
employee payroll		66.54%		50.97%		

# **Notes to Schedule:**

Benefit changes. None

Changes in assumptions. None.

# SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE CITY'S NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS

# FIRE AND POLICE PENSION FUND

**Last 10 Fiscal Years** 

	2015	2014
Total pension liability		
Service cost	\$ 5,754,036	\$ 5,858,028
Interest	27,011,054	30,728,527
Changes of benefit terms	-	(65,257,551)
Differences between expected and actual experience	1,007,292	9,811,157
Changes of assumptions	23,999,640	-
Benefit payments, including refund of member contributions	(28,100,924)	 (30,114,186)
Net change in total pension liability	29,671,098	(48,974,025)
Total pension liability - beginning	 362,580,187	 411,554,212
Total pension liability - ending (a)	\$ 392,251,285	\$ 362,580,187
Plan fiduciary net position		
Contributions - employer	\$ 11,115,222	\$ 13,495,433
Contributions - member	3,528,823	3,199,093
Net investment income	6,760,919	33,750,882
Benefit payments, including refund of member contributions	(28,100,924)	(30,114,186)
Administrative expense	(889,162)	(608,924)
Other	162,076	167,314
Net change in plan fiduciary net position	(7,423,046)	19,889,612
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning	236,052,384	216,162,772
Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b)	\$ 228,629,338	\$ 236,052,384
Net pension liability - ending (a) - (b)	\$ 163,621,947	\$ 126,527,803
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total		
pension liability	58.29%	65.10%
Covered employee payroll	\$ 39,282,422	\$ 36,187,624
Net pension liability as a percentage of covered		
employee payroll	416.53%	349.64%

# **Notes to Schedule:**

Benefit changes. None.

Changes in assumptions. None.

# SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE CITY'S NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS ELECTRIC POWER BOARD OF CHATTANOOGA RETIREMENT PLAN Last 10 Fiscal Years

		2015	2014
Total pension liability	•		
Service cost	\$	2,765,420	\$ 2,395,069
Interest		4,043,136	3,637,040
Differences between expected and actual experience		2,594,311	3,608,092
Benefit payments, including refund of member contributions		(5,237,213)	(2,455,053)
Net change in total pension liability		4,165,654	7,185,148
Total pension liability - beginning		48,352,360	41,167,212
Total pension liability - ending (a)	\$	52,518,014	\$ 48,352,360
Plan fiduciary net position			
Contributions - employer	\$	5,700,000	\$ 3,630,048
Net investment income		2,142,992	5,735,092
Benefit payments, including refund of member contributions		(5,237,213)	(2,455,053)
Administrative expense		(73,572)	(86,522)
Net change in plan fiduciary net position		2,532,207	6,823,565
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning		42,218,360	 35,394,795
Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b)	\$	44,750,567	\$ 42,218,360
Net pension liability - ending (a) - (b)	\$	7,767,447	\$ 6,134,000
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		85.21%	87.31%
Covered employee payroll	\$	35,014,644	\$ 32,127,132
Net pension liability as a percentage of covered			
employee payroll		22.18%	19.09%

# **Notes to Schedule:**

Benefit changes. None.

Changes in assumptions. None.

## SCHEDULE OF CITY CONTRIBUTIONS GENERAL PENSION FUND Last 10 Fiscal Years

	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010	2009	2008	2007	2006
Actuarially determined contribution	\$ 7,771,920	\$ 7,717,400	\$ 7,806,000	\$ 7,203,000	\$ 6,302,882	\$ 3,779,597	\$ 3,600,000	\$ 3,502,000	\$ 3,786,128	\$ 3,518,054
Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contribution	7,925,195	7,751,909	7,599,939	6,682,722	4,376,484	3,779,597	3,600,000	3,502,000	3,786,128	3,470,815
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ (153,275)	\$ (34,509)	\$ 206,061	\$ 520,278	\$ 1,926,398	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 47,239
Covered employee payroll	\$ 57,555,196	\$ 55,815,216	\$ 56,270,053	\$ 57,976,515	\$ 57,061,358	\$ 58,140,286	\$ 59,645,747	\$ 56,581,858	\$ 54,545,300	\$ 54,636,392
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	13.77%	13.89%	13.51%	11.53%	7.67%	6.50%	6.04%	6.19%	6.94%	6.35%

#### Notes to Schedule:

#### Valuation date:

Actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated as of December 31, eighteen months prior to the end of the fiscal year in which contributions are reported.

### Methods and assumptions used to determine contribution rates:

Actuarial cost method Entry age

Amortization method Level dollar, opened

Remaining amortization period 29 years

Asset valuation method 10-year smoothed market with a 20% corridor

Inflation 3.0%

Salary increases 4.0-5.0%, including inflation

Investment rate of return 7.50%, net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation

## SCHEDULE OF CITY CONTRIBUTIONS FIRE AND POLICE PENSION FUND Last 10 Calendar Years

	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010	2009	2008	2007	2006
Actuarially determined contribution	\$ 9,478,900	\$ 13,346,490	\$ 11,859,505	\$ 9,692,292	\$ 8,613,696	\$ 7,903,392	\$ 7,686,489	\$ 7,504,469	\$ 7,540,220	\$ 6,454,038
Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contribution	11,115,222	13,495,433	12,258,360	10,542,423	9,004,655	7,522,018	8,390,161	8,291,088	6,873,733	6,510,992
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ (1,636,322)	\$ (148,943)	\$ (398,855)	\$ (850,131)	\$ (390,959)	\$ 381,374	\$ (703,672)	\$ (786,619)	\$ 666,487	\$ (56,954)
Covered employee payroll	\$ 36,187,624	\$ 37,215,933	\$ 37,288,914	\$ 34,940,022	\$ 34,573,261	\$ 34,715,838	\$ 33,237,063	\$ 31,983,375	\$ 32,010,229	\$ 31,869,770
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	30.72%	36.26%	32.87%	30.17%	26.05%	21.67%	25.24%	25.92%	21.47%	20.43%

#### Notes to Schedule:

Valuation date:

Actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated as of January 1, 2015.

Methods and assumptions used to determine contribution rates:

Actuarial cost method Entry age normal

Amortization method Level percentage of payroll, closed

Remaining amortization period 24 years

Asset valuation method 10-year smoothed market

 Inflation
 2.75%

 Salary increases
 1.50%-2.75%

Investment rate of return 7.75%, net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation Cost of living adjustment 1.50%, (starting January 1 after third anniversary of retirement date)

# SCHEDULE OF CITY CONTRIBUTIONS ELECTRIC POWER BOARD OF CHATTANOOGA RETIREMENT PLAN Last 10 Calendar Years

	2015	2014
Actuarially determined contribution	\$ 3,561,883	\$ 3,646,080
Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contribution	 3,700,000	3,630,048
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ (138,117)	\$ 16,032
Covered employee payroll	\$ 34,480,956	\$ 32,127,132
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	10.73%	11.30%

# **Notes to Schedule:**

# Valuation date:

Actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated as of August 1, 23 months prior to the end of the fiscal year in which contributions are reported.

# Methods and assumptions used to determine contribution rates:

Actuarial cost method	Entry age
Asset valuation method	Three year smoothing
Inflation	1.50%
Salary increases	3.00%
Investment rate of return	7.00%

# SCHEDULE OF REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION PUBLIC EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEMS SCHEDULE OF FUNDING PROGRESS

June 30, 2016

				Actuarial							UAAL as a			
				Accrued							Percentage of			
Actuarial	Ac	tuarial Value	Li	ability (AAL)	U	nfunded AAL	Fund	led	An	nual Covered	Covered			
Valuation Date		of Assets		- Entry Age		(UAAL)	Rat	io		Payroll	Payroll			
CITY OF CHATTANOOGA ADMINISTERED PLANS														
22														
Other Postemploy	ment	t Benefit Plan												
January 1, 2016	\$	38,150,475	\$	167,606,425	\$	129,455,950	22.	76%	\$	96,436,271	134.24%			
January 1, 2014		32,970,171		163,843,121		130,872,950	20.	12%		95,390,933	137.20%			
January 1, 2012		19,853,844		146,748,770		126,894,926	13.	53%		95,280,557	133.18%			
January 1, 2010	)	5,045,878		148,187,287		143,141,409	3.	41%		89,710,458	159.56%			
July 1, 2008		4,539,440		192,053,979		187,514,539	2.	36%		78,155,219	239.93%			
July 1, 2006		-		228,471,342		228,471,342	0.	00%		76,239,946	299.67%			
ELECTRIC POW	ER I	BOARD OF CI	TAF	TANOOGA PO	CST	-EMPLOYMEN	NT ME	DICA	4L &	DEATH BEN	IEFIT PLAN			
July 1, 2015	\$	20,784,362	\$	25,756,143	\$	4,971,781	80.	70%	\$	37,644,000	13.2%			
July 1, 2014		19,213,362		24,688,061		5,474,699	77.	82%		36,556,164	15.0%			
July 1, 2013		16,754,185		27,104,206		10,350,021	61.	81%		34,440,516	30.1%			
July 1, 2012		15,044,942		25,462,868		10,417,926	59.	10%		32,044,908	32.5%			
July 1, 2011		14,603,955		24,666,875		10,062,920	59.	20%		29,998,416	33.5%			
July 1, 2010		13,080,897		23,128,254		10,047,357	56.	60%		28,267,080	35.5%			

# SCHEDULE OF REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION PUBLIC EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEMS SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS

June 30, 2016

			Electric Pow	er Board of
	City of Chatta	anooga Other	Chattanooga Po	st-employment
	Post-employn	nent Benefits	Medical & D	eath Benefit
Year	Annual		Annual	
ended	Required	Percentage	Required	Percentage
June 30	Contribution	Contributed	Contribution	Contributed
2016	\$ 12,759,200	122.7%	\$ 1,742,038	98.5%
2015	12,759,200	122.1%	1,565,322	130.1%
2014	13,275,679	113.5%	2,039,255	84.7%
2013	12,857,800	100.0%	1,999,130	95.0%
2012	14,288,701	100.0%	1,888,329	93.4%
2011	1,763,891	125.1%		

The information presented in the required supplementary schedules was determined as part of the actuarial valuations at the dates indicated. Additional information as of the latest actuarial follows.

		Electric Power Board of
	City of Chattanooga Other	Chattanooga Post-employment
_	Post-employment Benefits	Medical & Death Benefit
Valuation date	1/1/2016	7/1/2014
Actuarial cost method	Entry Age Normal	Projected Unit Credit
Amortization method	Level Dollar Open	Level Dollar
Remaining amortization period	30 Years	20 Years
Asset valuation method	Market Value	3-year Smoothed Market
Actuarial assumptions:		
Investment rate of return*	7.50%	6.50%
Health care trend:		7.5% initial, 5.5% ultimate
Pre-Medicare	7.00 - 5.00%	
Medicare	5.75 - 5.00%	

<sup>\*</sup> Includes inflation rate of 3%



#### NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

#### SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

These are the operating funds which are restricted as to use by the federal or state governments and special purpose funds established by the City Council.

<u>Downtown Development Fund</u> accounts for revenues and expenditures associated with improvements to the Downtown area.

<u>Social Services Program Fund</u> accounts for revenues and expenditures associated with various grants and donations for specific programs administered by the City.

<u>Narcotics Program Fund</u> accounts for drug fines and grants received and usage of those monies to further drug education and investigations.

<u>State Street Aid Fund</u> accounts for revenues and expenditures of the City's share of state gasoline taxes. State law requires that gasoline taxes be used to maintain streets.

<u>Community Development Fund</u> accounts for Community Development Block Grant funds received from the federal government for the purpose of enhancing the economic condition and meeting various types of housing needs to low-to-moderate income residents of the City.

<u>Hotel/Motel Tax Fund</u> accounts for revenues and expenditures of the City's hotel/motel privilege tax. The City ordinance requires that hotel/motel taxes be used to develop and implement public improvements in the downtown and waterfront areas.

<u>River Pier Garage Fund</u> accounts for revenues and expenditures of the River Pier Garage located near the waterfront area.

Regional Planning Agency Fund accounts for revenues and expenditures of the Chattanooga-Hamilton County Regional Planning Agency.

<u>Air Pollution Control Bureau Fund</u> accounts for the grants, revenues and expenditures of the air Pollution Control Bureau, a jointly funded agency of the City of Chattanooga and Hamilton County.

<u>Scenic Cities Beautiful Commission Fund</u> accounts for revenues and expenditures of Scenic Cities Beautiful Commission, a jointly funded agency of the City of Chattanooga and Hamilton County.

<u>Tennessee Valley Regional Communications Fund</u> accounts for a regional communication system that services a multi-county / multi-state region.

# **DEBT SERVICE FUND**

<u>Debt Service Fund</u> accounts for the accumulation of resources for, and payment of, general long-term obligations.

### PERMANENT FUND

Library Endowment Fund accounts for several nonexpendable gifts to The Public Library.

# CONSOLIDATING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

June 30, 2016

	Downtown Development			Social Services Program		Narcotics Program		State Street Aid	Community Development		F	Iotel/Motel Tax
ASSETS	Φ.	11.700	Ф	271 027	Φ	2 625 012	Φ	2 250 205	Φ	2 65 4 510	Φ	2.761.240
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	11,780	\$	371,927	\$	2,625,813	\$	3,258,395	\$	2,654,710	\$	3,761,348
Investments Receivables, net of allowance for uncollectibles:		-		-		-		-		-		
Other taxes		-		-		-		-		-		1,173,031
Notes		-		1.507		2.275		-		12,746,843		- 1 1 4 1
Other		-		1,507		3,375		-		98,309		1,141
Due from other funds		-		-		-		-		-		-
Due from other governments:				670.055						126.240		
Federal		-		678,955		-		-		436,249		-
State of Tennessee		-		338,535		-		816,891		14.510		-
Prepaid items		-		-		-				14,519		-
Total assets	\$	11,780	\$	1,390,924	\$	2,629,188	\$	4,075,286	\$	15,950,630	\$	4,935,520
LIABILITIES												
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities:												
Accounts payable	\$	-	\$	257,749	\$	953,858	\$	74,339	\$	96,820	\$	12,029
Accrued payroll		-		391,861		-		63,510		21,021		-
Due to other funds		-		-		-		-		-		204,418
Unearned grants revenue							_			643,044		
Total liabilities		-		649,610		953,858		137,849		760,885		216,447
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES												
Unavailable revenue - other local taxes		-		-		-		-		-		558,333
Unavailable revenue - shared tax revenue		-		-		-		377,540		-		-
Unavailable revenue - CDBG loans		-	_	-	_	-	_	-		13,762,868	_	-
Total deferred inflows of resources		-		-		-		377,540		13,762,868		558,333
FUND BALANCES												
Nonspendable		-		-		-		-		14,519		-
Restricted		11,780		741,314		1,675,330		3,559,897		1,412,358		4,160,740
Committed		-		-		-		-		-		-
Assigned		-		-		-		-		-		-
Total fund balances		11,780		741,314		1,675,330		3,559,897		1,426,877		4,160,740
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of												
resources and fund balances	\$	11,780	\$	1,390,924	\$	2,629,188	\$	4,075,286	\$	15,950,630	\$	4,935,520
	-	-	_	-	_		_	-				

	ver Pier Garage	Regional Planning Agency	r Pollution Control Bureau	В	enic Cities Beautiful mmission	ional nications	Total Special Revenue	 Debt Service	 Permanent Fund Library Indowment	Total Nonmajor Funds
\$ 1	,284,312	\$ 3,839,237	\$ 913,410	\$	96,918	\$ -	\$ 18,817,850 -	\$ 2,132,147	\$ 133,864 4,411,028	\$ 21,083,861 4,411,028
	31,136	- - -	- - - -		2,900	- - -	1,173,031 12,746,843 138,368	29,830	- - - -	1,173,031 12,746,843 138,368 29,830
	- - -	558,304	 - - -		- - -	 - - -	1,115,204 1,713,730 14,519	- - -	 - - -	1,115,204 1,713,730 14,519
\$ 1	,315,448	\$ 4,397,541	\$ 913,410	\$	99,818	\$ 	\$ 35,719,545	\$ 2,161,977	\$ 4,544,892	\$ 42,426,414
\$	- - -	\$ 80,646 122,040 -	\$ 1,781 47,801 -	\$	400 2,670 -	\$ - - - -	\$ 1,477,622 648,903 204,418 643,044	\$ - - - -	\$ - - - -	\$ 1,477,622 648,903 204,418 643,044
		 202,686	 49,582		3,070	 	2,973,987	 -	 	2,973,987
	- - -	 - - -	 - - -		- - -	 - - -	558,333 377,540 13,762,868	 - - -	- - -	558,333 377,540 13,762,868
	-	 -	 -		-	 -	14,698,741	 -	 -	14,698,741
1	.,315,448	558,304 3,636,551	 345,531 518,297		- - 96,748 -	 - - - -	14,519 12,465,254 4,251,596 1,315,448	 2,161,977 -	 4,411,028 133,864 -	4,425,547 12,599,118 6,413,573 1,315,448
1	,315,448	 4,194,855	 863,828		96,748	 	18,046,817	 2,161,977	 4,544,892	24,753,686
\$ 1	,315,448	\$ 4,397,541	\$ 913,410	\$	99,818	\$ 	\$ 35,719,545	\$ 2,161,977	\$ 4,544,892	\$ 42,426,414

# CONSOLIDATING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

# Year Ended June 30, 2016

	Downtown Development	Social Services Program	Narcotics Program	State Street Aid	Community Development	Hotel/Motel Tax	River Pier Garage
REVENUES	Ветегоричен	Trogram	Trogram	Street Flid	Вечеюринен	Tux	Gurage
Taxes	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 6,668,896	\$ -
Licenses and permits	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Intergovernmental:							
Federal	-	11,231,571	116,500	-	2,200,649	-	-
State	-	3,426,770	375	4,800,375	-	-	-
County	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Charges for services	-	28,468	<del>-</del>	-	-	-	395,566
Fines, forfeitures and penalties	-	-	54,632	-	-	-	-
Investment income	-	6,440	7,345	-	65,515	2,301	-
Contributions and donations	-	57,288	-	-	-	-	-
Sale of property	-	-	26,304	-	-	-	-
Miscellaneous		100	309,416	3,632	200,952		
Total revenues		14,750,637	514,572	4,804,007	2,467,116	6,671,197	395,566
EXPENDITURES							
Current:							
General government:							
General government	-	-	-	-	-	165,572	187,924
Economic and community development	-	-	-	-	1,851,992	-	-
Public safety:			201 700				
Police	-	-	261,566	-	-	-	-
Public works and transportation:				2.517.750			
Public works	-	-	-	3,517,759	-	-	-
Youth and family development:		15.026.011					
Youth and family development	-	15,936,011	-	-	-	-	-
Debt service:							
Principal retirement Interest and fiscal charges	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
interest and fiscal charges							
Total expenditures		15,936,011	261,566	3,517,759	1,851,992	165,572	187,924
Excess (deficiency) of revenues							
over (under) expenditures		(1,185,374)	253,006	1,286,248	615,124	6,505,625	207,642
OFFIED EDIANODIO GOUDOEG (LIGEG)							
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)		1 452 510			7,297		
Transfers in Transfers out	-	1,452,518 (287,518)	-	-	(581,565)	(5,870,192)	-
Transfers out		(207,310)			(361,303)	(3,870,192)	
Total other financing sources (uses)		1,165,000			(574,268)	(5,870,192)	
Net change in fund balances	-	(20,374)	253,006	1,286,248	40,856	635,433	207,642
FUND BALANCES, beginning	11,780	761,688	1,422,324	2,273,649	1,386,021	3,525,307	1,107,806
FUND BALANCES, ending	\$ 11,780	\$ 741,314	\$ 1,675,330	\$ 3,559,897	\$ 1,426,877	\$ 4,160,740	\$ 1,315,448

Regional	Air Pollution	Scenic Cities			Total		Permanent Fund	Total
Planning	Control	Beautiful	Regional	Interfund	Special	Debt	Library	Nonmajor
Agency	Bureau	Commission	Communications		Revenue	Service	Endowment	Funds
rigency	Burcuu	Commission	Communications	Emmutions	revenue	Bervice	Endowment	Tunus
\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 6,668,896	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 6,668,896
104,495	404,067	-	-	_	508,562		-	508,562
-	479,719	-	-	-	14,028,439	_	-	14,028,439
698,950	-	36,600	-	-	8,963,070	-	-	8,963,070
737,718	188,548	-	-	-	926,266	455,012	-	1,381,278
253,010	-	-	-	-	253,010	_	-	253,010
-	-	-	-	-	424,034	-	-	424,034
-	-	-	-	-	54,632	-	-	54,632
-	-	-	-	-	81,601	-	(151,275)	(69,674)
10,000	-	_	-	-	67,288	_	-	67,288
_	_	_	-	_	26,304	_	_	26,304
3,407	_	_	-	-	517,507	-	-	517,507
			·					
1,807,580	1,072,334	36,600	-	-	32,519,609	455,012	(151,275)	32,823,346
3,858,242	1,351,396	73,011	_	-	5,636,145	_	40,729	5,676,874
-,,	-	-	_	_	1,851,992	_	-	1,851,992
					-,,			-,,
-	-	-	-	-	261,566	-	-	261,566
_	_	_	_	-	3,517,759	_	_	3,517,759
					2,027,723			2,221,123
-	-	-	-	-	15,936,011	-	-	15,936,011
_	_	_	_	_	_	17,164,347	_	17,164,347
_	_	_		_	_	7,426,116		7,426,116
<u> </u>			·			7,420,110		7,420,110
3,858,242	1,351,396	73,011			27,203,473	24,590,463	40,729	51,834,665
(2,050,662)	(279,062)	(36,411)			5,316,136	(24,135,451)	(192,004)	(19,011,319)
(2,030,002)	(279,002)	(30,411)			3,310,130	(24,133,431)	(192,004)	(19,011,319)
2 (12 7(0	725 074			(1.006.792)	2 001 076	22.951.417		26 652 202
2,613,769	735,074	-	(000 605)	(1,006,782)	3,801,876	22,851,417	-	26,653,293
(247,712)	(464,254)		(899,605)	1,006,782	(7,344,064)			(7,344,064)
2,366,057	270,820	-	(899,605)	-	(3,542,188)	22,851,417	-	19,309,229
						-		
315,395	(8,242)	(36,411)	(899,605)	-	1,773,948	(1,284,034)	(192,004)	297,910
3,879,460	872,070	133,159	899,605		16,272,869	3,446,011	4,736,896	24,455,776
\$ 4,194,855	\$ 863,828	\$ 96,748	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 18,046,817	\$ 2,161,977	\$ 4,544,892	\$ 24,753,686
Ψ 1,174,033	φ 005,020	Ψ 70,740	Ψ		Ψ 10,040,017	Ψ 2,101,777	ψ 1,5 <del>11</del> ,072	Ψ 21,733,000

# DISCRETELY PRESENTED COMPONENT UNITS

Discretely presented component units are entities that are legally separate from the City, but the City is considered to be financially accountable for these entities. These entities are presented in the same manner as Proprietary Funds.

<u>Chattanooga Metropolitan Airport Authority</u> accounts for the operation of the Chattanooga Metropolitan Airport.

<u>Chattanooga Area Regional Transit Authority (CARTA)</u> accounts for the operation of the mass transit system for the Chattanooga Metropolitan Area.

# COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION COMPONENT UNITS

	Chattanooga		
	Metropolitan		
	Airport		
	Authority	CARTA	Total
OPERATING REVENUES			
Charges for services	\$ 18,426,061	\$ 9,732,150	\$ 28,158,211
Total operating revenues	18,426,061	9,732,150	28,158,211
OPERATING EXPENSES			
Airport operations	11,614,745	-	11,614,745
CARTA operations	-	21,035,166	21,035,166
Management fees	35,414	-	35,414
Maintenance	530,306	-	530,306
Depreciation and amortization	6,483,390	3,100,378	9,583,768
Total operating expenses	18,663,855	24,135,544	42,799,399
OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)	(237,794)	(14,403,394)	(14,641,188)
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)			
Intergovernmental revenue	-	7,773,956	7,773,956
Investment income	11,617	5,034	16,651
Interest expense	(365,595)	(25,468)	(391,063)
Other income (expense)	2,351,145	23,907	2,375,052
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	1,997,167	7,777,429	9,774,596
INCOME (LOSS) BEFORE CONTRIBUTIONS	1,759,373	(6,625,965)	(4,866,592)
Capital contributions	7,407,034	4,685,637	12,092,671
CHANGE IN NET POSITION	9,166,407	(1,940,328)	7,226,079
NET POSITION, beginning	112,183,843	16,566,570	128,750,413
NET POSITION, ending	\$ 121,350,250	\$ 14,626,242	\$ 135,976,492

# COMBINING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS COMPONENT UNITS

# Year Ended June 30, 2016

Teal Ended June 30, 2010			
	Chattanooga Metropolitan Airport Authority	CARTA	Total
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	Authority	CARTA	Total
Receipts from customers and users Payments to suppliers	\$ 18,665,434 (9,358,904)	\$ 9,370,020 (5,061,312)	\$ 28,035,454 (14,420,216)
Payments to employees	(2,863,872)	(12,457,635)	(15,321,507)
Net cash from operating activities	6,442,658	(8,148,927)	(1,706,269)
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL			
FINANCING ACTIVITIES			
Intergovernmental payments received		7,797,863	7,797,863
Net cash from noncapital financing activities		7,797,863	7,797,863
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES			
Principal paid on capital debt	(702,014)	(273,908)	(975,922)
Principal paid on capital lease	(50,051)	-	(50,051)
Interest paid on capital debt	(367,483)	(25,468)	(392,951)
Capital contributions	4,459,626	2,759,744	7,219,370
Net decrease in revolving line of credit	-	-	-
Additions to capital assets	(10,307,501)	(1,863,579)	(12,171,080)
Passenger/customer facility charges collected	2,332,614		2,332,614
Net cash flows from capital and			
related financing activities	(4,634,809)	596,789	(4,038,020)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES			
Proceeds from sale of equipment	2,478	-	2,478
Interest on investments	11,617	5,034	16,651
Net cash flows from investing activities	14,095	5,034	19,129
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	1,821,944	250,759	2,072,703
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year	10,446,560	1,899,996	12,346,556
Cash and cash equivalents, end of year	\$ 12,268,504	\$ 2,150,755	\$ 14,419,259
CLASSIFIED AS:			
Current assets	\$ 9,379,803	\$ 2,150,755	\$ 11,530,558
Restricted assets	2,888,701		2,888,701
	\$ 12,268,504	\$ 2,150,755	\$ 14,419,259

# COMBINING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS COMPONENT UNITS

	Chattanooga Metropolitan Airport Authority	CARTA	Total
(Continued from previous page)			1000
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) TO NET CASH PROVIDED BY (USED IN) OPERATING ACTIVITIES			
OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)	\$ (237,794)	\$ (14,403,394)	\$ (14,641,188)
ADJUSTMENTS TO RECONCILE OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) TO NET CASH FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES			
Depreciation and amortization	6,483,390	3,100,378	9,583,768
Net general pension expense (benefit)	(328,260)	5,100,570	(328,260)
Loss on disposal of property and equipment	(2,478)	_	(2,478)
Bad debt expense	10,061	_	10,061
Change in operating assets and liabilities:	10,001		10,001
Trade receivables, net	220,871	(31,414)	189,457
Inventory	43,550	(32,329)	11,221
Prepaid items	47,061	83,983	131,044
Other assets	-	25,166	25,166
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	187,755	4,246,311	4,434,066
Unearned revenue	18,502	-	18,502
Deferred pension items		(1,137,628)	(1,137,628)
TOTAL ADJUSTMENTS	6,680,452	6,254,467	12,934,919
NET CASH FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	\$ 6,442,658	\$ (8,148,927)	\$ (1,706,269)
SIGNIFICANT NONCASH INVESTING, CAPITAL AND FINANCING ACTIVITIES Additions to property and equipment included in contracts payable	\$ 545,093	\$ -	\$ 545,093
1 •			, , -



# SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL GENERAL FUND

Year Ended June 30, 2016

	Budget .	Budget Amounts		Variance with Final Budget -	
	Original	Final	Amounts	Over (Under)	
REVENUES					
Taxes:					
Property taxes	\$115,985,000	\$115,985,000	\$117,147,486	\$ 1,162,486	
Payments in lieu of tax:					
PILOT CHA	140,900	140,900	198,239	57,339	
PILOT TVA	1,986,000	1,986,000	2,010,675	24,675	
PILOT JCT	2,280	2,280	-	(2,280)	
PILOT Good Neighbors	2,800	2,800	2,808	8	
PILOT Dev Corp O Knob	480	480	480	-	
PILOT Chattem	65,359	65,359	65,359	-	
PILOT The Bread Factory	1,938	1,938	4,638	2,700	
PILOT LJT of Tennessee	39,494	39,494	-	(39,494)	
PILOT UnumProvident Corporation	31,062	31,062	31,062	-	
PILOT South Market LLC	1,762	1,762	1,762	-	
PILOT Frazier Partners	618	618	4,289	3,671	
PILOT Invista	19,038	19,038	18,960	(78)	
PILOT Wm Wrigley Jr Co	30,290	30,290	29,509	(781)	
PILOT Astec Industries	26,727	26,727	23,602	(3,125)	
PILOT Blue Cross Blue Shield	905,374	905,374	909,261	3,887	
PILOT Heatec, Inc.	13,563	13,563	14,676	1,113	
PILOT Roadtec	20,709	20,709	19,984	(725)	
PILOT Steel Warehouse of TN	33,810	33,810	-	(33,810)	
PILOT US Express Inc.	51,910	51,910	52,229	319	
PILOT United Packers of Chatt	60,130	60,130	-	(60,130)	
PILOT MK LLC	2,030	2,030	2,030	-	
PILOT Jarnigan Road-EMJ Corp	40,540	40,540	46,933	6,393	
PILOT Southern Champion Tray	6,340	6,340	-	(6,340)	
PILOT Alstom Power Inc.		-	391,158	391,158	
PILOT Assort Tower Inc. PILOT Gestamp Chattanooga, LLC	232,500	232,500	213,033	(19,467)	
PILOT Gestamp Chattanooga, ELC  PILOT Scannell- FedEx, Inc.	232,300	232,300	67,411	67,411	
PILOT Scamen- Feder, nic. PILOT Westinghouse Electric Co.	76,334	76,334	88,694	12,360	
PILOT Westinghouse Electric Co.  PILOT Chit Chatt Properties	672	672	672	12,300	
PILOT EPB	6,569,000	6,569,000	6,908,868	339,868	
PILOT EFB PILOT American Plastic 2	0,505,000	0,505,000	11,359	11,359	
PILOT American Flastic 2 PILOT Plastic Omnium Auto Exteriors LLC	5,000	5,000	165,300	160,300	
PILOT Plastic Offinium Auto Exteriors LEC PILOT UTC Two LLC	15,940	15,940	10,148	(5,792)	
	15,740	13,740	5,790	5,790	
PILOT UTC Three LLC	15,000	15,000	3,790	(15,000)	
PILOT Rock Tenn Retail Solutions	13,000	13,000	14,818		
PILOT Choo Choo Partners	-	-	14,616	14,818	
Interest and penalty on taxes	124 000	124,000	200 556	155 556	
Current year	134,000	134,000	289,556	155,556	
Prior years	1,150,000	1,150,000	1,309,269	159,269	
Collection fees on delinquent taxes	280,000	280,000	319,056	39,056	
Total property taxes	127,946,600	127,946,600	130,379,114	2,432,514	

# SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL GENERAL FUND

#### Year Ended June 30, 2016

	Budget Amounts		Actual	Variance with Final Budget -	
	Original	Final	Amounts	Over (Under)	
(Continued from previous page)					
Other local taxes:					
Franchise taxes	\$ 4,340,000	\$ 4,340,000	\$ 4,390,456	\$ 50,456	
Liquor taxes	2,367,000	2,367,000	2,774,584	407,584	
Beer taxes	5,350,000	5,350,000	5,756,278	406,278	
Local litigation tax city court	3,000	3,000	2,883	(117)	
Gross receipts tax	4,941,000	4,941,000	5,608,405	667,405	
Corporate excise tax - intangible property	109,000	109,000	219,192	110,192	
Total other taxes	17,110,000	17,110,000	18,751,798	1,641,798	
Total taxes	145,056,600	145,056,600	149,130,912	4,074,312	
Licenses, fees and permits:					
Licenses:					
Wrecker Business License	4,600	4,600	3,800	(800)	
Liquor by Drink License	161,000	161,000	142,915	(18,085)	
Liquor by Drink Int & Pen	2,000	2,000	925	(1,075)	
Transient Vendor License	-	-	1,910	1,910	
Motor Vehicle License	410,000	410,000	460,790	50,790	
Original Business License Fee	21,000	21,000	21,380	380	
Manufacturing of Intoxicants License	-	-	1,000	1,000	
Permits:	4.000.000	4.000.000	4 = 40 004	T-0-004	
Building Permits	1,200,000	1,200,000	1,762,394	562,394	
Electrical Permits	300,000	300,000	355,899	55,899	
Plumbing Fixtures Connection Permits	175,000	175,000	196,200	21,200	
Street Cut-in Permits	150,000	150,000	350,378	200,378	
Mechanical Code Permits	170,000	170,000	209,060	39,060	
Hotel Permits	4,700	4,700	5,100	400	
Gas Permits	29,000	29,000	44,605	15,605	
Sign Permits	125,000	125,000	147,690	22,690	
Taxicab Driver Permits	10,000	10,000	4,875	(5,125)	
Temporary Use Permits	3,300	3,300	5,940	2,640	
Moving Permit Investigation Fee	-	-	495 200	495 200	
Going Out of Business Permits	10,200	10,200	9,330	(870)	
Traffic Eng Special Events Permits		,		, ,	
Fortwood Parking Permits	4,500	4,500	3,000	(1,500) 150	
Push Cart Permits	-	-	150 810	810	
Mobile Food Unit	-	-	950	950	
Tree Ordinance Permit Amplified Music District Permit Fees	500	500	950	(500)	
Amplified Wusic District I ethilt rees	300	300	_	(300)	

# SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL GENERAL FUND

#### Year Ended June 30, 2016

		Budget Amounts		Actual		Variance with Final Budget -	
	C	Original		Final	 Amounts	Ov	er (Under)
(Continued from previous page)							
Fees:							
Business License Issuance Fees	\$	46,800	\$	46,800	\$ 62,376	\$	15,576
Plumbing Examiners Fees		85,000		85,000	26,320		(58,680)
Electrical Examiners Fees		53,200		53,200	83,500		30,300
Gas Examiners Fees		75,000		75,000	20,310		(54,690)
Beer Permit Application Fees		106,000		106,000	113,435		7,435
Mechanical Exam Fees		126,000		126,000	110,200		(15,800)
Permit Issuance Fees		45,000		45,000	52,761		7,761
Exhibitors Fees		-		-	1,215		1,215
Subdivision Review & Inspection Fees		17,000		17,000	27,970		10,970
Adult Entertain Application Fees		10,800		10,800	10,350		(450)
Zoning Letter Fees		12,000		12,000	15,825		3,825
Variance Request Fees		8,500		8,500	9,945		1,445
Certificate of Occupancy Fees		20,000		20,000	26,520		6,520
Sewer Verification Letter Fees		500		500	175		(325)
Code Compliance Letter Fees		1,500		1,500	1,700		200
Modular Home Site Investigation Fees		-		-	200		200
Plan Checking Fees		140,000		140,000	341,745		201,745
Phased Construction Plan Review Fees		75,000		75,000	55,906		(19,094)
Construction Board of Appeals Fees		3,000		3,000	1,350		(1,650)
Sign Board of Appeals Fees		1,600		1,600	1,900		300
Dead Animal Pickup at Vet Fees		4,500		4,500	-		(4,500)
Historic Zone Construction Fee		-		-	50		50
Hardship-Appropriateness Construction Fee		-		-	275		275
Northshore Design Appeal Fee		500		500	2,100		1,600
Northshore-Downtown Plan Review Fee		500		500	425		(75)
Fire Permits City Code 16-29		76,300		76,300	248,103		171,803
Parking Lot Fee		5,100		5,100	46,400		41,300
Wine in Grocery Store		-		-	2,900		2,900
Designated revenue:							
Parking meters and other fees		1,652,793		1,652,793	 1,850,154		197,361
Total licenses, fees & permits		5,347,393		5,347,393	 6,843,906		1,496,513
Intergovernmental:							
State funds:							
State Operations Funds Training Supplement F&P		555,000		555,000	496,800		(58,200)
State Shared Ops Maintenance of Streets		226,000		226,000	189,696		(36,304)
State Shared City Alloc State Sales Tax	1:	2,670,000	1	2,670,000	13,491,085		821,085
State Shared City Alloc State Income Tax		3,750,000		3,750,000	3,532,771		(217,229)
State Shared City Alloc State Beer Tax		81,000		81,000	81,872		872
State Shared Mixed Drink Tax		2,500,000		2,500,000	2,909,666		409,666
State Shared Telecommunications Sales Tax		17,000		17,000	14,076		(2,924)
State Shared Alcoholic Beverage Tax		120,000		120,000	158,134		38,134
State Shared Gas Inspection Fees		340,000		340,000	341,126		1,126
State Shared Commission Gross Receipts		420,000		420,000	510,374		90,374

# SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL GENERAL FUND

#### Year Ended June 30, 2016

	Budget Amounts		Actual	Variance with Final Budget -	
	Original	Final	Amounts	Over (Under)	
(Continued from previous page)					
County funds:					
Ham Co Oper Ross's Landing	\$ 900,000	\$ 900,000	\$ 1,139,011	\$ 239,011	
Ham Co Shared County-wide Sales Tax	42,050,000	42,050,000	45,479,387	3,429,387	
Other intergovernmental	-	-	68,944	68,944	
Designated revenue:					
Ham Co Shared County-wide Sales Tax (Add .5 Cent)	12,154,000	12,154,000	12,961,844	807,844	
Other	2,392,629	2,392,629	2,021,351	(371,278)	
Total intergovernmental revenues	78,175,629	78,175,629	83,396,137	5,220,508	
Charges for services					
Court charges:					
Court Cost Current	295,000	295,000	246,165	(48,835)	
Court Commissions	8,200	8,200	6,985	(1,215)	
Court Clerk's Fee Current	960,000	960,000	800,985	(159,015)	
Court Clerk's Fee Delinquent	-	-	783	783	
Court Service of Process Current	-	-	378	378	
Court Service of Process Delinquent	-	-	224	224	
Court Processing of Release Forms	17,800	17,800	15,752	(2,048)	
Court Administrative Cost	12,300	12,300	1,563	(10,737)	
Court Current State Cost	1,000	1,000	1,403	403	
Court Copy Record Income	-	-	16	16	
Court Translation Service Fee	-	-	14,378	14,378	
Facility charges:					
Facility Rents	39,600	39,600	39,442	(158)	
Property Rental Revenue	76,800	76,800	173,159	96,359	
Ballfield Income	52,500	52,500	60,685	8,185	
Skateboard Park Fees	39,000	39,000	26,318	(12,682)	
Carousel Ridership	92,000	92,000	126,134	34,134	
Walker Pavilion Rent	14,500	14,500	19,873	5,373	
Coolidge Park Table Rental	3,900	3,900	-	(3,900)	
Heritage Park House Rent	25,000	25,000	34,455	9,455	
Renaissance Park Rent	-	-	3,620	3,620	
Greenway Facility Rent	16,500	16,500	11,058	(5,442)	
Fitness Center Fees	44,200	44,200	38,676	(5,524)	
Dock Rental	22,000	22,000	29,382	7,382	
Ross' Landing Rent	50,000	50,000	66,803	16,803	
Champion's Club Fees	30,000	30,000	39,768	9,768	
Recreation Center Rental	44,000	44,000	44,286	286	
Carousel Room Rental	11,000	11,000	13,550	2,550	
Coolidge Park Rental	12,300	12,300	12,980	680	
Walnut Street Bridge Rental	1,000	1,000	2,300	1,300	
Civic Facility Offset	-	-	(125,322)	(125,322)	

# SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL GENERAL FUND

#### Year Ended June 30, 2016

	Budget	Amounts	Actual	Variance with Final Budget - Over (Under)	
	Original	Final	Amounts		
(Continued from previous page)					
Event charges:					
Preservation Fee	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 15,392	\$ 15,392	
Box Office Fee	-	-	15,181	15,181	
Ticket Stock Charge	-	-	1,539	1,539	
Overtime Reimbursement	-	-	7,783	7,783	
Handling fee	-	-	2,106	2,106	
Convenience Fee	-	-	26,689	26,689	
Box Office Staff	-	-	3,890	3,890	
Program charges:					
Park Event Fees	10,000	10,000	8,573	(1,427)	
Kidz Kamp Fees	45,000	45,000	9,580	(35,420)	
Sports Program Fees	12,000	12,000	8,800	(3,200)	
Non-Traditional Program Fees	2,400	2,400	2,477	77	
OutVenture Fees	18,000	18,000	23,190	5,190	
Therapeutic Fees	1,800	1,800	1,227	(573)	
Swimming Pool Fees	125,000	125,000	123,792	(1,208)	
Arts & Culture Fees	900	900	1,050	150	
Counter sales:					
Police Report Fees	31,300	31,300	36,428	5,128	
Credit Card Processing Fee	55,200	55,200	63,992	8,792	
Concessions	-	-	70,188	70,188	
Civic Facilities Show Merchandise	-	-	3,749	3,749	
Other charges:					
Financial Service EPB	7,200	7,200	7,200	-	
Fire & Ambulance Service Fees	-	-	11	11	
General Pension Admin Cost	45,000	45,000	45,000	-	
Returned Check Fee	3,900	3,900	3,323	(577)	
Waste Container Purchases	35,000	35,000	18,164	(16,836)	
Non Profit Request Fee	-	-	2,000	2,000	
Recycle Container Purchases	-	-	150	150	
Revenue adjustments:					
Over & Under	-	-	(230)	(230)	
Designated revenue:	2,669,002	2,669,002	1,860,678	(808,324)	
Total charges for services	4,930,302	4,930,302	4,067,721	(862,581)	
Fines, forfeitures and penalties					
City court fines	725,000	725,000	673,902	(51,098)	
Criminal court fines	115,000	115,000	133,281	18,281	
Traffic court fines	56,000	56,000	50,704	(5,296)	
Designated revenue	815	815	1,687,066	1,686,251	
Total fines and forfeitures	896,815	896,815	2,544,953	1,648,138	

# SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL GENERAL FUND

#### Year Ended June 30, 2016

	Budget Amounts		Actual	Variance with Final Budget -	
	Original	Final	Final Amounts		
(Continued from previous page)					
Miscellaneous:					
Investment income	\$ 400,000	\$ 400,000	\$ 1,811,495	\$ 1,411,495	
Sale of property	105,000	105,000	745,075	640,075	
Donations	-	-	1,000	1,000	
Settlements	25,000	25,000	48,836	23,836	
Departmental billings	4,538,000	4,538,000	4,538,235	235	
Miscellaneous revenue	394,500	394,500	666,578	272,078	
Designated revenue:					
Investment income	48,798	48,798	80,220	31,422	
Donations	31,618	31,618	735,984	704,366	
Settlements	7,000	7,000	-	(7,000)	
Miscellaneous revenue	318	318	108,344	108,026	
Total miscellaneous revenue	5,550,234	5,550,234	8,735,767	3,185,533	
Total revenues	239,956,973	239,956,973	254,719,396	14,762,423	
EXPENDITURES					
General government:					
City Council	743,639	743,639	659,866	(83,773)	
City Judges	921,153	921,153	903,664	(17,489)	
City Attorney	1,557,583	1,557,583	1,527,666	(29,917)	
Records Retention Management	50,000	50,000	1,839	(48,161)	
Internal Audit	625,445	625,445	580,411	(45,034)	
Information Services:	023,443	023,443	300,411	(43,034)	
Information Services	6,201,950	6,201,950	5,612,088	(589,862)	
Purchasing	824,120	824,120	732,575	(91,545)	
311 Call Center	608,314	608,314	517,284	(91,030)	
External Appropriations:	000,514	000,514	317,204	(71,030)	
Allied Arts Council Fund, Inc.	275,000	275,000	275,000	_	
Carter Street Corporation	200,000	200,000	200,000	_	
Chatt Neighborhood Enterprise	705,000	705,000	705,000	_	
WTCI-TV Channel 45	75,000	75,000	75,000		
Tennessee River Park	1,132,073	1,132,073	1,032,924	(99,149)	
	60,000	60,000	60,000	()),14)	
Children's Advocacy Center Community Foundation Scholarships	101,300	101,300	101,300	_	
•	125,000	125,000	125,000	_	
Chatt Area Urban League	60,000	60,000	60,000	-	
Bessie Smith Cultural Center	11,915	11,915	00,000	(11,915)	
Railroad Authority			210,000	(11,913)	
Enterprise Center	210,000	210,000		(141,858)	
Enterprise South Nature Park	693,415	693,415	551,557	(141,838)	
Friends of Moccasin Bend Natl Park	30,000	30,000	30,000	- (0.227)	
ESIP Security Services	62,077	62,077	53,740	(8,337)	
Homeless Coalition	50,000	50,000	50,000	-	
Partnership Rape Crisis	65,000	65,000	65,000	-	
Children's Home - Chambliss Shelter	350,000	350,000	350,000	-	

# SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL GENERAL FUND

#### Year Ended June 30, 2016

		Budget Amounts		Actual		Variance with Final Budget -		
		Original		Final	Amounts		Over (Under)	
(Continued from previous page)							<u> </u>	
General government (continued):								
Fortwood Center	\$	57,000	\$	57,000	\$ 57,000	\$	-	
Joe Johnson Mental Health		60,000		60,000	60,000		-	
Speech & Hearing Center		67,700		67,700	67,700		-	
Orange Grove		105,188		105,188	105,188		-	
Signal Center		75,000		75,000	75,000		-	
AIM Center, Inc.		60,000		60,000	60,000		-	
Bethlehem Center		25,000		25,000	25,000		-	
Hope for the Inner City		60,000		60,000	60,000		-	
Girls, Inc.		30,000		30,000	30,000		-	
Greater Chattanooga Sports & Events		130,000		130,000	130,000		-	
Chattanooga Zoo		25,000		25,000	25,000		-	
Chattanooga Room in the Inn		25,000		25,000	25,000		-	
LaPaz Chattanooga		50,000		50,000	50,000		-	
Green Spaces		15,000		15,000	15,000		-	
Component Unit Appropriations:								
CARTA Subsidy		5,274,771		5,274,771	5,045,361		(229,410)	
City Code Revision		-		-	14,823		14,823	
Unemployment Insurance		80,000		80,000	56,657		(23,343)	
Contingency Fund		158,362		158,362	28,555		(129,807)	
Renewal & Replacement		461,727		461,727	316,982		(144,745)	
Audits, Dues & Surveys		358,462		358,462	126,726		(231,736)	
Intergovernmental Relations		328,100		328,100	298,382		(29,718)	
City Water Quality Mgmt Fees		450,000		450,000	425,606		(24,394)	
Liability Insurance Premiums		1,000,000		1,000,000	1,000,000		-	
Education Per TCA 57-4-306		1,250,000		1,250,000	1,438,503		188,503	
ESIP Administration		5,520		5,520	9,533		4,013	
Tuition Assistance Program		20,000		20,000	22,353		2,353	
Designated expenditures:								
General government programs:								
CARTA Parking Meters		1,652,832		1,652,832	1,652,832		-	
Office of Sustainability Programs		154		154	-		(154)	
Automated Traffic Enforcement		4,493		4,493	1,433,694		1,429,201	
General government grants:		•		,				
EPA - Brownfield Revolving Loan Brightbridge		_		_	240,000		240,000	
Public Library		6,294,141		6,294,141	6,112,673		(181,468)	
Economic Development	1	10,669,708		10,669,708	8,999,321	(	1,670,387)	
Total general government		44,531,142		44,531,142	 42,486,803	(	2,044,339)	

# SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL GENERAL FUND

#### Year Ended June 30, 2016

	Budget Amounts			unts	Actual	Variance with Final Budget -	
	Orig	inal		Final	Amounts	Ov	er (Under)
(Continued from previous page)							
Executive Office of the Mayor:							
Executive Office Admin	\$ 1,34	15,022	\$	1,345,022	\$ 1,325,654	\$	(19,368)
Multicultural Affairs	34	18,187		348,187	356,864		8,677
Designated expenditures:							
Go Fest		7,205		7,205	4,476		(2,729)
Gang Task Force Be the Change		3,693		3,693	-		(3,693)
Gang Task Force Urban Art		7,500		7,500	-		(7,500)
Code for America	(	53,106		63,106	-		(63,106)
Mayors Council on Disability		400		400	-		(400)
Family Justice Center Grant	12	22,350		122,350	79,017		(43,333)
Violent Gang & Gun Crime Reduction Program		-		-	687		687
STOP 2018 Chattanooga Family Justice Center		66,721		66,721	 26,900		(39,821)
Total executive office	1,96	54,184		1,964,184	 1,793,598		(170,586)
Finance and administration:							
Finance Office	3,56	54,540		3,564,540	3,332,572		(231,968)
Office of the City Treasurer		73,946		1,173,946	660,933		(513,013)
City Court Clerk's Office	1,19	2,790		1,192,790	1,215,766		22,976
Designated expenditures:							
City Court Technology	41	13,233		413,233	35,675		(377,558)
Other Programs	1	12,433		12,433	 		(12,433)
Total finance and administration	6,35	56,942		6,356,942	 5,244,946	(	(1,111,996)
General services:							
General Services Administration	88	37,815		887,815	827,715		(60,100)
Building Maintenance	2,06	54,145		2,064,145	1,790,280		(273,865)
Real Estate	2	21,177		21,177	101,771		80,594
Farmer's Market		8,500		8,500	15,098		6,598
Zoo	67	75,000		675,000	675,000		-
Civic Facilities	75	52,069		752,069	750,000		(2,069)
Designated expenditures:							
Heritage Hall & Museum	13	33,388		133,388	116,743		(16,645)
DRC Building Operations		12,605		142,605	141,184		(1,421)
Brainerd Golf Course		91,221		791,221	800,826		9,605
Brown Acres Golf Course	1,63	35,201		1,635,201	 921,311		(713,890)
Total general services	7,11	1,121		7,111,121	 6,139,928		(971,193)
Human resources:							
Human Resource Administration	1,34	14,738		1,344,738	1,248,978		(95,760)
Insurance Officer and Programs		14,181		514,181	 514,541		360
Total human resources	1,85	58,919		1,858,919	 1,763,519		(95,400)

# SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL GENERAL FUND

#### Year Ended June 30, 2016

	Budget Amounts		Actual	Variance with Final Budget -	
	Original	Final	Amounts	Over (Under)	
(Continued from previous page)					
Economic and community development:					
Neighborhood Services Administration	\$ 1,119,713	\$ 1,119,713	\$ 950,663	\$ (169,050)	
Codes & Community Services	484,348	484,348	379,620	(104,728)	
Outdoor Chattanooga	521,683	521,683	336,477	(185,206)	
Economic & Community Development Initiatives	100,000	100,000	100,000	-	
Public Art Initiative	125,250	125,250	94,298	(30,952)	
Land Development Office	4,272,550	4,272,550	4,089,150	(183,400)	
Designated expenditures:					
Neighborhood Partners Projects & Initiatives	736,946	736,946	694,474	(42,472)	
Special Projects	511,345	511,345	25,000	(486,345)	
Public Art Initiative	120,899	120,899	111,680	(9,219)	
Total economic and community development	7,992,734	7,992,734	6,781,362	(1,211,372)	
Police:					
Police Administration	2,497,041	2,497,041	1,884,615	(612,426)	
Uniform Services	25,315,594	25,315,594	26,281,691	966,097	
Investigative Services	10,927,382	10,927,382	10,354,290	(573,092)	
Support Services	22,098,756	22,098,756	20,037,022	(2,061,734)	
Designated expenditures:	, ,	, ,	, ,	, , ,	
Reduction of Part 1 Offenses	9,853	9,853	11,824	1,971	
Police Special Programs	37,210	37,210	60,615	23,405	
Law Enforcement Planning	124,865	124,865	100,202	(24,663)	
Other Police Grants	175,000	175,000	118,942	(56,058)	
Total police	61,185,701	61,185,701	58,849,201	(2,336,500)	
Fire:					
Fire Administration	531,552	531,552	530,704	(848)	
Station Operations	34,016,513	34,016,601	34,016,239	(362)	
Safety, Training and Tactical Services	2,913,410	2,913,322	2,552,496	(360,826)	
Designated expenditures:	2,>10,.10	2,710,022	2,002, .>0	(200,020)	
Fire Programs and Grants	296,915	296,915	50,342	(246,573)	
Total fire	37,758,390	37,758,390	37,149,781	(608,609)	
Public works:					
Public Works Administration	736,882	736,882	751,804	14,922	
City Engineer's Office	1,532,854	1,532,854	1,496,363	(36,491)	
Field Surveyors	225,477	225,477	240,340	14,863	
Utilities	184,660	184,660	190,775	6,115	
Solid Waste Disposal	6,210,400	6,210,400	6,210,400	-	
City-wide Services Administration	1,226,715	1,226,715	1,313,188	86,473	
Emergency	654,390	654,390	580,536	(73,854)	
Street Cleaning	85,588	85,588	1,974,309	1,888,721	
Central Business District	299,140	299,140	239,622	(59,518)	
Street Cleaning Crews	930,842	930,842	267,231	(663,611)	

# SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL GENERAL FUND

#### Year Ended June 30, 2016

	Budget A	Amounts	Actual	Variance with Final Budget -
	Original	Final	Amounts	Over (Under)
(Continued from previous page)				
Public works (continued):				
Mowing Tractors/Leaf Collection	\$ 1,114,300	\$ 1,114,300	\$ 295,460	\$ (818,840)
Street Sweeping	564,414	564,414	273,152	(291,262)
Waste Pickup	7,594,001	7,594,001	7,577,413	(16,588)
Municipal Forestry	872,863	872,863	825,876	(46,987)
Storm Stations	-	-	119,607	119,607
Park Management	2,351,452	2,351,452	2,289,051	(62,401)
Hamilton County Shared Parks Maintenance	2,479,639	2,479,639	1,989,627	(490,012)
Designated expenditures:				
Public Works Programs	425,324	425,324	170,271	(255,053)
Municipal Forestry Grants and Tree Program	7,192	7,192	-	(7,192)
Other Public Works Grants	273,700	273,700		(273,700)
Total public works	27,769,833	27,769,833	26,805,025	(964,808)
Transportation:				
Transportation Administration	1,493,849	1,493,849	1,201,473	(292,376)
Traffic Engineering Administration	832,554	832,554	929,351	96,797
Street Lighting	2,826,284	2,826,284	2,882,256	55,972
Traffic Operations	2,170,593	2,170,593	2,155,097	(15,496)
Designated expenditures:				
Transportation Programs	351,086	351,086	343,643	(7,443)
Total transportation	7,674,366	7,674,366	7,511,820	(162,546)
Youth and family development:				
Youth & Family Development Administration	499,918	499,918	501,519	1,601
Recreation Administration	1,474,734	1,474,734	1,822,554	347,820
Youth Development	196,341	196,341	159,290	(37,051)
Kidz Kamp	144,531	144,531	190,860	46,329
Sports Programs	516,374	516,374	478,812	(37,562)
Aquatics Programs	154,885	154,885	233,976	79,091
Therapeutic Programs	160,668	160,668	124,540	(36,128)
Fitness Center	217,375	217,375	280,577	63,202
Youth Dev - CAPS	237,767	237,767	245,675	7,908
Youth Dev - Education	273,954	273,954	288,808	14,854
Youth Dev - Career Development	114,894	114,894	101,823	(13,071)
Skatepark	27,784	27,784	87,121	59,337
Champion's Club	342,278	342,278	329,177	(13,101)
Summit of Softball	459,900	459,900	464,732	4,832
Recreation Centers	3,773,893	3,773,893	3,279,804	(494,089)
North River Center Programs	100,557	100,557	118,885	18,328
Eastgate Center Programs	200,581	200,581	139,653	(60,928)
Heritage House Programs	71,240	71,240	81,998	10,758
Cultural Arts Programs	-	-	20	20
Designated expenditures:				
YFD Programs	1,141,329	1,141,329	907,085	(234,244)
Total youth and family development	10,109,003	10,109,003	9,836,909	(272,094)

# SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL GENERAL FUND

	Budget A	Amounts	Actual	Variance with Final Budget -
	Original	Final	Amounts	Over (Under)
(Continued from previous page)				
Total expenditures	\$214,312,335	\$214,312,335	\$204,362,892	\$ (9,949,443)
Excess of revenues over expenditures	25,644,638	25,644,638	50,356,504	24,711,866
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in Transfers out	48,000 (37,088,905)	48,000 (37,088,905)	48,000 (36,997,175)	91,730
Total other financing sources (uses)	(37,040,905)	(37,040,905)	(36,949,175)	91,730
Net change in fund balances	(11,396,267)	(11,396,267)	13,407,329	24,803,596
FUND BALANCES, beginning	69,436,164	69,436,164	69,436,164	
FUND BALANCES, ending	\$ 58,039,897	\$ 58,039,897	\$ 82,843,493	\$ 24,803,596

#### BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE SPECIAL REVENUE FUND DOWNTOWN DEVELOPMENT FUND

		Budget A	Amour	nts	1	Actual	Variance with Final Budget-		
	C	Original		Final		mounts	Over (Under)		
REVENUES	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	
EXPENDITURES		-		-					
Net change in fund balances		-		-		-		-	
FUND BALANCES, beginning		11,780		11,780		11,780			
FUND BALANCES, ending	\$	11,780	\$	11,780	\$	11,780	\$		

#### BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE SPECIAL REVENUE FUND SOCIAL SERVICES PROGRAM FUND

Year Ended June 30, 2016				37 ' '.1		
	Rudget	Amounts	Actual	Variance with Final Budget-		
	Original	Final	Amounts	Over (Under)		
	Original		Timounts	over (cheer)		
REVENUES						
Federal funds	\$ 11,674,064	\$ 11,674,064	\$ 11,231,571	\$ (442,493)		
United Way	-	-	608	608		
Project Warm Neighbors	9,900	9,900	14,100	4,200		
Day care fees	43,377	43,377	22,468	(20,909)		
Donations	41,600	41,600	42,580	980		
Investment income	-	-	6,440	6,440		
Miscellaneous	282	282	6,100	5,818		
Total revenues	15,193,461	15,193,461	14,750,637	(442,824)		
EXPENDITURES						
Administration	911,627	911,627	920,596	8,969		
Headstart program	11,731,932	11,731,932	10,913,689	(818,243)		
Day care	310,593	310,593	223,859	(86,734)		
Food program	87,469	87,469	68,494	(18,975)		
Foster grandparent program	497,282	497,282	496,450	(832)		
Low-income energy assistance	2,057,812	2,057,812	2,358,518	300,706		
Community services block grant	626,062	626,062	632,397	6,335		
Title II commodities	32,500	32,500	37,953	5,453		
Emergency food and shelter	-	· -	7,811	7,811		
Other programs	56,635	56,635	50,126	(6,509)		
Capital outlay	67,243	67,243	226,118	158,875		
Total expenditures	16,379,155	16,379,155	15,936,011	(443,144)		
Excess (deficiency) of revenues						
over (under) expenditures	(1,185,694)	(1,185,694)	(1,185,374)	320		
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)						
Transfers in	1,165,000	1,165,000	1,165,000			
Total other financing sources (uses)	1,165,000	1,165,000	1,165,000			
Net change in fund balances	(20,694)	(20,694)	(20,374)	320		
FUND BALANCES, beginning	761,688	761,688	761,688			
FUND BALANCES, ending	\$ 740,994	\$ 740,994	\$ 741,314	\$ 320		

#### BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE SPECIAL REVENUE FUND NARCOTICS PROGRAM FUND

Budget Amounts					Actual	Variance with Final Budget-		
	Original		Final	Amounts		Over (Under)		
\$	-	\$	-	\$	116,500	\$	116,500	
	-		-		375		375	
	250,000		250,000		312,498		62,498	
	-		-		7,345		7,345	
	180,563		180,563		77,854		(102,709)	
	430,563		430,563		514,572		84,009	
'	_		_		_			
	410,293		410,293		244,591		(165,702)	
	_		-		16,975		16,975	
(	410,293		410,293		261,566		(148,727)	
	20,270		20,270		253,006		232,736	
	1,422,324		1,422,324		1,422,324			
\$	1,442,594	\$	1,442,594	\$	1,675,330	\$	232,736	
	\$	Original  \$	Original  \$	Original         Final           \$ - \$ - \$            250,000         250,000           180,563         180,563           430,563         430,563           410,293         410,293           410,293         410,293           20,270         20,270           1,422,324         1,422,324	Original         Final           \$ - \$ - \$         \$           250,000         250,000           180,563         180,563           430,563         430,563           410,293         410,293           410,293         410,293           20,270         20,270           1,422,324         1,422,324	Original         Final         Amounts           \$ - \$ - \$ 116,500         375           250,000         250,000         312,498           7,345         7,345           180,563         180,563         77,854           430,563         430,563         514,572           410,293         410,293         244,591           16,975         16,975           410,293         410,293         261,566           20,270         20,270         253,006           1,422,324         1,422,324         1,422,324	Budget Amounts         Actual Amounts         Final Final Final Amounts           \$ - \$ - \$ 116,500 \$         \$           250,000 250,000 312,498 - 7,345 180,563 180,563 180,563 77,854         77,854           430,563 430,563 514,572         514,572           410,293 410,293 244,591 - 16,975 16,975         261,566           20,270 20,270 253,006         253,006           1,422,324 1,422,324 1,422,324         1,422,324	

#### BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE SPECIAL REVENUE FUND STATE STREET AID FUND

Tear Ended Gaile 50, 2010	Budge Original	t Amounts Final	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget- Over (Under)	
REVENUES					
State of Tennessee funds	\$ 4,474,700		\$ 4,800,375	\$ 325,675	
Miscellaneous	154	154	3,632	3,478	
Total revenues	4,474,854	4,474,854	4,804,007	329,153	
EXPENDITURES					
Salaries and wages	1,701,635	1,701,635	1,447,292	(254,343)	
Fringe benefits	1,024,036	1,024,036	761,688	(262,348)	
Purchased services	105,009	105,009	98,430	(6,579)	
Vehicle operations	951,576	951,576	723,049	(228,527)	
Materials and supplies	690,083		480,772	(209,311)	
Other expense	55		2,975	2,920	
Capital outlay	(343,806	(343,806)		347,359	
Total expenditures	4,128,588	4,128,588	3,517,759	(610,829)	
Net change in fund balances	346,266	346,266	1,286,248	939,982	
FUND BALANCES, beginning	2,273,649	2,273,649	2,273,649		
FUND BALANCES, ending	\$ 2,619,915	\$ 2,619,915	\$ 3,559,897	\$ 939,982	

#### BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE SPECIAL REVENUE FUND COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT FUND

	Budget Amounts			anto	A atual		Variance with Final Budget-		
		Original	Amoi	Final		Actual Amounts		ar Budget- er (Under)	
REVENUES									
Federal funds	\$	2,717,777	\$	2,717,777	\$	2,200,649	\$	(517,128)	
State of Tennessee funds		(61,509)		(61,509)		<del>-</del>		61,509	
Investment income		139,342		139,342		65,515		(73,827)	
Miscellaneous		293,598		293,598		200,952		(92,646)	
Total revenues		3,089,208		3,089,208		2,467,116		(622,092)	
EXPENDITURES									
Administration		357,824		357,824		421,893		64,069	
Community development programs		801,298		801,298		599,827		(201,471)	
Home investment programs		825,430		825,430		720,791		(104,639)	
Emergency shelter programs		150,938		150,938		100,584		(50,354)	
Other programs		371,456		371,456		-		(371,456)	
Capital outlay						8,897		8,897	
Total expenditures		2,506,946		2,506,946		1,851,992		(654,954)	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues									
over (under) expenditures		582,262		582,262		615,124		32,862	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)									
Transfers in		-		-		7,297		7,297	
Transfers out		(630,000)		(630,000)		(581,565)		48,435	
Total other financing sources (uses)		(630,000)		(630,000)		(574,268)		55,732	
Net change in fund balances		(47,738)		(47,738)		40,856		88,594	
FUND BALANCES, beginning		1,386,021		1,386,021		1,386,021			
FUND BALANCES, ending	\$	1,338,283	\$	1,338,283	\$	1,426,877	\$	88,594	

# BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE SPECIAL REVENUE FUND HOTEL/MOTEL TAX FUND

	Budget Amounts Original Final			Actual Amounts		Fin	iance with al Budget- er (Under)	
REVENUES								
Hotel/Motel tax Investment income	\$	5,814,000	\$	5,814,000 2,301	\$	6,668,896 2,301	\$	854,896 -
Total revenues		5,814,000		5,816,301		6,671,197		854,896
EXPENDITURES								
Contracted services		146,280		146,280		165,572		19,292
Total expenditures		146,280		146,280		165,572		19,292
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures		5,667,720		5,670,021		6,505,625		835,604
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers out		(5,870,192)		(5,870,192)		(5,870,192)		
Total other financing sources (uses)		(5,870,192)		(5,870,192)		(5,870,192)		
Net change in fund balances		(202,472)		(200,171)		635,433		835,604
FUND BALANCES, beginning		3,525,307		3,525,307		3,525,307		<u>-</u> ,
FUND BALANCES, ending	\$	3,322,835	\$	3,325,136	\$	4,160,740	\$	835,604

#### BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE SPECIAL REVENUE FUND RIVER PIER GARAGE FUND

	Budget Amounts					Actual		Variance with Final Budget-	
	Original			Final	Amounts		Over (Under)		
REVENUES Parking garage income	\$	250,000	\$	250,000	\$	395,566	\$	145,566	
Total revenues		250,000		250,000		395,566		145,566	
EXPENDITURES Contracted services		250,000		250,000		187,924		(62,076)	
Total expenditures		250,000		250,000		187,924		(62,076)	
Net change in fund balances		-		-		207,642		207,642	
FUND BALANCES, beginning		1,107,806		1,107,806		1,107,806			
FUND BALANCES, ending	\$	1,107,806	\$	1,107,806	\$	1,315,448	\$	207,642	

#### BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE SPECIAL REVENUE FUND REGIONAL PLANNING AGENCY FUND

1 ear Ended June 30, 2010						riance with	
	Budget A	Amo	unts	Actual	Final Budget-		
	 Original		Final	 Amounts	Ov	er (Under)	
REVENUES							
State of Tennessee funds	\$ 767,783	\$	767,783	\$ 698,951	\$	(68,832)	
Hamilton County funds	737,718		737,718	737,718		-	
Other intergovernmental	238,988		238,988	253,010		14,022	
Contributions	235,000		235,000	10,000		(225,000)	
Miscellaneous	92,800		92,800	 107,901		15,101	
Total revenues	2,072,289		2,072,289	1,807,580		(264,709)	
EXPENDITURES							
Administration	3,093,885		3,093,885	2,712,827		(381,058)	
Transportation planning	1,156,219		1,156,219	1,082,809		(73,410)	
Other program	47,207		47,207	40,913		(6,294)	
Capital outlay	 32,500		32,500	 21,693		(10,807)	
Total expenditures	4,329,811		4,329,811	3,858,242		(471,569)	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues							
over (under) expenditures	(2,257,522)		(2,257,522)	 (2,050,662)		206,860	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)							
Transfers in	2,662,324		2,662,324	2,613,769		(48,555)	
Transfers out	(145,519)		(145,519)	 (247,712)		(102,193)	
Total other financing sources (uses)	2,516,805		2,516,805	 2,366,057		(150,748)	
Net change in fund balances	259,283		259,283	315,395		56,112	
FUND BALANCES, beginning	3,879,460		3,879,460	 3,879,460		-	
FUND BALANCES, ending	\$ 4,138,743	\$	4,138,743	\$ 4,194,855		56,112	

# BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE SPECIAL REVENUE FUND AIR POLLUTION CONTROL FUND

Tear Ended Julie 50, 2010		Budget A	Amoi	ınts		Actual		iance with al Budget-
		Original		Final		Amounts		er (Under)
REVENUES								
Federal funds	\$	480,910	\$	480,910	\$	479,719	\$	(1,191)
Hamilton County funds	Ψ	188,548	Ψ	188,548	Ψ	188,548	Ψ	(1,1)1)
Permits		499,400		499,400		404,067		(95,333)
Total revenues		1,168,858		1,168,858		1,072,334		(96,524)
EXPENDITURES								
Operations		1,377,597		1,377,597		1,304,445		(73,152)
Special programs		9,000		9,000		15,465		6,465
Capital outlay				62,796		31,486		(31,310)
Total expenditures		1,386,597		1,449,393		1,351,396		(97,997)
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures		(217,739)		(280,535)		(279,062)		1,473
		· · · · · ·		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		<u> </u>		·
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in		270,820		270,820		270,820		-
Total other financing sources (uses)		270,820		270,820		270,820		-
Net change in fund balances		53,081		(9,715)		(8,242)		1,473
FUND BALANCES, beginning		872,070		872,070		872,070		<u>-</u>
FUND BALANCES, ending	\$	925,151	\$	862,355	\$	863,828	\$	1,473

# BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE SPECIAL REVENUE FUND SCENIC CITIES BEAUTIFUL COMMISSION FUND

		Budget A	Amou	nts		Actual	Variance with Final Budget-		
	(	Original		Final		Amounts		Over (Under)	
REVENUES State of Tennessee funds	\$	32,600	\$	32,600	\$	36,600	\$	4,000	
Total revenues		32,600		32,600		36,600		4,000	
EXPENDITURES Operations		69,021		69,021		73,011		3,990	
Total expenditures		69,021		69,021		73,011		3,990	
Net change in fund balances		(36,421)		(36,421)		(36,411)		10	
FUND BALANCES, beginning		133,159		133,159		133,159			
FUND BALANCES, ending	\$	96,738	\$	96,738	\$	96,748	\$	10	

# BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE SPECIAL REVENUE FUND TENNESSEE VALLEY REGIONAL COMMUNICATIONS FUND

Teal Ended June 30, 2010	Budget Amounts Original Final				·	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget- Over (Under)	
REVENUES	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
EXPENDITURES								
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures								
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers out		(899,605)		(899,605)		(899,605)		<u>-</u>
Total other financing sources (uses)		(899,605)		(899,605)		(899,605)		
Net change in fund balances		(899,605)		(899,605)		(899,605)		-
FUND BALANCES, beginning		899,605		899,605		899,605		
FUND BALANCES, ending	\$		\$		\$		\$	_

# BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE DEBT SERVICE FUND

Teal Ended June 30, 2010	Budget Amounts Original Final					Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget- Over (Under)	
REVENUES								
Hamilton County funds	\$	455,013	\$	455,013	\$	455,012	\$	(1)
Total revenues		455,013		455,013		455,012		(1)
EXPENDITURES								
Principal retirement		17,160,627		17,160,627		17,164,347		3,720
Interest		7,590,027		7,590,027		7,338,464		(251,563)
Fiscal charges		110,000	110,000		00 87,652			(22,348)
Total expenditures		24,860,654		24,860,654		24,590,463		(270,191)
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures		(24,405,641)		(24,405,641)		(24,135,451)		270,190
OTHER EINANGING COURGE (LICES)								
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in		22,705,913		22,705,913		22,851,417		145,504
Total other financing sources (uses)		22,705,913		22,705,913		22,851,417		145,504
Net change in fund balances		(1,699,728)		(1,699,728)		(1,284,034)		415,694
FUND BALANCES, beginning		3,446,011		3,446,011		3,446,011		
FUND BALANCES, ending	\$	1,746,283	\$	1,746,283	\$	2,161,977	\$	415,694



#### FINANCIAL SCHEDULES

Financial schedules are used to demonstrate finance related	d legal and contractual compliance, provide
details of data summarized in the financial statements and	present other information deemed useful.

# SCHEDULE OF INVESTMENTS BY FUND

# June 30, 2016

	Interest Rate %	Maturity Data	Amount
GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS	70	Maturity Date	Amount
General fund			
Federal Farm Credit Bank	1.12%	3/19/2018	\$ 1,049,475
Federal Farm Credit Bank	1.20%	12/14/2018	1,018,360
Federal Farm Credit Bank	1.35%	1/23/2019	1,998,357
Fed Natl Morgtage Assn. (Strip)	1.65%	2/1/2019	1,499,895
Federal Farm Credit Bank	1.37%	3/21/2019	7,500,000
Federal Home Loan Bank	1.39%	9/13/2019	3,997,500
Federal Home Loan Bank	1.39%	9/13/2019	7,495,312
Financing Corporation (Striped)	1.55%	9/26/2019	5,167,305
Federal Farm Credit Bank	1.24%	10/22/2019	5,997,660
Federal Farm Credit Bank	1.24%	10/22/2019	4,998,050
Federal Home Loan Mortgage	1.50%	10/29/2019	5,000,000
Federal Farm Credit Bank	1.40%	2/24/2020	11,335,000
Federal Farm Credit Bank	1.40%	2/24/2020	10,515,000
		_,_ ,, _, _,	67,571,914
Capital projects			
Fed Natl Mortgage Assn.	1.50%	11/27/2019	2,985,000
	-10 0,1	,-,,-,,	2,985,000
Total governmental fund investments excluding permanent	funds		\$ 70,556,914
ENTERPRISE FUNDS			
Interceptor Sewer Fund			
Fed Natl Mortgage Assn.	1.50%	12/27/2016	\$ 3,184,704
Federal Home Loan Bank	1.70%	1/27/2017	10,000,000
Fed Natl Morgtage Assn.	1.70%	2/19/2019	1,531,335
Federal Home Loan Bank	1.50%	10/30/2019	11,108,527
Federal Home Loan Bank Federal Home Loan Bank	1.50%	10/30/2019	1,110,903
Federal Home Loan Bank	1.50%	10/30/2019	
rederal nome Loan Bank	1.50%	10/30/2019	3,962,963 30,898,432
Solid Waste Fund			30,070,432
Federal Farm Credit Bank	1.00%	11/13/2018	300,000
Federal Farm Credit Bank Federal Farm Credit Bank	1.00%	11/13/2018	450,000
redetai raini Ciedit Dank	1.00%	11/13/2016	750,000
Water Quality			730,000
Water Quality Fed Natl Mortgage Assn.	1.50%	11/27/2019	1 502 000
red Nati Wortgage Assii.	1.30%	11/27/2019	1,503,000
Chattanaga Dayintayin Radayalanmant Corneration			1,503,000
Chattanooga Downtown Redevelopment Corporation	0.000/	9/12/2016	10.025.042
Federal Home Loan Bank Discount Note	0.00%	8/12/2016	10,025,042
			10,025,042
Electric Power Board			
Federal National Mortgage Agency	N/A	N/A	5,000,000
•			5,000,000
Total enterprise fund investments			\$ 48,176,474

#### COMBINED SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN TAXES RECEIVABLE

#### Year Ended June 30, 2016

	Property					Property		
	Taxes					Taxes		Net
	Receivable	Property	Anticipated	Net Pick-Ups		Receivable	Allowance	Receivable
TAX	Balance	Tax	Current Year	and		Balance	for	Balance
YEAR (1)	6/30/2015	Levied	Levy (2)	Charge-Offs	Collections	6/30/2016	Uncollectibles	6/30/2016
2016	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 114,473,193	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 114,473,193	\$ -	\$ 114,473,193
2015	=	118,013,601	-	253,443	112,528,121	5,738,923	461,983	5,276,940
2014	5,770,671	-	-	(529,585)	2,920,106	2,320,980	450,038	1,870,942
2013	2,325,778	-	-	3,647	996,808	1,332,617	441,363	891,254
2012	1,616,102	-	-	5,275	990,359	631,018	484,875	146,143
2011	648,138	-	-	(21,859)	128,997	497,282	467,743	29,539
2010	491,090	-	-	(21,921)	33,187	435,982	435,982	-
2009	358,771	-	-	(16,426)	23,000	319,345	319,345	-
2008	337,006	-	-	(6,076)	8,804	322,126	322,126	-
2007	252,052	-	-	(1,360)	5,355	245,337	245,337	-
2006	194,355			(6)	3,299	191,050	191,050	
	\$ 11,993,963	\$ 118,013,601	\$ 114,473,193	\$ (334,868)	\$ 117,638,036	\$ 126,507,853	\$ 3,819,842	\$ 122,688,011

#### Note:

<sup>(1)</sup> All years prior to 2013 have been turned over to the Clerk and Master for collection.

<sup>(2)</sup> Accrual of the anticipated current year levy is required by GASB Statement No. 33. The accrual is recorded net of the allowance for uncollectible amounts.

#### CITY OF CHATTANOOGA

# SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF DEBT SERVICE REQUIREMENTS TO MATURITY

# June 30, 2016

SOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES		Principal		Interest		Total
2018         18,803,714         6,974,091         25,777,805           2019         19,047,473         6,310,940         25,358,413           2020         15,867,069         5,745,555         21,612,624           2021         15,646,087         5,258,192         20,904,279           2022         15,917,422         4,681,518         20,598,940           2023         16,181,310         4,143,750         20,325,060           2024         16,578,679         3,515,855         20,945,34           2025         15,500,762         2,921,522         17,922,284           2026         15,350,490         2,297,078         17,452,588           2027         12,799,070         1,634,742         14,433,812           2028         10,335,000         1,171,456         11,506,456           2029         10,395,000         848,475         11,243,475           2030         6,640,000         504,200         7,144,200           2031         6,200,000         219,800         6419,800           2017         30,285,424         20,661,496         50,946,920           2018         31,456,186         19,600,629         51,056,815           2019         28,284,455 <td< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></td<>						
2019         19.047,473         6.310,940         25.358,413           2020         15.867,069         5.745,555         21.612,624           2021         15.646,087         5,258,192         20.904,279           2022         15.917,422         4,681,518         20.598,940           2023         16.181,310         4,143,750         20.325,060           2024         16.578,679         3,515,855         20.045,544           2025         15.000,762         2,921,522         17,922,284           2026         15.350,490         2,297,078         17,647,568           2027         12,799,070         1,634,742         14,433,812           2028         10,335,000         1,171,456         11,506,456           2029         10,395,000         848,475         11,243,475           2030         6,640,000         219,800         641,802           2031         6,200,000         219,800         641,802           2017         30,285,424         20,661,496         50,946,920           2018         31,456,186         19,600,629         51,056,815           2019         28,284,455         18,527,101         46,811,556           2019         28,284,455		\$		\$		\$
2020         15,867,069         5,745,555         21,612,624           2021         15,646,087         5,258,192         20,904,279           2022         15,917,422         4,681,518         20,998,940           2023         16,181,310         4,143,750         20,325,060           2024         16,578,679         3,515,855         20,094,539           2025         15,000,762         2,921,522         17,922,284           2026         15,350,490         2,297,078         17,647,568           2027         12,799,070         1,634,742         14,433,812           2028         10,335,000         1,171,456         11,506,456           2029         10,395,000         848,475         11,243,475           2030         6,640,000         504,200         7,144,200           2031         6,200,000         219,800         6,419,800           Total governmental activities         212,275,192         53,842,830         266,118,022           2017         30,285,424         2,661,496         50,946,920           2018         31,456,186         19,600,629         51,056,815           2019         28,284,455         18,527,101         46,811,556           2020 <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>						
2021         15,646,087         5,258,192         20,904,279           2022         15,917,422         4,681,518         20,598,940           2024         16,578,679         3,515,855         20,094,534           2025         15,000,762         2,921,522         17,922,284           2026         15,530,490         2,297,078         17,647,568           2027         12,799,070         1,634,742         14,433,812           2028         10,335,000         1,171,456         11,506,456           2029         10,395,000         848,475         11,243,475           2030         6,640,000         504,200         7,144,200           2031         6,200,000         504,200         7,144,200           2018         31,456,186         19,600,629         51,056,815           2019         22,384,445         5,0661,496         50,946,920           2018         31,456,186         19,600,629         51,056,815           2019         22,384,445         18,527,101         46,811,556           2020         27,366,196         17,468,861         44,835,057           2021         27,586,160         16,417,261         44,003,421           2022         29,375,437						
2022         15,917,422         4,681,518         20,958,940           2023         16,181,310         4,143,750         20,325,060           2024         16,578,679         3,515,855         20,094,534           2025         15,000,762         2,291,522         17,922,284           2026         12,799,070         1,634,742         14,433,812           2028         10,335,000         1,171,456         11,506,456           2029         10,395,000         848,475         11,243,615           2030         6,640,000         504,200         7,144,200           2031         6,200,000         219,800         6,419,800           Total governmental activities         212,275,192         53,842,830         266,118,022           BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES         30,285,424         20,661,496         50,946,920           2018         31,456,186         19,600,629         51,056,815           2029         28,284,455         18,527,101         46,811,556           2021         27,366,196         17,468,861         44,835,057           2021         27,386,196         16,417,261         44,003,421           2022         29,375,437         15,317,870         44,693,307						
2023         16,181,310         4,143,750         20,25,060           2024         16,578,679         3,515,855         20,094,534           2026         15,000,762         2,921,522         17,922,284           2026         12,350,490         2,297,078         17,647,568           2027         12,799,070         1,634,742         14,433,812           2028         10,335,000         1,171,456         11,506,456           2029         10,395,000         848,475         11,243,475           2030         6,640,000         504,200         7,144,200           2031         6,200,000         219,800         6,419,800           Total governmental activities         212,275,192         53,842,830         266,118,022           BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES           2017         30,285,424         20,661,496         50,946,920           2018         31,456,186         19,600,629         51,056,815           2020         27,366,196         17,468,861         44,835,057           2021         27,586,160         16,417,261         44,003,421           2022         29,375,437         15,317,870         44,693,307           2023         29,799,530         13,458						
2024         16,578,679         3,515,855         20,094,534           2025         15,000,762         2,921,522         17,922,284           2027         12,799,070         1,634,742         14,433,812           2028         10,335,000         1,171,456         11,506,456           2029         10,395,000         848,475         11,243,475           2030         6,640,000         504,200         7,144,200           2031         6,200,000         219,800         6,419,800           Total governmental activities         212,275,192         53,842,830         266,118,022           BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES           2017         30,285,424         20,661,496         50,946,920           2018         31,456,186         19,600,629         51,056,815           2019         28,284,455         18,527,101         46,811,556           2020         27,366,196         17,468,861         44,835,057           2021         27,386,160         16,417,261         44,003,421           2022         29,375,437         15,317,870         44,693,307           2023         29,799,530         13,458,621         43,258,151           2024         28,276,996         12,						
2025         15,000,762         2,921,522         17,922,284           2026         15,350,490         2,297,078         17,647,568           2027         12,799,070         1,634,742         14,433,812           2028         10,335,000         1,171,456         11,506,456           2029         10,395,000         848,475         11,243,475           2030         6,640,000         504,200         7,144,200           2031         6,200,000         219,800         6,419,800           Total governmental activities         212,275,192         53,842,830         266,118,022           BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES           2018         31,456,186         19,600,629         51,056,815           2019         28,284,455         18,527,101         46,811,556           2020         27,366,196         17,468,861         44,835,057           2021         27,586,160         16,417,261         44,003,421           2022         29,375,437         15,317,870         44,693,307           2023         29,799,530         13,458,621         43,258,151           2024         28,276,996         12,329,968         40,606,964           2025         28,920,402         11,						
2026         15,350,490         2,297,078         17,647,568           2027         12,799,070         1,634,742         14,433,812           2028         10,335,000         1,171,456         11,506,456           2029         10,395,000         848,475         11,243,475           2030         6,640,000         504,200         7,144,200           2031         6,200,000         219,800         6,419,800           Total governmental activities         212,275,192         53,842,830         266,118,022           BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES           2017         30,285,424         20,661,496         50,946,920           2018         31,456,186         19,600,629         51,056,815           2019         28,284,455         18,527,101         46,811,556           2020         27,366,196         17,468,861         44,835,057           2021         27,356,160         16,417,261         44,003,421           2022         29,375,437         15,317,870         44,693,307           2023         29,799,530         13,458,621         43,258,151           2024         28,276,996         12,329,968         40,606,964           2025         28,892,4002         1						
2027         12,799,070         1,634,742         14,433,812           2028         10,335,000         1,171,456         11,506,456           2029         10,395,000         848,475         11,243,475           2030         6,640,000         504,200         7,144,200           2031         6,200,000         219,800         6,419,800           Total governmental activities         212,275,192         53,842,830         266,118,022           BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES           2017         30,285,424         20,661,496         50,946,920           2018         31,456,186         19,600,629         51,056,815           2019         28,284,455         18,527,101         46,811,556           2020         27,366,196         17,468,861         44,803,421           2021         27,586,160         16,417,261         44,003,421           2022         29,375,437         15,317,870         44,693,307           2023         29,799,530         13,458,621         43,258,151           2024         28,276,996         12,329,968         40,606,964           2025         28,920,402         11,136,179         40,056,581           2026         27,688,072         9						
2028         10,335,000         1,171,456         11,506,456           2029         10,395,000         848,475         11,243,475           2030         6,640,000         504,200         7,144,200           2031         6,200,000         219,800         6,419,800           Total governmental activities         212,275,192         53,842,830         266,118,022           BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES         30,285,424         20,661,496         50,946,920           2018         31,456,186         19,600,629         51,056,815           2020         27,366,196         17,468,861         44,835,057           2021         27,586,160         16,417,261         44,033,421           2022         29,375,437         15,317,870         44,693,307           2023         29,799,530         13,458,621         43,258,151           2024         28,276,996         12,329,968         40,606,964           2025         28,920,402         11,136,179         40,056,581           2026         27,688,072         9,936,753         37,624,825           2027         28,224,773         8,872,432         37,097,205           2028         29,451,044         7,923,084         36,088,518						
2029         10,395,000         848,475         11,243,475           2030         6,640,000         504,200         7,144,200           2031         6,200,000         219,800         6,419,800           Total governmental activities         212,275,192         53,842,830         266,118,022           BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES           2017         30,285,424         20,661,496         50,946,920           2018         31,456,186         19,600,629         51,056,815           2019         28,284,455         18,527,101         46,811,556           2020         27,366,196         17,468,861         44,835,057           2021         27,586,160         16,417,261         44,093,307           2022         29,375,437         15,317,870         44,693,307           2023         29,799,530         13,458,621         43,258,151           2024         28,276,996         12,329,968         40,606,964           2025         28,920,402         11,136,179         40,056,581           2026         27,688,072         9,936,753         37,624,825           2027         28,224,773         8,872,432         37,097,205           2028         28,165,434         7					1,634,742	
2030         6,640,000         504,200         7,144,200           2031         6,200,000         219,800         6,419,800           Total governmental activities         212,275,192         53,842,830         266,118,022           BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES         30,285,424         20,661,496         50,946,920           2018         31,456,186         19,600,629         51,056,815           2029         28,284,455         18,527,101         46,811,556           2020         27,366,196         17,468,861         44,835,057           2021         27,586,160         16,417,261         44,003,421           2022         29,799,530         13,458,621         43,258,151           2024         28,276,996         12,329,968         40,606,964           2025         28,920,402         11,136,179         40,056,581           2026         27,688,072         9,936,753         37,624,825           2027         28,224,773         8,872,432         37,097,205           2028         28,165,434         7,923,084         36,088,518           2029         29,618,382         6,756,911         36,375,293           2031         29,875,404         59,286         22,141,749			10,335,000		1,171,456	11,506,456
2031         6,200,000         219,800         6,419,800           Total governmental activities         212,275,192         53,842,830         266,118,022           BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES         30,285,424         20,661,496         50,946,920           2018         31,456,186         19,600,629         51,056,815           2019         28,284,455         18,527,101         46,811,556           2020         27,366,196         17,468,861         44,835,057           2021         29,375,437         15,317,870         44,693,307           2022         29,375,437         15,317,870         44,693,307           2023         29,799,530         13,458,621         43,258,151           2024         28,276,996         12,329,968         40,606,964           2025         28,920,402         11,136,179         40,056,581           2026         27,688,072         9,936,753         37,624,825           2027         28,224,773         8,872,432         37,097,205           2028         28,165,434         7,923,084         36,088,518           2029         29,618,382         6,756,911         36,375,293           2031         29,818,866         4,041,592         33,860,478 <tr< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>848,475</td><td>11,243,475</td></tr<>					848,475	11,243,475
Total governmental activities         212,275,192         53,842,830         266,118,022           BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES         30,285,424         20,661,496         50,946,920           2018         31,456,186         19,600,629         51,056,815           2019         28,284,455         18,527,101         46,811,556           2020         27,366,196         17,468,861         44,835,057           2021         27,586,160         16,417,261         44,033,307           2023         29,375,437         15,317,870         44,693,307           2023         29,799,530         13,458,621         43,258,151           2024         28,276,996         12,329,968         40,606,964           2025         28,920,402         11,136,179         40,055,811           2026         27,688,072         99,36,753         37,624,825           2027         28,224,773         8,872,432         37,097,205           2028         28,165,434         7,923,084         36,088,518           2029         29,618,382         6,756,911         36,375,293           2030         29,457,046         5,384,467         34,841,513           2031         29,818,886         4,041,592         33,860,478			6,640,000		504,200	7,144,200
BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES 2017 30,285,424 20,661,496 50,946,920 2018 31,456,186 19,600,629 51,056,815 2019 28,284,455 18,527,101 46,811,556 2020 27,366,196 17,468,861 44,835,057 2021 27,586,160 16,417,261 44,003,421 2022 29,375,437 15,317,870 44,693,307 2023 29,799,530 13,458,621 43,258,151 2024 28,276,996 12,329,968 40,606,964 2025 28,920,402 11,136,179 40,056,581 2026 27,688,072 9,936,753 37,624,825 2027 28,224,773 8,872,432 37,097,205 2028 28,165,434 7,923,084 36,088,518 2029 29,618,382 6,756,911 36,375,293 2030 29,457,046 5,384,467 34,841,513 2031 29,818,886 4,041,592 33,860,478 2032 19,216,123 29,25,626 22,141,749 2033 19,950,000 1,950,750 21,900,750 2034 20,955,000 1,025,875 21,980,875 2035 1,475,000 324,875 2,037,875 2036 1,545,000 487,375 2,033,755 2039 1,790,000 237,500 249,375 2039 1,790,000 237,500 249,375 2039 1,790,000 237,500 249,375 2041 1,180,000 145,750 2,025,750 2040 1,880,000 145,750 2,025,750 2041 1,975,000 195,951,351 702,390,853	2031		6,200,000		219,800	 6,419,800
2017         30,285,424         20,661,496         50,946,920           2018         31,456,186         19,600,629         51,056,815           2019         28,284,455         18,527,101         46,811,556           2020         27,366,196         17,468,861         44,835,057           2021         27,586,160         16,417,261         44,003,421           2022         29,375,437         15,317,870         44,693,307           2023         29,799,530         13,458,621         43,258,151           2024         28,276,996         12,329,968         40,606,964           2025         28,920,402         11,136,179         40,556,581           2026         27,688,072         9,936,753         37,624,825           2027         28,224,773         8,872,432         37,097,205           2028         28,165,434         7,923,084         36,088,518           2029         29,618,382         6,756,911         36,375,293           2030         29,457,046         5,384,467         34,841,513           2031         29,818,886         4,041,592         33,860,478           2032         19,216,123         2,925,626         22,141,749           2033         19,950,0	Total governmental activities		212,275,192		53,842,830	 266,118,022
2018         31,456,186         19,600,629         51,056,815           2019         28,284,455         18,527,101         46,811,556           2020         27,366,196         17,468,861         44,835,057           2021         27,586,160         16,417,261         44,003,421           2022         29,375,437         15,317,870         44,693,307           2023         29,799,530         13,458,621         43,258,151           2024         28,276,996         12,329,968         40,606,964           2025         28,920,402         11,136,179         40,056,581           2026         27,688,072         9,936,753         37,624,825           2027         28,224,773         8,872,432         37,097,205           2028         28,165,434         7,923,084         36,088,518           2029         29,618,382         6,756,911         36,375,293           2030         29,457,046         5,384,467         34,841,513           2031         29,818,886         4,041,592         33,860,478           2032         19,216,123         2,925,626         22,141,749           2033         19,950,000         1,950,750         21,980,875           2034         20,955,00	BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES					
2019         28,284,455         18,527,101         46,811,556           2020         27,366,196         17,468,861         44,835,057           2021         27,586,160         16,417,261         44,003,421           2022         29,375,437         15,317,870         44,693,307           2023         29,799,530         13,458,621         43,258,151           2024         28,276,996         12,329,968         40,606,964           2025         28,920,402         11,136,179         40,056,581           2026         27,688,072         9,936,753         37,624,825           2027         28,224,773         8,872,432         37,097,205           2028         28,165,434         7,923,084         36,088,518           2029         29,618,382         6,756,911         36,375,293           2030         29,457,046         5,384,467         34,841,513           2031         29,818,886         4,041,592         33,860,478           2032         19,216,123         2,925,626         22,141,749           2033         19,950,000         1,950,750         21,900,750           2034         20,955,000         1,025,875         21,980,875           2035         1,475,000<	2017		30,285,424		20,661,496	50,946,920
2020         27,366,196         17,468,861         44,835,057           2021         27,586,160         16,417,261         44,003,421           2022         29,375,437         15,317,870         44,693,307           2023         29,799,530         13,458,621         43,258,151           2024         28,276,996         12,329,968         40,606,964           2025         28,920,402         11,136,179         40,056,581           2026         27,688,072         9,936,753         37,624,825           2027         28,224,773         8,872,432         37,097,205           2028         28,165,434         7,923,084         36,088,518           2029         29,618,382         6,756,911         36,375,293           2030         29,457,046         5,384,467         34,841,513           2031         29,818,886         4,041,592         33,860,478           2032         19,216,123         2,925,626         22,141,749           2033         19,950,000         1,950,750         21,900,750           2034         20,955,000         1,025,875         21,980,875           2035         1,475,000         562,875         2,037,875           2036         1,545,000	2018		31,456,186		19,600,629	51,056,815
2021         27,586,160         16,417,261         44,003,421           2022         29,375,437         15,317,870         44,693,307           2023         29,799,530         13,458,621         43,258,151           2024         28,276,996         12,329,968         40,606,964           2025         28,920,402         11,136,179         40,056,581           2026         27,688,072         9,936,753         37,624,825           2027         28,224,773         8,872,432         37,097,205           2028         28,165,434         7,923,084         36,088,518           2029         29,618,382         6,756,911         36,375,293           2030         29,457,046         5,384,467         34,841,513           2031         29,818,886         4,041,592         33,860,478           2032         19,216,123         2,925,626         22,141,749           2033         19,950,000         1,950,750         21,900,750           2034         20,955,000         1,025,875         21,980,875           2035         1,475,000         562,875         2,037,875           2036         1,545,000         487,375         2,032,375           2038         1,705,000	2019		28,284,455		18,527,101	46,811,556
2022         29,375,437         15,317,870         44,693,307           2023         29,799,530         13,458,621         43,258,151           2024         28,276,996         12,329,968         40,606,964           2025         28,920,402         11,136,179         40,056,581           2026         27,688,072         9,936,753         37,624,825           2027         28,224,773         8,872,432         37,097,205           2028         28,165,434         7,923,084         36,088,518           2029         29,618,382         6,756,911         36,375,293           2030         29,457,046         5,384,467         34,841,513           2031         29,818,886         4,041,592         33,860,478           2032         19,216,123         2,925,626         22,141,749           2033         19,950,000         1,950,750         21,900,750           2034         20,955,000         1,025,875         21,980,875           2035         1,475,000         562,875         2,037,875           2036         1,545,000         487,375         2,032,375           2037         1,625,000         488,125         2,033,125           2038         1,705,000 <t< td=""><td>2020</td><td></td><td>27,366,196</td><td></td><td>17,468,861</td><td>44,835,057</td></t<>	2020		27,366,196		17,468,861	44,835,057
2023         29,799,530         13,458,621         43,258,151           2024         28,276,996         12,329,968         40,606,964           2025         28,920,402         11,136,179         40,056,581           2026         27,688,072         9,936,753         37,624,825           2027         28,224,773         8,872,432         37,097,205           2028         28,165,434         7,923,084         36,088,518           2029         29,618,382         6,756,911         36,375,293           2030         29,457,046         5,384,467         34,841,513           2031         29,818,886         4,041,592         33,860,478           2032         19,216,123         2,925,626         22,141,749           2033         19,950,000         1,950,750         21,900,750           2034         20,955,000         1,025,875         21,980,875           2035         1,475,000         562,875         2,037,875           2036         1,545,000         487,375         2,032,375           2037         1,625,000         408,125         2,033,125           2039         1,790,000         237,500         2,027,500           2040         1,880,000         145	2021		27,586,160		16,417,261	44,003,421
2024         28,276,996         12,329,968         40,606,964           2025         28,920,402         11,136,179         40,056,581           2026         27,688,072         9,936,753         37,624,825           2027         28,224,773         8,872,432         37,097,205           2028         28,165,434         7,923,084         36,088,518           2029         29,618,382         6,756,911         36,375,293           2030         29,457,046         5,384,467         34,841,513           2031         29,818,886         4,041,592         33,860,478           2032         19,216,123         2,925,626         22,141,749           2033         19,950,000         1,950,750         21,900,750           2034         20,955,000         1,025,875         21,980,875           2035         1,475,000         562,875         2,037,875           2036         1,545,000         487,375         2,032,375           2037         1,625,000         408,125         2,033,125           2038         1,705,000         324,875         2,029,875           2039         1,790,000         237,500         2,025,750           2040         1,880,000         145,750<	2022		29,375,437		15,317,870	44,693,307
2025         28,920,402         11,136,179         40,056,581           2026         27,688,072         9,936,753         37,624,825           2027         28,224,773         8,872,432         37,097,205           2028         28,165,434         7,923,084         36,088,518           2029         29,618,382         6,756,911         36,375,293           2030         29,457,046         5,384,467         34,841,513           2031         29,818,886         4,041,592         33,860,478           2032         19,216,123         2,925,626         22,141,749           2033         19,950,000         1,950,750         21,900,750           2034         20,955,000         1,025,875         21,980,875           2035         1,475,000         562,875         2,037,875           2036         1,545,000         487,375         2,032,375           2037         1,625,000         408,125         2,033,125           2038         1,705,000         324,875         2,029,875           2039         1,790,000         237,500         2,027,500           2040         1,880,000         145,750         2,025,750           2041         1,975,000         49,375	2023		29,799,530		13,458,621	43,258,151
2026       27,688,072       9,936,753       37,624,825         2027       28,224,773       8,872,432       37,097,205         2028       28,165,434       7,923,084       36,088,518         2029       29,618,382       6,756,911       36,375,293         2030       29,457,046       5,384,467       34,841,513         2031       29,818,886       4,041,592       33,860,478         2032       19,216,123       2,925,626       22,141,749         2033       19,950,000       1,950,750       21,900,750         2034       20,955,000       1,025,875       21,980,875         2035       1,475,000       562,875       2,037,875         2036       1,545,000       487,375       2,032,375         2037       1,625,000       408,125       2,033,125         2038       1,705,000       324,875       2,029,875         2039       1,790,000       237,500       2,027,500         2040       1,880,000       145,750       2,025,750         2041       1,975,000       49,375       2,024,375         Total business-type activities       506,439,502       195,951,351       702,390,853	2024		28,276,996		12,329,968	40,606,964
2027       28,224,773       8,872,432       37,097,205         2028       28,165,434       7,923,084       36,088,518         2029       29,618,382       6,756,911       36,375,293         2030       29,457,046       5,384,467       34,841,513         2031       29,818,886       4,041,592       33,860,478         2032       19,216,123       2,925,626       22,141,749         2033       19,950,000       1,950,750       21,900,750         2034       20,955,000       1,025,875       21,980,875         2035       1,475,000       562,875       2,037,875         2036       1,545,000       487,375       2,032,375         2037       1,625,000       408,125       2,033,125         2038       1,705,000       324,875       2,029,875         2039       1,790,000       237,500       2,027,500         2040       1,880,000       145,750       2,025,750         2041       1,975,000       49,375       2,024,375         Total business-type activities       506,439,502       195,951,351       702,390,853	2025		28,920,402		11,136,179	40,056,581
2028       28,165,434       7,923,084       36,088,518         2029       29,618,382       6,756,911       36,375,293         2030       29,457,046       5,384,467       34,841,513         2031       29,818,886       4,041,592       33,860,478         2032       19,216,123       2,925,626       22,141,749         2033       19,950,000       1,950,750       21,900,750         2034       20,955,000       1,025,875       21,980,875         2035       1,475,000       562,875       2,037,875         2036       1,545,000       487,375       2,032,375         2037       1,625,000       408,125       2,033,125         2038       1,705,000       324,875       2,029,875         2039       1,790,000       237,500       2,027,500         2040       1,880,000       145,750       2,025,750         2041       1,975,000       49,375       2,024,375         Total business-type activities       506,439,502       195,951,351       702,390,853	2026		27,688,072		9,936,753	37,624,825
2029       29,618,382       6,756,911       36,375,293         2030       29,457,046       5,384,467       34,841,513         2031       29,818,886       4,041,592       33,860,478         2032       19,216,123       2,925,626       22,141,749         2033       19,950,000       1,950,750       21,900,750         2034       20,955,000       1,025,875       21,980,875         2035       1,475,000       562,875       2,037,875         2036       1,545,000       487,375       2,032,375         2037       1,625,000       408,125       2,033,125         2038       1,705,000       324,875       2,029,875         2039       1,790,000       237,500       2,027,500         2040       1,880,000       145,750       2,025,750         2041       1,975,000       49,375       2,024,375         Total business-type activities       506,439,502       195,951,351       702,390,853	2027		28,224,773		8,872,432	37,097,205
2030       29,457,046       5,384,467       34,841,513         2031       29,818,886       4,041,592       33,860,478         2032       19,216,123       2,925,626       22,141,749         2033       19,950,000       1,950,750       21,900,750         2034       20,955,000       1,025,875       21,980,875         2035       1,475,000       562,875       2,037,875         2036       1,545,000       487,375       2,032,375         2037       1,625,000       408,125       2,033,125         2038       1,705,000       324,875       2,029,875         2039       1,790,000       237,500       2,027,500         2040       1,880,000       145,750       2,025,750         2041       1,975,000       49,375       2,024,375         Total business-type activities       506,439,502       195,951,351       702,390,853	2028		28,165,434		7,923,084	36,088,518
2031       29,818,886       4,041,592       33,860,478         2032       19,216,123       2,925,626       22,141,749         2033       19,950,000       1,950,750       21,900,750         2034       20,955,000       1,025,875       21,980,875         2035       1,475,000       562,875       2,037,875         2036       1,545,000       487,375       2,032,375         2037       1,625,000       408,125       2,033,125         2038       1,705,000       324,875       2,029,875         2039       1,790,000       237,500       2,027,500         2040       1,880,000       145,750       2,025,750         2041       1,975,000       49,375       2,024,375         Total business-type activities       506,439,502       195,951,351       702,390,853	2029		29,618,382		6,756,911	36,375,293
2032       19,216,123       2,925,626       22,141,749         2033       19,950,000       1,950,750       21,900,750         2034       20,955,000       1,025,875       21,980,875         2035       1,475,000       562,875       2,037,875         2036       1,545,000       487,375       2,032,375         2037       1,625,000       408,125       2,033,125         2038       1,705,000       324,875       2,029,875         2039       1,790,000       237,500       2,027,500         2040       1,880,000       145,750       2,025,750         2041       1,975,000       49,375       2,024,375         Total business-type activities       506,439,502       195,951,351       702,390,853	2030		29,457,046		5,384,467	34,841,513
2033       19,950,000       1,950,750       21,900,750         2034       20,955,000       1,025,875       21,980,875         2035       1,475,000       562,875       2,037,875         2036       1,545,000       487,375       2,032,375         2037       1,625,000       408,125       2,033,125         2038       1,705,000       324,875       2,029,875         2039       1,790,000       237,500       2,027,500         2040       1,880,000       145,750       2,025,750         2041       1,975,000       49,375       2,024,375         Total business-type activities       506,439,502       195,951,351       702,390,853	2031		29,818,886		4,041,592	33,860,478
2034       20,955,000       1,025,875       21,980,875         2035       1,475,000       562,875       2,037,875         2036       1,545,000       487,375       2,032,375         2037       1,625,000       408,125       2,033,125         2038       1,705,000       324,875       2,029,875         2039       1,790,000       237,500       2,027,500         2040       1,880,000       145,750       2,025,750         2041       1,975,000       49,375       2,024,375         Total business-type activities       506,439,502       195,951,351       702,390,853	2032		19,216,123		2,925,626	22,141,749
2034       20,955,000       1,025,875       21,980,875         2035       1,475,000       562,875       2,037,875         2036       1,545,000       487,375       2,032,375         2037       1,625,000       408,125       2,033,125         2038       1,705,000       324,875       2,029,875         2039       1,790,000       237,500       2,027,500         2040       1,880,000       145,750       2,025,750         2041       1,975,000       49,375       2,024,375         Total business-type activities       506,439,502       195,951,351       702,390,853	2033		19,950,000		1,950,750	21,900,750
2035       1,475,000       562,875       2,037,875         2036       1,545,000       487,375       2,032,375         2037       1,625,000       408,125       2,033,125         2038       1,705,000       324,875       2,029,875         2039       1,790,000       237,500       2,027,500         2040       1,880,000       145,750       2,025,750         2041       1,975,000       49,375       2,024,375         Total business-type activities       506,439,502       195,951,351       702,390,853	2034		20,955,000		1,025,875	21,980,875
2037       1,625,000       408,125       2,033,125         2038       1,705,000       324,875       2,029,875         2039       1,790,000       237,500       2,027,500         2040       1,880,000       145,750       2,025,750         2041       1,975,000       49,375       2,024,375         Total business-type activities       506,439,502       195,951,351       702,390,853	2035		1,475,000		562,875	
2037       1,625,000       408,125       2,033,125         2038       1,705,000       324,875       2,029,875         2039       1,790,000       237,500       2,027,500         2040       1,880,000       145,750       2,025,750         2041       1,975,000       49,375       2,024,375         Total business-type activities       506,439,502       195,951,351       702,390,853						2,032,375
2038       1,705,000       324,875       2,029,875         2039       1,790,000       237,500       2,027,500         2040       1,880,000       145,750       2,025,750         2041       1,975,000       49,375       2,024,375         Total business-type activities       506,439,502       195,951,351       702,390,853						
2039       1,790,000       237,500       2,027,500         2040       1,880,000       145,750       2,025,750         2041       1,975,000       49,375       2,024,375         Total business-type activities       506,439,502       195,951,351       702,390,853						
2040       1,880,000       145,750       2,025,750         2041       1,975,000       49,375       2,024,375         Total business-type activities       506,439,502       195,951,351       702,390,853						
2041         1,975,000         49,375         2,024,375           Total business-type activities         506,439,502         195,951,351         702,390,853						
···						
Total primary government indebtedness \$ 718,714,694 \$ 249,794,181 \$ 968,508,875	Total business-type activities		506,439,502		195,951,351	 702,390,853
	Total primary government indebtedness	\$	718,714,694	\$	249,794,181	\$ 968,508,875

#### CITY OF CHATTANOOGA

# SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF DEBT SERVICE REQUIREMENTS TO MATURITY

# June 30, 2016

	Principal		Interest		Total
COMPONENT UNITS			 		
2017	\$	734,126	\$ 342,092	\$	1,076,218
2018		748,801	318,751		1,067,552
2019		3,384,100	281,354		3,665,454
2020		308,890	198,415		507,305
2021		319,722	187,583		507,305
2022		330,952	176,353		507,305
2023		342,592	164,713		507,305
2024	-	4,528,076	90,991		4,619,067
Total component units indebtedness	\$	10,697,259	\$ 1,760,252	\$	12,457,511

#### ANALYSIS OF GENERAL OBLIGATION DEBT

June 30, 2016

mc 50, 2010	Outstanding June 30, 2015	Interest Paid FY2016	Issued FY2016	Retired FY2016	Refunded FY2016	Outstanding June 30, 2016	Maturing FY 2017	Interest Payable FY 2017	
OVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES:					-				
Serial Bonds:									
Tax Supported									
1998 Public Improvement Refunding	\$ 1,084,900	\$ 47,998	\$ -	\$ 341,300	\$ -	\$ 743,600	\$ 361,600	\$ 29,547	
2002 Municipal Public Refunding	890,000	20,025	-	890,000	-	-	-	-	
2005A Municipal Public Improvement Refunding	5,291,902	233,033	-	1,673,199	-	3,618,703	1,759,427	143,106	
2006A Municipal Public Improvement	2,073,277	67,382	-	1,036,639	-	1,036,638	1,036,638	20,733	
2007A Municipal Public Refunding	14,520,000	690,783	-	-	-	14,520,000	-	690,805	
2009 Series A General Obligation	31,780,000	827,131	-	2,270,000	18,160,000	11,350,000	2,270,000	368,875	
2010 Series A GO Bond	5,025,000	154,938	-	335,000	1,340,000	3,350,000	335,000	119,763	
2010 Series B Refunding GO bonds	3,683,263	137,630	-	351,703	-	3,331,560	244,543	127,958	
2010 Series C Recovery Zone Bonds	5,120,000	176,975	-	345,000	-	4,775,000	345,000	166,625	
2011 Series A General Obligation	21,185,000	635,475	-	1,765,000	-	19,420,000	1,770,000	586,900	
2011 Series B Refunding GO bonds	1,949,250	73,407	-	-	-	1,949,250	-	73,406	
2013 Series General Improvement Bond	18,395,000	730,926	-	1,315,000	-	17,080,000	1,315,000	665,119	
2014 Municipal Public Improvement Refunding	13,792,100	499,360	-	-	-	13,792,100	-	499,360	
2015 Series A GO Bond	-	418,008	28,245,000	-	-	28,245,000	1,885,000	1,308,575	
2015 Series B Refunding GO bonds	-	335,991	18,955,000	-	-	18,955,000	-	707,350	
Total Tax Supported Bonds	124,789,692	5,049,062	47,200,000	10,322,841	19,500,000	142,166,851	11,322,208	5,508,122	
Self Supported			,,						
2005A Hotel-Motel Tax Pledge Refunding	46,836	246,525	_	14,337	_	32,499	16,000	167,391	
2010 Series B Refunding Hotel Motel Tax Pledge	23,126,737	864,158	_	2,208,297	_	20,918,440	1,535,457	803,430	
2011 Series B Refunding Hotel Motel Tax Pledge	15,595,750	587,318	-	-,,	-	15,595,750	-	587,318	
2013 Series Hotel-Motel Tax Pledge	7,055,000	280,231	-	505,000	-	6,550,000	505,000	255,057	
2014 Hotel Motel Refunding	3,961,340	143,395	_	_	_	3,961,340	-	143,395	
Total Self Supported Bonds	49,785,663	2,121,627		2,727,634		47,058,029	2,056,457	1,956,591	
Total Serial Bonds	174,575,355	7,170,689	47,200,000	13,050,475	19,500,000	189,224,880	13,378,665	7,464,713	
Notes Payable:									
Tax Supported									
2003 TML Bond Fund	1,305,601	3,158	-	421,275	-	884,326	434,896	2,483	
2004 TML Bond Fund	13,045,072	32,935	-	1,305,500	-	11,739,572	1,340,557	32,969	
2008 Hennen Land Note	90,516	-	-	60,687	-	29,829	29,829	-	
2014 Hamilton County	9,802,897	-	-	1,960,579	-	7,842,318	1,960,580	-	
Total Tax Supported Notes Payable	24,244,086	36,093	_	3,748,041	_	20,496,045	3,765,862	35,452	
Self Supported			-						
2008 HUD Section 108 Loan Program	2,746,000	125,178	_	305,000	-	2,441,000	305,000	111,743	
Total Self Supported Notes Payable		125,178		305,000		2,441,000	305,000	111,743	
Total Sen Supported Hotes Layuete	2,746,000	123,178		303,000		2,441,000	303,000	111,743	

#### ANALYSIS OF GENERAL OBLIGATION DEBT

June 30, 2016

(continued from previous page)

COMEDNIA ENTRAL ACTIVITATES ( , , , , )	Outstanding June 30, 2015	Interest Paid FY2016	Issued FY2016	Retired FY2016	Refunded FY2016	Outstanding June 30, 2016	Maturing FY 2017	Interest Payable FY 2017
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES: (continued) Capital leases payable: Self Supported								
2013 Golf Course Capital Lease	\$ 174,098	\$ 6,507	\$ -	\$ 60,831	\$ -	\$ 113,267	\$ 63,590	\$ 3,748
Total Self Supported Capital Leases Payable	174,098	6,507		60,831		113,267	63,590	3,748
Total governmental activities	201,739,539	7,338,467	47,200,000	17,164,347	19,500,000	212,275,192	17,513,117	7,615,656
BUSINESS TYPE ACTIVITIES:								
Interceptor Sewer System:								
Serial Bonds:								
1998 Sewer & Sewage Facilities Refunding	4,240,100	187,596	-	1,333,700	-	2,906,400	1,413,400	115,484
2005A Municipal Public Improvement Refunding	6,580,228	145,861	_	2,085,760	-	4,494,468	2,191,790	89,573
2014 Municipal Public Improvement Refunding	2,343,620	84,842	_	-	-	2,343,620	-	84,842
Total serial bonds	13,163,948	418,299		3,419,460		9,744,488	3,605,190	289,899
Notes payable:								
1998 State of Georgia Revolving Loan	1,727,743	62,401	-	451,017	-	1,276,726	469,331	44,087
2003-168 State Revolving Loan	22,289,688	637,331	-	1,980,541	-	20,309,147	2,040,373	577,500
2007-204 State Revolving Loan	11,080,423	302,184	-	546,684	-	10,533,739	562,128	286,740
2011-289 State Revolving Loan	12,958,983	292,599	3,215,153	-	-	16,174,136	1,083,000	400,000
2012-307 State Revolving Loan	7,067,709	141,216	16,485,245	-	-	23,552,954	1,480,536	372,864
2013-318 State Revolving Loan	6,169,218	157,477	14,114,491			20,283,709	2,837,172	1,093,908
Total notes payable	61,293,764	1,593,208	33,814,889	2,978,242		92,130,411	8,472,540	2,775,099
Total Interceptor Sewer System	74,457,712	2,011,507	33,814,889	6,397,702		101,874,899	12,077,730	3,064,998

#### ANALYSIS OF GENERAL OBLIGATION DEBT

June 30, 2016

#### (continued from previous page)

	Outstanding June 30, 2015	Interest Paid FY2016	Issued FY2016	Retired FY2016	Refunded FY2016	Outstanding June 30, 2016	Maturing FY 2017	Interest Payable FY 2017
BUSINESS TYPE ACTIVITIES: (continued) Solid Waste Fund:								
Serial Bonds:								
2005A Municipal Public Improvement Refunding	\$ 4,524,515	\$ 120,002	\$ -	\$ 1,433,438	\$ -	\$ 3,091,077	\$ 1,506,507	\$ 73,694
2006A Municipal Public Improvement	566,723	18,418	-	283,361	-	283,362	283,362	5,667
2007A Municipal Public Improvement Refunding	2,480,000	117,990	-	-	-	2,480,000	-	117,990
2014 Municipal Public Improvement Refunding	4,674,278	169,248				4,674,278		169,248
Total serial bonds	12,245,516	425,658		1,716,799		10,528,717	1,789,869	366,599
Notes payable:								
2003 TML Bond Fund	132,399	320	-	42,725	-	89,674	44,105	252
2004 TML Bond Fund	315,796	795	-	31,500	-	284,296	32,443	798
Total Notes Payable	448,195	1,115		74,225		373,970	76,548	1,050
Total Solid Waste & Sanitation Fund	12,693,711	426,773		1,791,024		10,902,687	1,866,417	367,649
Water Quality Fund								
Serial Bonds:								
2005A Municipal Public Improvement Refunding	2,976,519	71,829	-	943,266	-	2,033,253	991,277	44,110
2007A Municipal Public Improvement Refunding	750,000	35,683	-	-	-	750,000	-	35,682
2013 Water Quality Bonds	4,985,000	197,962	-	360,000	-	4,625,000	360,000	179,944
2014 Municipal Public Improvement Refunding	1,153,663	41,780	-	-	-	1,153,663	-	41,780
2015 Series A GO Bond		119,880	8,100,000			8,100,000	540,000	375,300
Total serial bonds	9,865,182	467,134	8,100,000	1,303,266		16,661,916	1,891,277	676,816
Total Water Quality Fund	9,865,182	467,134	8,100,000	1,303,266		16,661,916	1,891,277	676,816
Total Business-Type Activities	97,016,605	2,905,414	41,914,889	9,491,992		129,439,502	15,835,424	4,109,463
TOTAL GENERAL OBLIGATION DEBT	298,756,144	10,243,881	89,114,889	26,656,339	19,500,000	341,714,694	33,348,541	11,725,119

#### ANALYSIS OF GENERAL OBLIGATION DEBT

June 30, 2016

#### (continued from previous page)

	Outstanding June 30, 2015	Interest Paid FY2016	Issued FY2016	Retired FY2016	Refunded FY2016	Outstanding June 30, 2016	Maturing FY 2017	Interest Payable FY 2017
Electric Power Board								
Revenue Bonds:								
2006A Electric System Revenue Bonds	32,935,000	85,491	-	1,345,000	30,190,000	1,400,000	1,400,000	28,875
2006B Electric System Refunding Revenue Bonds	18,160,000	106,425	-	1,730,000	14,715,000	1,715,000	1,715,000	35,372
2008A Electric System Revenue Bonds	212,830,000	640,500	-	5,000,000	194,980,000	12,850,000	6,275,000	405,688
2015A Electric System Refunding Revenue Bonds	-	5,244,658	218,855,000	-	-	218,855,000	-	9,782,781
2015B Electric System Revenue Bonds	-	196,668	15,355,000	-	-	15,355,000	170,000	366,248
2015C Electric System Revenue Bonds		684,346	25,880,000			25,880,000		1,276,500
Total Revenue Bonds	263,925,000	6,958,088	260,090,000	8,075,000	239,885,000	276,055,000	9,560,000	11,895,464
Total Electric Power Board	263,925,000	6,958,088	260,090,000	8,075,000	239,885,000	276,055,000	9,560,000	11,895,464
Chattanooga Downtown Redevelopment Corporation: Revenue Bonds:								
2007 Chattanooga Lease Rental Rev Ref Bonds	48,750,000	2,334,600	_	95,000	_	48,655,000	100,000	2,330,700
2010 Chattanooga Lease Rental Rev Ref Bonds	56,870,000	2,537,219	-	4,580,000	_	52,290,000	4,790,000	2,325,869
•								
Total Chattanooga Downtown Redevelopment Corp.	105,620,000	4,871,819		4,675,000		100,945,000	4,890,000	4,656,569
Total Primary Government	\$ 668,301,144	\$ 22,073,788	\$ 349,204,889	\$ 39,406,339	\$ 259,385,000	\$ 718,714,694	\$ 47,798,541	\$ 28,277,152
COMPONENT UNITS								
Metropolitan Airport Authority:								
Revenue Bonds:								
2009 Refunding	\$ 4,426,423	\$ 126,834	\$ -	\$ 433,413	\$ -	\$ 3,993,010	\$ 446,898	\$ 113,349
2014 Tax Exempt	3,068,575	81,717	-	127,652	-	2,940,923	131,373	77,996
2014 Taxable	3,895,667	156,987		140,949		3,754,718	147,247	150,689
Total Revenue Bonds	11,390,665	365,538		702,014		10,688,651	725,518	342,034
Capital leases payable:								
2012 Fuel Facility Capital Lease	58,660	1,945		50,052		8,608	8,608	58
Total Metropolitan Airport Authority	11,449,325	367,483		752,066		10,697,259	734,126	342,092
CARTA Note Payable:								
Republic Parking System, Inc.	181,981	5,555		181,981				
Republic 1 arking System, file.	101,901			101,901				<u>_</u>
Total CARTA	181,981	5,555		181,981				
Total Component Units	\$ 11,631,306	\$ 373,038	\$ -	\$ 934,047	\$ -	\$ 10,697,259	\$ 734,126	\$ 342,092

## SCHEDULE OF BONDS, NOTES AND CAPITAL LEASES PAYABLE

June 30, 2016

#### **DIRECT INDEBTEDNESS**

Fiscal Year Ended June 30	Issue	Interest Rate	Principal	Due Interest	Total Interest and Principal
2017 2018	1998 Municipal Public Improvement Refunding	5.250% 5.250%	\$ 361,600 382,000	\$ 29,547 10,027	\$ 391,147 392,027
			743,600	39,574	783,174
2017	2003 Note Payable - Tennessee Municipal	0.281%	434,896	2,483	437,379
2018	Bond Fund	0.281%	449,430	1,262	450,692
			884,326	3,745	888,071
2017	2004 Note Payable - Tennessee Municipal	0.281%	1,340,557	32,969	1,373,526
2018	Bond Fund	0.281%	1,375,707	29,204	1,404,911
2019		0.281%	1,412,809	25,340	1,438,149
2020		0.281%	1,450,887	21,373	1,472,260
2021		0.281%	1,488,966	17,298	1,506,264
2022		0.281%	1,528,997	13,117	1,542,114
2023		0.281%	1,570,004	8,823	1,578,827
2024		0.281%	1,571,645	4,414	1,576,059
			11,739,572	152,538	11,892,110
2017	2005A Hotel-Motel Tax Refunding	5.00%	16,000	167,391	183,391
2018		5.00%	16,499	67,818	84,317
			32,499	235,209	267,708
2017	2005 Series A Refunding	5.00%	1,759,427	143,106	1,902,533
2018		5.00%	1,859,276	48,510	1,907,786
			3,618,703	191,616	3,810,319
2017	2006 A Municipal Public Improvement	4.00%	1,036,638	20,733	1,057,371
			1,036,638	20,733	1,057,371
2017	2007 A Municipal Public Improvement Refunding	5.00%	-	690,805	690,805
2018	1 1	5.00%	-	690,805	690,805
2019		5.00%	-	690,805	690,805
2020		5.00%	-	690,805	690,805
2021		5.00%	2,120,000	690,805	2,810,805
2022		4.30%	2,235,000	584,805	2,819,805
2023		5.00%	2,345,000	488,700	2,833,700
2024		4.75%	2,470,000	371,450	2,841,450
2025		4.75%	2,605,000	254,125	2,859,125
2026		4.75%	2,745,000	130,388	2,875,388
			14,520,000	5,283,493	19,803,493
2017	2008 Hennen Notes Payable	0.00%	29,829		29,829
			29,829		29,829

## SCHEDULE OF BONDS, NOTES AND CAPITAL LEASES PAYABLE

June 30, 2016

(continued from previous page)

#### **DIRECT INDEBTEDNESS**

Fiscal Year Ended June 30	Issue	Interest Rate		Principal	Due Interest		Total Interest l Principal
Julie 30	Issue	Raic		Ппстраг	 Interest	and	1 Tillelpai
2017	2008 Section 108 HUD Loan	4.00%	\$	305,000	\$ 111,743	\$	416,743
2018		4.00%		305,000	97,957		402,957
2019		4.00%		305,000	83,957		388,957
2020		4.00%		305,000	69,485		374,485
2021		4.00%		305,000	54,494		359,494
2022		4.00%		305,000	39,229		344,229
2023		4.00%		305,000	23,705		328,705
2024		4.00%		306,000	7,941		313,941
				2,441,000	488,511		2,929,511
2017	2009 Series A General Obligation	3.00%		2,270,000	368,875		2,638,875
2018	-	3.25%		2,270,000	297,938		2,567,938
2019		3.50%		2,270,000	221,325		2,491,325
2020		4.00%		2,270,000	136,200		2,406,200
2021		4.00%		2,270,000	45,400		2,315,400
				11,350,000	1,069,738		12,419,738
2017	2010 A Series General Obligation	2.75%		335,000	119,763		454,763
2017	2010 A Series General Congation	3.00%		335,000	110,550		445,550
2019		3.25%		335,000	100,500		435,500
2020		3.25%		335,000	89,612		424,612
2021		3.50%		335,000	78,725		413,725
2022		4.00%		-	67,000		67,000
2023		4.00%		_	67,000		67,000
2024		4.00%		-	67,000		67,000
2025		4.00%		-	67,000		67,000
2026		4.00%		335,000	67,000		402,000
2027		4.00%		335,000	53,600		388,600
2028		4.00%		335,000	40,200		375,200
2029		4.00%		335,000	26,800		361,800
2030		4.00%		335,000	13,400		348,400
			_	3,350,000	968,150		4,318,150

# SCHEDULE OF BONDS, NOTES AND CAPITAL LEASES PAYABLE

June 30, 2016

(continued from previous page)

#### **DIRECT INDEBTEDNESS**

Fiscal Year	<u> BIRDOT I</u>	I (DEDIEDI	(LDD				Total
Ended		Interest			Due		Interest
June 30	Issue	Rate	Principal		Interest	a	nd Principal
2017	2010 Series B Refunding Hotel Motel	2.75%	\$ 1,535,457	\$	803,430	\$	2,338,887
2018	2010 Series B Heremany Hotel Haves	3.00%	1,626,031	Ψ	757,366	Ψ	2,383,397
2019		3.00%	133,705		708,585		842,290
2020		3.25%	138,019		704,240		842,259
2021		3.50%	2,005,582		699,409		2,704,991
2022		4.00%	2,139,288		619,186		2,758,474
2023		4.00%	2,277,306		533,614		2,810,920
2024		4.00%	90,575		442,522		533,097
2025		4.00%	90,575		438,899		529,474
2026		4.00%	94,888		435,276		530,164
2027		4.00%	99,201		431,481		530,682
2027		4.00%	103,514		427,512		531,026
2029		4.00%	3,334,011		423,372		3,757,383
2029		4.00%	3,523,787		290,012		3,813,799
2030		4.00%	3,726,501		149,060		3,875,561
2031		4.00%					28,782,404
			20,918,440		7,863,964		28,782,404
2017	2010 Series B Refunding General Obligation	2.50%	244,543		127,958		372,501
2017	2010 Series B Retailding General Congation	2.75%	258,969		120,621		372,501
2019		3.00%	21,295		112,852		134,147
2020		3.00%	21,981		112,160		134,141
2020		3.25%	319,418		111,391		430,809
2021		3.50%	340,712		98,615		439,327
2023		4.00%	362,694		84,986		447,680
2023		4.00%	14,425		70,478		84,903
2025		4.00%	14,425		69,901		84,326
2026		4.00%	15,112		69,324		84,436
2020		4.00%	15,799		68,719		84,518
2027		4.00%	16,486		68,087		84,573
2028		4.00%	530,989		67,428		598,417
2029		4.00%	561,213		46,188		
2030		4.00%					607,401
2031		4.00%	593,499		23,740		617,239
			3,331,560		1,252,448	-	4,584,008
2017	2010 Series C Recovery Zone	3.00%	345,000		166,625		511,625
2018	,	3.00%	345,000		156,275		501,275
2019		3.00%	345,000		145,925		490,925
2020		3.00%	340,000		135,575		475,575
2021		2.00%	340,000		125,375		465,375
2022		3.13%	340,000		115,175		455,175
2023		3.25%	340,000		104,550		444,550
2024		3.50%	340,000		93,500		433,500
2025		4.00%	340,000		81,600		421,600
2026		4.00%	340,000		68,000		408,000
2027		4.00%	340,000		54,400		394,400
2028		4.00%	340,000		40,800		380,800
2029		4.00%	340,000		27,200		367,200
2030		4.00%	340,000		13,600		353,600
2000		1.5070	4,775,000		1,328,600	_	6,103,600
			7,773,000		1,320,000		0,103,000

## SCHEDULE OF BONDS, NOTES AND CAPITAL LEASES PAYABLE

June 30, 2016

(continued from previous page)

#### **DIRECT INDEBTEDNESS**

	DIRECT	INDEBTED	<u>NESS</u>			
Fiscal Year						Total
Ended		Interest			Due	Interest
June 30	Issue	Rate	Principal		Interest	and Principal
2017	2011 Series A Commel Obligation	1.500/	¢ 1.770.000	¢	<b>5</b> 96,000	¢ 2.257,000
2017 2018	2011 Series A General Obligation	1.50%	\$ 1,770,000	\$	586,900	\$ 2,356,900
		2.00%	1,765,000		555,975	2,320,975
2019		3.00%	1,765,000		511,850	2,276,850
2020		3.00%	1,765,000		458,900	2,223,900
2021 2022		4.00%	1,765,000		397,125	2,162,125
		4.00%	1,765,000		326,525	2,091,525
2023		2.50%	1,765,000		269,162	2,034,162
2024		3.00%	1,765,000		220,625	1,985,625
2025		3.00%	1,765,000		167,675	1,932,675
2026		4.00%	1,765,000		105,900	1,870,900
2027		4.00%	1,765,000		35,300	1,800,300
			19,420,000		3,635,937	23,055,937
2017	2011 Series B Refunding Hotel Motel	0.00%	-		587,318	587,318
2018		3.00%	1,008,901		572,185	1,581,086
2019		2.00%	22,223		556,829	579,052
2020		2.00%	22,223		556,385	578,608
2021		2.25%	26,667		555,862	582,529
2022		2.50%	26,667		555,229	581,896
2023		2.63%	26,667		554,546	581,213
2024		4.00%	2,555,587		503,084	3,058,671
2025		4.00%	2,715,590		397,661	3,113,251
2026		4.00%	2,888,925		285,570	3,174,495
2027		4.00%	3,062,260		166,547	3,228,807
2028		3.25%	3,240,040		52,651	3,292,691
			15,595,750		5,343,867	20,939,617
2017	2011 Series B Refunding General Obligation	0.00%	_		73,406	73,406
2018		3.00%	126,099		71,515	197,614
2019		2.00%	2,777		69,596	72,373
2020		2.00%	2,777		69,540	72,317
2021		2.25%	3,333		69,475	72,808
2022		2.50%	3,333		69,396	72,729
2023		2.63%	3,333		69,310	72,643
2024		4.00%	319,413		62,879	382,292
2025		4.00%	339,410		49,702	389,112
2026		4.00%	361,075		35,692	396,767
2027		4.00%	382,740		20,816	403,556
2028		3.25%	404,960		6,581	411,541
			1,949,250		667,908	2,617,158

## SCHEDULE OF BONDS, NOTES AND CAPITAL LEASES PAYABLE

June 30, 2016

(continued from previous page)

#### **DIRECT INDEBTEDNESS**

	DIRECT	пирертерг	VE00			
Fiscal Year Ended June 30	Issue	Interest Rate	Pri	incipal	Due Interest	Total Interest I Principal
2017	2013 Golf Course Capital Lease	4.60%	\$	63,590	\$ 3,748	\$ 67,338
2018	•	4.60%		49,677	926	50,603
				113,267	4,674	117,941
2017	2013 General Improvement Bond	5.00%	1	1,315,000	665,119	1,980,119
2018	•	5.00%	]	1,315,000	599,369	1,914,369
2019		2.00%	]	1,315,000	553,344	1,868,344
2020		5.00%	]	1,315,000	507,319	1,822,319
2021		5.00%	]	1,315,000	441,569	1,756,569
2022		5.00%	]	1,315,000	375,819	1,690,819
2023		5.00%	]	1,315,000	310,068	1,625,068
2024		3.00%	1	1,315,000	257,468	1,572,468
2025		3.00%	1	1,315,000	218,018	1,533,018
2026		3.13%	1	1,315,000	177,747	1,492,747
2027		4.00%	1	1,310,000	131,000	1,441,000
2028		4.00%	1	1,310,000	78,600	1,388,600
2029		4.00%	1	1,310,000	26,200	1,336,200
			17	7,080,000	4,341,640	21,421,640
2017	2013 Hotel-Motel Tax	5.00%		505,000	255,057	760,057
2018		5.00%		505,000	229,807	734,807
2019		2.00%		505,000	212,131	717,131
2020		5.00%		505,000	194,456	699,456
2021		5.00%		505,000	169,206	674,206
2022		5.00%		505,000	143,956	648,956
2023		5.00%		505,000	118,706	623,706
2024		3.00%		505,000	98,506	603,506
2025		3.00%		505,000	83,355	588,355
2026		3.13%		505,000	67,890	572,890
2027		4.00%		500,000	50,000	550,000
2028		4.00%		500,000	30,000	530,000
2029		4.00%		500,000	 10,000	 510,000
			(	5,550,000	1,663,070	8,213,070
2017	2014 Hamilton County Dept. of Education	0.00%		1,960,580	-	1,960,580
2018		0.00%	1	1,960,580	-	1,960,580
2019		0.00%	1	1,960,579	-	1,960,579
2020		0.00%	1	1,960,579	 	 1,960,579
				7,842,318	-	7,842,318

## SCHEDULE OF BONDS, NOTES AND CAPITAL LEASES PAYABLE

June 30, 2016

(continued from previous page)

#### **DIRECT INDEBTEDNESS**

	DIREC	I INDEDIEDI	NESS		
Fiscal Year					Total
Ended		Interest		Due	Interest
June 30	Issue	Rate	Principal	Interest	and Principal
2017	2014 Refunding Hotel Motel Tax Pledge	0.00%	\$ -	\$ 143,395	\$ 143,395
2018	-	1.75%	215,407	141,510	356,917
2019		4.00%	1,510,144	109,422	1,619,566
2020		5.00%	792,119	59,417	
2021		3.00%	214,644	36,394	251,038
2022		2.00%	211,588	31,058	
2023		2.25%	207,769	26,605	
2024		3.00%	205,477	21,186	
2025		3.00%	203,186	15,056	
2026		3.00%	200,894	8,994	
2027		3.00%	200,112	2,990	
		2.00,0	3,961,340	596,027	
			3,201,310	370,027	1,557,507
2017	2014 General Obligation Refunding	0.00%	_	499,360	499,360
2018		1.75%	750,137	492,796	
2019		4.00%	5,258,941	381,054	
2020		5.00%	2,758,484	206,913	
2021		3.00%	747,477	126,739	
2022		2.00%	736,837	108,158	
2023		2.25%	723,537	92,650	,
2024		3.00%	715,557	73,777	
2025		3.00%	707,576	52,430	
2026		3.00%	699,596	31,322	
2027		3.00%	693,958	10,414	
			13,792,100	2,075,613	
2017	2015 A Series GO Bond	5.00%	1,885,000	1,308,575	3,193,575
2018		5.00%	1,885,000	1,214,325	3,099,325
2019		5.00%	1,885,000	1,120,075	
2020		5.00%	1,885,000	1,025,825	
2021		5.00%	1,885,000	931,575	
2022		5.00%	1,885,000	865,600	
2023		5.00%	1,885,000	799,625	
2024		5.00%	1,885,000	705,375	
2025		5.00%	1,885,000	611,125	
2026		5.00%	1,880,000	517,000	
2027		5.00%	1,880,000	423,000	
2028		5.00%	1,880,000	329,000	
2029		5.00%	1,880,000	235,000	
2027		5.00%	1,880,000	141,000	
2030		5.00%	1,880,000	47,000	
2031		5.00%		10,274,100	
			28,245,000	10,274,100	38,519,100

## SCHEDULE OF BONDS, NOTES AND CAPITAL LEASES PAYABLE

June 30, 2016

(continued from previous page)

#### **DIRECT INDEBTEDNESS**

Fiscal Year								Total
Ended		Interest				Due		Interest
June 30	Issue	Rate	Pı	rincipal	Interest		and Principal	
2017	2015 B Series GO Bond Refunding	3.00%	\$	-	\$	707,350	\$	707,350
2018		3.00%		-		707,350		707,350
2019		3.00%		-		707,350		707,350
2020		3.00%		-		707,350		707,350
2021		3.00%		-		707,350		707,350
2022		3.00%		2,580,000		668,650		3,248,650
2023		3.00%		2,550,000		591,700		3,141,700
2024		3.00%		2,520,000		515,650		3,035,650
2025		5.00%		2,515,000		414,975		2,929,975
2026		5.00%		2,205,000		296,975		2,501,975
2027		5.00%		2,215,000		186,475		2,401,475
2028		3.00%		2,205,000		98,025		2,303,025
2029		3.00%		2,165,000		32,475		2,197,475
			1	8,955,000		6,341,675		25,296,675
	Total direct indebtedness		21	2,275,192		53,842,830	2	266,118,022

# SCHEDULE OF BONDS, NOTES AND CAPITAL LEASES PAYABLE

June 30, 2016

(continued from previous page)

## INTERCEPTOR SEWER SYSTEM

Fiscal Year		Intonot		Dave		Total
Ended	T	Interest	D: : 1	Due		Interest
June 30	Issue	Rate	Principal	 Interest	an	d Principal
2017	1998 Municipal Public Improvement Refunding	5.25%	\$ 1,413,400	\$ 115,484	\$	1,528,884
2018		5.25%	1,493,000	39,191		1,532,191
			2,906,400	154,675		3,061,075
2017	1998 Georgia Environmental Facilities Authority	4.00%	469,331	44,087		513,418
2018		4.00%	488,387	25,031		513,418
2019		4.00%	319,008	5,803		324,811
			1,276,726	 74,921		1,351,647
2017	2003 State Revolving Loan	2.98%	2,040,373	577,500		2,617,873
2018		2.98%	2,102,014	515,856		2,617,870
2019		2.98%	2,165,817	452,052		2,617,869
2020		2.98%	2,230,938	386,940		2,617,878
2021		2.98%	2,298,336	319,536		2,617,872
2022		2.98%	2,367,768	250,104		2,617,872
2023		2.98%	2,439,300	178,572		2,617,872
2024		2.98%	2,512,992	104,880		2,617,872
2025		2.98%	2,151,609	 26,541		2,178,150
			20,309,147	 2,811,981		23,121,128
2017	2005 Series A Refunding	5.00%	2,191,790	89,573		2,281,363
2018		5.00%	2,302,678	30,364		2,333,042
			4,494,468	119,937		4,614,405
2017	2007 State Revolving Loan	2.79%	562,128	286,740		848,868
2018	6 · · ·	2.79%	578,016	270,852		848,868
2019		2.79%	594,348	254,520		848,868
2020		2.79%	611,148	237,720		848,868
2021		2.79%	628,416	220,452		848,868
2022		2.79%	646,176	202,692		848,868
2023		2.79%	664,428	184,440		848,868
2024		2.79%	683,208	165,660		848,868
2025		2.79%	702,516	146,352		848,868
2026		2.79%	722,376	126,492		848,868
2027		2.79%	742,788	106,080		848,868
2028		2.79%	763,776	85,092		848,868
2029		2.79%	785,364	63,504		848,868
2030		2.79%	807,552	41,316		848,868
2031		2.79%	830,376	18,492		848,868
2032		2.79%	211,123	 1,001		212,124
			10,533,739	 2,411,405		12,945,144

# SCHEDULE OF BONDS, NOTES AND CAPITAL LEASES PAYABLE

June 30, 2016

(continued from previous page)

#### INTERCEPTOR SEWER SYSTEM

Fiscal Year					Total
Ended		Interest		Due	Interest
June 30	Issue	Rate	 Principal	Interest	and Principal
2017	2011 State Revolving Loan	2.00%	\$ 1,083,000	\$ 400,000	\$ 1,483,000
2018	č	2.00%	1,104,660	378,340	1,483,000
2019		2.00%	1,126,753	356,247	1,483,000
2020		2.00%	1,149,288	333,712	1,483,000
2021		2.00%	1,172,274	310,726	1,483,000
2022		2.00%	1,195,719	287,281	1,483,000
2023		2.00%	1,219,634	263,366	1,483,000
2024		2.00%	1,244,027	238,973	1,483,000
2025		2.00%	1,268,907	214,093	1,483,000
2026		2.00%	1,294,285	188,715	1,483,000
2027		2.00%	1,320,171	162,829	1,483,000
2028		2.00%	1,346,574	136,426	1,483,000
2029		2.00%	1,373,506	109,494	1,483,000
2030		2.00%	275,338	5,507	280,845
			16,174,136	3,385,709	19,559,845
2017	2012-307 State Revolving Loan	1.15%	1,480,536	372,864	1,853,400
2018		1.15%	1,497,648	355,752	1,853,400
2019		1.15%	1,514,964	338,436	1,853,400
2020		1.15%	1,532,484	320,916	1,853,400
2021		1.15%	1,550,196	303,204	1,853,400
2022		1.15%	1,568,124	285,276	1,853,400
2023		1.15%	1,586,244	267,156	1,853,400
2024		1.15%	1,604,580	248,820	1,853,400
2025		1.15%	1,623,132	230,268	1,853,400
2026		1.15%	1,641,900	211,500	1,853,400
2027		1.15%	1,660,884	192,516	1,853,400
2028		1.15%	1,680,084	173,316	1,853,400
2029		1.15%	1,699,512	153,888	1,853,400
2030		1.15%	1,719,156	134,244	1,853,400
2031		1.15%	 1,193,510	13,725	1,207,235
			 23,552,954	 3,601,881	27,154,835
2017	2012 210 State Devel ' I	1 (70)	2 027 172	1 002 000	2 021 000
2017	2013-318 State Revolving Loan	1.67%	2,837,172	1,093,908	3,931,080
2018		1.67%	2,884,920	1,046,160	3,931,080
2019		1.67%	2,933,460	997,620	3,931,080
2020		1.67%	2,982,828	948,252	3,931,080
2021		1.67%	3,033,024	898,056	3,931,080
2022		1.67%	3,084,072	847,008	3,931,080
2023		1.67%	 2,528,233	 42,221	2,570,454
			 20,283,709	 5,873,225	26,156,934

#### SCHEDULE OF BONDS, NOTES AND CAPITAL LEASES PAYABLE

June 30, 2016

(continued from previous page)

#### INTERCEPTOR SEWER SYSTEM

Fiscal Year Ended June 30	Issue	Interest Rate	Principal	Due Interest	Total Interest and Principal
2017	2014 General Obligation Refunding	1.75%	\$ -	\$ 84,842	\$ 84,842
2017	2014 General Congation Refunding	4.00%	127,450	83,727	211,177
2019		5.00%	893,504	64,742	958,246
2020		3.00%	468,672	35,155	503,827
2021		2.00%	126,998	21,533	148,531
2022		2.25%	125,190	18,376	143,566
2023		3.00%	122,930	15,742	138,672
2024		3.00%	121,574	12,535	134,109
2025		3.00%	120,219	8,908	129,127
2026		3.00%	118,863	5,322	124,185
2027		3.00%	118,220	1,769	119,989
			2,343,620	352,651	2,696,271
	Total Interceptor Sewer System		,,-		
	indebtedness		101,874,899	18,786,385	120,661,284
	SOLID	WASTE FUI	<u>ND</u>		
2017	2003 Note Payable - Tennessee Municipal	0.281%	44,105	252	44,357
2018	Bond Fund	0.281%	45,569	124	45,693
			89,674	376	90,050
2017	2004 Note Payable - Tennessee Municipal	0.281%	32,443	798	33,241
2018	Bond Fund	0.281%	33,293	707	34,000
2019		0.281%	34,191	614	34,805
2020		0.281%	35,113	518	35,631
2021		0.281%	36,034	419	36,453
2022		0.281%	37,003	318	37,321
2023		0.281%	37,996	214	38,210
2024		0.281%	38,223	107	38,330
			284,296	3,695	287,991
2017	2005 Series A Refunding	5.00%	1,506,507	73,694	1,580,201
2018	<u> </u>	5.00%	1,584,570	24,981	1,609,551
			3,091,077	98,675	3,189,752
2017	2006 Series A Municipal Public Improvement	5.00%	283,362	5,667	289,029
			283,362	5,667	289,029
					· — · — · — · — · — · — · — · — · — · —

# SCHEDULE OF BONDS, NOTES AND CAPITAL LEASES PAYABLE

June 30, 2016

(continued from previous page)

#### SOLID WASTE FUND

Fiscal Year Ended June 30	Issue	Interest Rate	Principal	Due Interest	Total Interest and Principal
			•		
2017	2007 Series A Municipal Public Improvement	5.00%	\$ -	\$ 117,990	\$ 117,990
2018	Refunding	5.00%	-	117,990	117,990
2019		5.00%	-	117,990	117,990
2020		5.00%	-	117,990	117,990
2021		5.00%	360,000	117,990	477,990
2022		4.30%	380,000	99,990	479,990
2023		5.00%	400,000	83,650	483,650
2024		4.75%	425,000	63,650	488,650
2025		4.75%	445,000	43,463	488,463
2026		4.75%	470,000	22,325	492,325
			2,480,000	903,028	3,383,028
•04=		0.00**		4 40 • 40	4 40 4 40
2017	2014 General Obligation Refunding	0.00%	-	169,248	169,248
2018		1.75%	254,243	167,023	421,266
2019		4.00%	1,782,408	129,150	1,911,558
2020		5.00%	934,930	70,129	1,005,059
2021		3.00%	253,342	42,955	296,297
2022		2.00%	249,736	36,658	286,394
2023		2.25%	245,228	31,402	276,630
2024		3.00%	242,523	25,005	267,528
2025		3.00%	239,818	17,770	257,588
2026		3.00%	237,114	10,616	247,730
2027		3.00%	234,936	3,529	238,465
			4,674,278	703,485	5,377,763
	Total Solid Waste Fund indebtedness		10,902,687	1,714,926	12,617,613
	WATER (	UALITY F	<u>UND</u>		
2017	2005 Series A Refunding	5.000%	991,277	44,110	1,035,387
2017	2003 Series A Retuilding	5.000%	1,041,976	14,952	1,056,928
2016		3.00070	2,033,253	59,062	2,092,315
			2,033,233	37,002	2,072,313
2017	2007 Series A Municipal Public Improvement	5.000%	_	35,682	35,682
2018	Refunding	5.000%	-	35,683	35,683
2019	C	5.000%	-	35,682	35,682
2020		5.000%	-	35,683	35,683
2021		5.000%	110,000	35,682	145,682
2022		4.300%	115,000	30,183	145,183
2023		5.000%	120,000	25,237	145,237
2024		4.750%	130,000	19,238	149,238
2025		4.750%	135,000	13,062	148,062
2026		4.750%	140,000	6,650	146,650
			750,000	272,782	1,022,782
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# SCHEDULE OF BONDS, NOTES AND CAPITAL LEASES PAYABLE

June 30, 2016

(continued from previous page)

#### WATER QUALITY FUND

Fiscal Year Ended June 30	Issue	Interest Rate	Principal	Due Interest	Total Interest and Principal
2015		<b>5</b> 0000/	Φ 250,000		<b></b>
2017	2013 General Obligation	5.000%	\$ 360,000	\$ 179,944	\$ 539,944
2018		5.000%	355,000	162,069	517,069
2019		2.000%	360,000	149,594	509,594
2020		5.000%	355,000	137,119	492,119
2021		5.000%	355,000	119,369	474,369
2022		5.000%	355,000	101,619	456,619
2023		5.000%	355,000	83,869	438,869
2024		3.000%	355,000	69,668	424,668
2025		3.000%	355,000	59,017	414,017
2026		3.125%	355,000	48,147	403,147
2027 2028		4.000%	355,000	35,500	390,500
2028		4.000%	355,000	21,300	376,300
2029		4.000%	355,000	7,100	362,100
			4,625,000	1,174,315	5,799,315
2017	2014 General Obligation Refunding	1.75%	_	41,780	41,780
2018		4.00%	62,762	41,231	103,993
2019		5.00%	440,002	31,882	471,884
2020		3.00%	230,795	17,312	248,107
2021		2.00%	62,540	10,604	73,144
2022		2.25%	61,649	9,049	70,698
2023		3.00%	60,537	7,752	68,289
2024		3.00%	59,869	6,173	66,042
2025		3.00%	59,201	4,387	63,588
2026		3.00%	58,534	2,621	61,155
2027		3.00%	57,774	871	58,645
			1,153,663	173,662	1,327,325
2017	2015 General Obligation	5.00%	540,000	375,300	915,300
2018	2013 General Congation	5.00%	540,000	348,300	888,300
2019		5.00%	540,000	321,300	861,300
2020		5.00%	540,000	294,300	834,300
2021		5.00%	540,000	267,300	807,300
2022		5.00%	540,000	248,400	788,400
2023		5.00%	540,000	229,500	769,500
2024		5.00%	540,000	202,500	742,500
2025		5.00%	540,000	175,500	715,500
2026		5.00%	540,000	148,500	688,500
2027		5.00%	540,000	121,500	661,500
2028		5.00%	540,000	94,500	634,500
2029		5.00%	540,000	67,500	607,500
2030		5.00%	540,000	40,500	580,500
2031		5.00%	540,000	13,500	553,500
			8,100,000	2,948,400	11,048,400
	Total Water Quality Fund indebtedness		16,661,916	4,628,221	21,290,137

# SCHEDULE OF BONDS, NOTES AND CAPITAL LEASES PAYABLE

June 30, 2016

(continued from previous page)

#### ELECTRIC POWER BOARD

Fiscal Year Ended June 30	Issue	Interest Rate	Principal	Due Interest	Total Interest and Principal
2017	2006 A Electric System Revenue Bonds	4.125%	\$ 1,400,000	\$ 28,875	\$ 1,428,875
	,		1,400,000	28,875	1,428,875
2017	2006 B Electric System Refunding Revenue Bonds	4.125%	1,715,000 1,715,000	35,372 35,372	1,750,372 1,750,372
			1,713,000	33,372	1,730,372
2017	2008 A Electric System Revenue Bonds	3.50%	6,275,000	405,688	6,680,688
2018		4.50%	6,575,000	147,938	6,722,938
			12,850,000	553,626	13,403,626
2017	2015 A Electric System Refunding Revenue Bonds	4.000%		9,782,781	9,782,781
2017	2013 A Electric System Retunding Revenue Bonds	4.000%	1,370,000	9,755,381	11,125,381
2019		5.000%	8,380,000	9,518,481	17,898,481
2020		5.000%	8,880,000	9,086,981	17,966,981
2020		5.000%	9,410,000	8,629,731	18,039,731
2021		5.000%	9,970,000	8,145,231	18,115,231
2022		5.000%	10,545,000	7,632,356	18,177,356
2023					
		5.000%	11,160,000	7,089,731	18,249,731
2025		5.000%	11,810,000	6,515,481	18,325,481
2026		5.000%	12,485,000	5,908,106	18,393,106
2027		2.880%	14,735,000	5,384,166	20,119,166
2028		3.000%	15,160,000	4,944,950	20,104,950
2029		5.000%	15,610,000	4,327,300	19,937,300
2030		4.000%	16,395,000	3,609,150	20,004,150
2031		4.000%	17,050,000	2,940,250	19,990,250
2032		5.000%	17,730,000	2,156,000	19,886,000
2033		5.000%	18,615,000	1,247,375	19,862,375
2034		4.000%	19,550,000	391,000	19,941,000
			218,855,000	107,064,451	325,919,451
2017	2015 B Electric System Revenue Bonds	0.700%	170,000	366,248	536,248
2018	2013 B Electric System Revenue Bonds	1.100%	1,890,000	355,258	2,245,258
2019		1.550%	1,825,000	330,719	2,155,719
2020		2.050%	1,765,000	298,484	2,063,484
					1,980,613
2021		2.300%	1,720,000	260,613	
2022 2023		2.600%	1,675,000	219,058	1,894,058
		2.900%	1,635,000	173,575	1,808,575
2024		3.050%	1,595,000	125,544	1,720,544
2025		3.200%	1,560,000	76,260 25,650	1,636,260
2026		3.380%	1,520,000	25,650	1,545,650
			15,355,000	2,231,409	17,586,409

# SCHEDULE OF BONDS, NOTES AND CAPITAL LEASES PAYABLE

June 30, 2016

(continued from previous page)

#### **ELECTRIC POWER BOARD**

E:1 V	ELECTR	IC I O WER D	OARD		T-4-1
Fiscal Year		T		ъ.	Total
Ended		Interest	D	Due	Interest
June 30	Issue	Rate	Principal	Interest	and Principal
2017	2015 C Electric System Revenue Bonds	5.000%	\$ -	\$ 1,276,500	\$ 1,276,500
2018	2013 C Electric System Revenue Bonds	5.000%	Ψ -	1,276,500	1,276,500
2019		5.000%	_	1,276,500	1,276,500
2020		5.000%	_	1,276,500	1,276,500
2021		5.000%	_	1,276,500	1,276,500
2022		5.000%	795,000	1,256,625	2,051,625
2023		4.000%	835,000	1,220,050	2,055,050
2024		5.000%	870,000	1,181,600	2,051,600
2025		4.000%	915,000	1,141,550	2,056,550
2026		5.000%	950,000	1,099,500	2,049,500
2027		5.000%	995,000	1,050,875	2,045,875
2028		5.000%	1,045,000	999,875	2,044,875
2029		5.000%	1,100,000	946,250	2,046,250
2029		5.000%	1,155,000	889,875	2,044,875
2030		5.000%	1,210,000	830,750	2,040,750
2031		5.000%	1,275,000	768,625	2,043,625
2032		5.000%	1,335,000	703,375	2,038,375
2033		5.000%	1,405,000	634,875	2,039,875
2034		5.000%	1,475,000	562,875	2,037,875
2035		5.000%	1,545,000	487,375	2,032,375
2030		5.000%	1,625,000	408,125	2,032,373
2037		5.000%	1,705,000	324,875	2,029,875
2038		5.000%	1,790,000	237,500	2,027,500
2040		5.000%	1,880,000	145,750	2,025,750
2040		5.000%	1,975,000	49,375	2,024,375
2041		3.000%	25,880,000		47,202,200
			23,880,000	21,322,200	47,202,200
	Total Electric Power Board indebtedness		276,055,000	131,235,933	407,290,933
	CHATTANOOGA DOWNTOW	N REDEVEL	OPMENT CORPO	<u>DRATION</u>	
2017	2007 Lease Rental Revenue Refunding	4.000%	100,000	2,330,700	2,430,700
2018	2007 Lease Rental Revenue Refunding	4.000%	105,000	2,326,600	2,431,600
2019		4.000%	105,000	2,322,400	2,427,400
2020		4.125%	110,000	2,318,031	2,428,031
2020		4.200%	115,000	2,313,348	2,428,348
2021		4.250%	120,000	2,313,348	2,428,383
2022		4.250%	125,000	2,303,176	2,428,176
2023		4.300%	130,000	2,297,725	2,427,725
2025		4.300%	135,000	2,292,027	2,427,027
2026		4.375%	7,155,000	2,132,609	9,287,609
2020		4.375%	7,465,000	1,812,797	9,277,797
2027		5.000%	7,275,000	1,467,625	8,742,625
2028		5.000%	8,155,000	1,081,875	9,236,875
2029		5.000%	8,565,000	663,875	9,228,875
2030		5.000%	8,995,000	224,875	9,219,875
2031		5.00070	48,655,000	28,196,046	76,851,046
			40,033,000	20,170,040	70,031,040

#### SCHEDULE OF BONDS, NOTES AND CAPITAL LEASES PAYABLE

June 30, 2016

(continued from previous page)

#### CHATTANOOGA DOWNTOWN REDEVELOPMENT CORPORATION

Fiscal Year Ended June 30	Issue	Interest Rate		Principal		Due Interest	aı	Total Interest nd Principal
2017	2010 IDB Revenue Refunding	5.000%	\$	4,790,000	\$	2,325,869	\$	7,115,869
2018		5.000%		5,020,000		2,080,619		7,100,619
2019		5.000%		5,270,000		1,823,369		7,093,369
2020		5.000%		5,540,000		1,553,119		7,093,119
2021 2022		5.000%		5,815,000		1,269,243		7,084,243
2022		5.000% 3.250%		6,090,000 6,340,000		971,619 716,343		7,061,619 7,056,343
2023		5.000%		6,565,000		478,159		7,030,343
2024		5.000%		6,860,000		171,500		7,043,139
2023		3.000%		52,290,000		11,389,840		63,679,840
	Total Chattanooga Downtown Redevelopment			32,290,000		11,369,640		03,079,840
	Corporation indebtedness			100,945,000		39,585,886		140,530,886
	Corporation indebtedness			100,943,000		39,363,660		140,330,880
	Total Primary Government		\$	718,714,694	\$ 2	249,794,181	\$	968,508,875
	METROPOLITAN	AIRPORT	AUTI	HORITY				
	METROTOBIAN	MINI OKI	11011	HORITI				
2017	2009 Refunding Revenue Bonds	2.950%	\$	446,898	\$	113,349	\$	560,247
2018	C	2.950%		460,449		99,798		560,247
2019		2.950%		3,085,663		72,476		3,158,139
				3,993,010		285,623		4,278,633
2017	2012 Fuel Facility Capital Lease			8,608		58		8,666
				8,608		58		8,666
2017	2014 Tax Exempt Revenue Bonds	2.670%		131,373		77,996		209,369
2018	2011 Tax Exempt to tende Bonds	2.670%		134,974		74,395		209,369
2019		2.670%		138,674		70,695		209,369
2020		2.670%		142,475		66,894		209,369
2021		2.670%		146,379		62,990		209,369
2022		2.670%		150,392		58,977		209,369
2023		2.670%		154,514		54,855		209,369
2024		2.670%		1,942,142		30,193		1,972,335
				2,940,923		496,995		3,437,918
2017	2014 Taxable Revenue Bonds	4.030%		147,247		150,689		297,936
2018		4.030%		153,378		144,558		297,936
2019		4.030%		159,763		138,173		297,936
2020		4.030%		166,415		131,521		297,936
2021		4.030%		173,343		124,593		297,936
2022		4.030%		180,560		117,376		297,936
2023		4.030%		188,078		109,858		297,936
2024		4.030%		2,585,934		60,773		2,646,707
				3,754,718		977,541		4,732,259
	Total Airport Authority indebtedness			10,697,259		1,760,217		12,457,476
	Total component unit indebtedness		\$	10,697,259	\$	1,760,217	\$	12,457,476



# STATISTICAL SECTION (Unaudited)

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#### CHANGES IN NET POSITION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (accrual basis of accounting)

Personal part	(accidal basis of accounting)	Fiscal Year										
Concent process   Concent pr		2016	2015	2014	2013			2010	2009	2008	2007	
Seminary	Expenses											
Performes de communité devolupment   18,309,875   25,728,093   37,85,001   91,905,478   41,765,514   76,368,766   70,715,129   72,595,018   08,500,000   70,716,000   72,595,018   08,500,000   70,716,000   72,595,018   08,500,000   70,716,000   72,595,018   08,500,000   70,716,000   72,595,018   08,500,000   70,716	Governmental activities:											
Public searcy   Public searc	General government	\$ 68,405,139	\$ 68,922,709	\$ 70,744,329	\$ 68,097,422	\$ 64,751,775	\$ 63,957,991	\$ 73,098,750	\$ 88,028,404	\$ 75,282,935	\$ 61,386,402	
Public works & cramportation   G3.429.52   66.224.699   64.730.075	Economic & community development	18,390,875	25,728,093	6,785,001	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Public works & transportation	Public safety	104,952,395	82,128,786	38,174,721	90,260,439	91,995,943	84,765,514	76,368,786	70,745,129	72,595,048	68,559,200	
Ports and generation   26,048,08   23,455,413   21,716,619   1.0   22,884,259   22,807,24   24,010,50   20,271,68   17,223,113   17,370,23   15,264,080   1,000,000   1,000	Public works	-	-	-	61,278,623	69,321,709	66,493,039	61,734,669	61,147,976	55,935,906	55,075,495	
Policy   P	Public works & transportation	63,429,352	66,224,659	64,730,037	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Social services   G. 6384_540   G. 6084_505   G. 681_9620   G. 676_1002   G. 765_1002   G. 765_100	Youth & family development	26,048,987	23,455,413	21,716,619	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Interest of long-term deht	Parks and recreation	-	-	-	22,884,259	22,807,242	24,010,501	20,271,088	17,223,313	17,370,233	15,263,490	
Pasiness-type activities	Social services	-	-	-	17,513,922	19,329,779	20,924,562	23,531,828	20,440,264	19,072,003	22,080,281	
Page	Interest on long-term debt	6,854,540	6,904,505	6,819,652	6,763,002	7,087,446	7,126,810	7,237,128	6,693,847	6,902,290	6,910,320	
Belience unifules	Total governmental activities expenses	288,081,288	273,364,165	208,970,359	266,797,667	275,293,894	267,278,417	262,242,249	264,278,933	247,158,415	229,275,188	
Besting   63,15,000   65,05,000   65,05,000   63,05,000   63,05,000   64,02,009   63,15,007,000   54,211,000   411,556,000   58,000   58,000   58,000   41,156,000   41,156,000   58,000   41,156,000							· <u>· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · </u>					
Solid wate	• •	653,115,000	655,053,000	639,502,000	630,133,000	640,200,589	633,506,721	539,720,000	542.811.000	472,115,000	441,556,000	
Solid waste         4,145,986         4,126,419         4,328,222         6,457,9578         5,108,840         5,037,805         4,753,430         4,373,401         4,973,585         4,935,628           Water quasipement         1,508,800         13,158,800         13,158,800         13,158,800         1,102,107         1,002,806         1,105,718         1,002,509         941,831         1,003,006         1,410,217           Downtown redevelopment         16,759,306         16,760,841         16,019,800         161,740,801         1,102,707         702,800         697,441,83         508,385,179         540,005,404         210,005,707         703,403,404           Total business-type activities expenses         734,870,137         737,232,975         721,479,401         718,141,707         708,897,778         697,441,83         508,288,179         540,054,44         211,005,179         708,167,922         717,433,434           Total painary government expenses         734,871,479         718,141,709         708,997,728         697,441,83         508,282,82         888,055,277         768,167,922         717,433,434           Total painary government expenses         1,422,413         1,422,413         1,422,413         3,422,413         1,422,413         1,422,413         1,422,413         1,422,413	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·											
Marcquality management   13,888,06   13,151,961   13,175,781   12,286,856   12,386,648   10,003,657   8,385,351   5,038,956   5,058,524   4,937,896   10,003,065   10,000,000   10,100,00			, ,	, ,	, ,						, ,	
Properties   Fragment   Fragmen	Water quality management			, ,			, ,			, ,		
Domotion redevelopment   16.759,306   16.760,841   16.049,380   16.196,291   1.049,380   16.196,291   1.049,380   16.196,291   1.049,380   10.196,291   1.049,380   1.049,380   1.049,380   1.049,380   1.049,380   1.049,380   1.049,380   1.049,380   1.049,380   1.049,380   1.049,380   1.049,380   1.049,380   1.049,380,374   1.049,380   1.049,380,374   1.049,380,374   1.049,380,380,380   1.049,380,380   1.049,380,380   1.049,380,380   1.049,380,380   1.049,380,380   1.049,380,380   1.049,380,380   1.049,380,380,380   1.049,380,380,380,380   1.049,380,380,380,380   1.049,380,380,380,380   1.049,380,380,380,380,380,380,380,380,380,380		,,										
Page	0 0	16 759 306	16 760 841	16 049 380		-,,	-,,	-,,		-,,	-,,	
Total business-type activities expenses   734,870,137   731,232,975   721,479,491   718,141,707   708,897,778   697,444,183   598,588,179   594,076,344   521,009,517   488,168,246   717,443,434   748,148,148,148,148,148,148,148,148,148,1	•					_	_	_	_	_	_	
Program Revenues   Social Expression   1,022,951,425   1,010,597,140   930,449,850   984,93,374   984,191,672   964,722,600   860,830,428   858,355,277   768,167,932   717,443,434   77,444,444   77,	9		737 232 975	721 479 491	718 141 707	708 897 778	697 444 183	598 588 179	594 076 344	521 009 517	488 168 246	
Charges for services:   Char												
Charges for services:   Char	n n											
Charges for services:	9											
Cancenar												
Economic & community development	9	14 520 075	16 177 400	15 401 245	11 606 207	11.045.622	10 424 640	11 500 400	12 220 226	11 500 555	11 012 650	
Public safety         878,733         934,476         820,316         1,854,727         654,680         880,936         977,577         630,281         807,649         298,834           Public works         transportation         524,452         581,137         501,462         -		, ,	, ,	, ,	11,696,397	11,045,632	10,434,649	11,523,433	12,239,326	11,592,555	11,913,650	
Public works         -         -         3,195,233         3,314,133         2,652,857         2,443,705         1,893,443         2,523,650         1,901,136           Public works & transportation         524,452         581,137         501,462         -					-			-	-		-	
Public works & transportation         524,452         581,137         501,462         -         3,649,255         3,728,321         3,815,671         4,212,077         4,069,218         4,132,026         3,366,016         Social services         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         3,44385         746,120         646,768         834,020         700,179         1,203,478         117,114         Operating grants and contributions         28,317,766         1,556,749         215,908         1,472,538         2,253,589         45,528,009         43,695,157         39,564,910         26,253,573         31,846,034         70,103,202         49,154,929         60,637,939         60,288,064         71,819,131         74,291,184         70,109,853         75,534,707         64,896,051         81,815,717         81,815         74,291,184         70,109,853         75,534,707         64,896,051         81,815         11,912,493         74,291,184         70,109,853         75,534,707         64,896,051         81,815,		8/8,/33	934,476	820,316			,			,		
Youth & family development         553,403         559,531         599,633         599,463         -         -         -         -         -         -         3,649,255         3,728,321         3,815,671         4,212,077         4,069,218         4,132,026         3,366,016         Social services         -         -         -         -         -         3,649,255         3,728,321         3,815,671         4,212,077         4,069,218         4,132,026         3,366,016         Social services         -		-	-	-	3,195,233	3,314,133	2,652,857	2,443,705	1,893,443	2,523,650	1,901,136	
Parks and recreation         -         -         3,649,255         3,728,321         3,815,671         4,212,077         4,069,218         4,132,026         3,366,016           Social services         -         -         -         344,385         746,120         646,768         834,020         700,179         1,203,478         117,114           Operating grants and contributions         30,519,758         36,065,180         28,078,849         38,425,404         38,545,89         45,528,009         43,699,157         39,564,910         26,253,573         31,484,034           Capital grants and contributions         28,317,766         1,556,749         215,908         1,472,538         2,253,589         7,860,181         10,605,215         11,012,496         29,021,776         15,453,667           Total governmental activities program revenues         79,455,000         59,520,015         49,154,929         60,637,939         60,288,064         71,819,131         74,291,184         70,109,853         75,534,707         64,896,051           Business-type activities:         1,102,496         684,060,000         671,251,000         654,818,000         625,486,000         618,552,000         589,475,000         594,599,000         544,635,000         484,458,000         41,881,000           Sewer         <	•				-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Social services         -         344,385         746,120         646,768         834,020         700,179         1,203,478         117,114           Operating grants and contributions         30,519,758         36,065,180         28,078,849         38,425,404         38,545,589         45,528,069         43,695,157         39,564,910         26,253,573         31,846,034           Capital grants and contributions         28,317,766         1,556,749         215,908         1,472,538         2,253,589         7,860,181         10,605,215         11,012,496         29,021,776         15,453,667           Total governmental activities program revenues         79,455,000         59,520,015         49,154,929         60,637,939         60,288,064         71,819,131         74,291,184         70,109,853         75,534,707         64,896,051           Business-type activities:         Charges for services:           Electric utility         684,060,000         671,251,000         654,818,000         625,486,000         589,475,000         504,599,000         544,635,000         484,458,000         441,881,000           Sewer         70,770,332         64,055,861         63,155,547         52,708,135         52,051,115         48,702,486         45,761,756         43,749,143         42,473,352         39,217,346		553,403	559,531	599,463	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Operating grants and contributions         30,519,758         36,065,180         28,078,849         38,425,404         38,545,589         45,528,069         43,695,157         39,564,910         26,253,573         31,846,034           Capital grants and contributions         28,317,766         1,556,749         215,908         1,472,538         2,253,889         7,860,181         10,605,215         11,012,496         29,021,776         15,453,667           Total governmental activities program revenues         79,455,000         59,520,015         49,154,929         60,637,939         60,288,064         71,819,131         74,291,184         70,109,853         75,534,707         64,896,051           Business-type activities:         Charges for services:           Electric utility         684,060,000         671,251,000         654,818,000         625,486,000         618,552,000         589,475,000         504,599,000         544,635,000         484,458,000         441,881,000           Sewer         70,770,332         64,055,861         63,155,474         52,708,135         52,051,115         48,702,486         45,761,756         43,749,143         42,473,352         39,217,346           Solid waste         6,981,881         7,314,318         7,085,846         6,343,124         6,317,08         6,597,533		-	-	-								
Capital grants and contributions         28,317,766         1,556,749         215,908         1,472,538         2,253,589         7,860,181         10,605,215         11,012,496         29,021,776         15,453,667           Total governmental activities program revenues         79,455,000         59,520,015         49,154,929         60,637,939         60,288,064         71,819,131         74,291,184         70,109,853         75,534,707         64,896,051           Business-type activities:           Charges for services:           Electric utility         684,060,000         671,251,000         654,818,000         625,486,000         618,552,000         589,475,000         504,599,000         544,635,000         484,458,000         441,881,000           Sewer         70,770,332         64,055,861         63,155,547         52,708,135         52,051,115         48,702,486         45,761,756         43,749,143         42,473,352         39,217,346           Solid waste         6,981,881         7,314,318         7,085,846         6,343,124         6,317,708         6,597,533         6,389,727         6,871,844         5,171,586         5,563,236           Water quality management         19,526,288         19,945,571         19,100,534         17,245,533         16,123,965         14,292,39		-	-	-			,			, ,		
Total governmental activities program revenues 79,455,000 59,520,015 49,154,929 60,637,939 60,288,064 71,819,131 74,291,184 70,109,853 75,534,707 64,896,051 8												
Business-type activities: Charges for services:  Electric utility 684,060,000 671,251,000 654,818,000 625,486,000 618,552,000 589,475,000 504,599,000 544,635,000 484,458,000 441,881,000 504,599,000 544,635,000 484,458,000 441,881,000 504,599,000 544,635,000 484,458,000 441,881,000 504,599,000 544,635,000 484,458,000 441,881,000 504,599,000 544,635,000 484,458,000 441,881,000 504,599,000 544,635,000 484,458,000 441,881,000 504,599,000 544,635,000 589,475,400 589,475,400												
Charges for services:  Electric utility 684,060,000 671,251,000 654,818,000 625,486,000 618,552,000 589,475,000 504,599,000 544,635,000 484,458,000 441,881,000 Sewer 70,770,332 64,055,861 63,155,547 52,708,135 52,051,115 48,702,486 45,761,756 43,749,143 42,473,352 39,217,346 Solid waste 6,981,881 7,314,318 7,085,846 6,343,124 6,317,708 6,597,533 6,389,727 6,871,844 5,171,586 5,563,236 Water quality management 19,526,288 19,945,571 19,100,534 17,245,533 16,123,965 14,292,397 13,480,137 5,796,188 5,627,095 5,549,732 Housing management 18,882,874 18,659,042 17,038,504 17,706,905		79,455,000	59,520,015	49,154,929	60,637,939	60,288,064	71,819,131	74,291,184	70,109,853	75,534,707	64,896,051	
Electric utility         684,060,000         671,251,000         654,818,000         625,486,000         618,552,000         589,475,000         504,599,000         544,635,000         484,458,000         441,881,000           Sewer         70,770,332         64,055,861         63,155,547         52,708,135         52,051,115         48,702,486         45,761,756         43,749,143         42,473,352         39,217,346           Solid waste         6,981,881         7,314,318         7,085,846         6,343,124         6,317,708         6,597,533         6,389,727         6,871,844         5,171,586         5,563,236           Water quality management         19,526,288         19,945,571         19,100,534         17,245,533         16,123,965         14,292,397         13,480,137         5,796,188         5,627,095         5,549,732           Housing management         -         -         -         2,667,646         882,897         839,126         816,476         807,058         751,350         1,168,471           Downtown redevelopment         18,882,874         18,659,042         17,038,504         17,706,905         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -	• •											
Sewer         70,770,332         64,055,861         63,155,547         52,708,135         52,051,115         48,702,486         45,761,756         43,749,143         42,473,352         39,217,346           Solid waste         6,981,881         7,314,318         7,085,846         6,343,124         6,317,708         6,597,533         6,389,727         6,871,844         5,171,586         5,563,236           Water quality management         19,526,288         19,945,571         19,100,534         17,245,533         16,123,965         14,292,397         13,480,137         5,796,188         5,627,095         5,549,732           Housing management         -         -         -         -         2,667,646         882,897         839,126         816,476         807,058         751,350         1,168,471           Downtown redevelopment         18,882,874         18,659,042         17,038,504         17,706,905         -         -         -         -         -         -           Regional communication         13,06,785         - </td <td>9</td> <td></td>	9											
Solid waste         6,981,881         7,314,318         7,085,846         6,343,124         6,317,708         6,597,533         6,389,727         6,871,844         5,171,586         5,563,236           Water quality management         19,526,288         19,945,571         19,100,534         17,245,533         16,123,965         14,292,397         13,480,137         5,796,188         5,627,095         5,549,732           Housing management         -         -         -         -         2,667,646         882,897         839,126         816,476         807,058         751,350         1,168,471           Downtown redevelopment         18,882,874         18,659,042         17,038,504         17,706,905         -	Electric utility							504,599,000				
Water quality management         19,526,288         19,945,571         19,100,534         17,245,533         16,123,965         14,292,397         13,480,137         5,796,188         5,627,095         5,549,732           Housing management         -         -         -         -         2,667,646         882,897         839,126         816,476         807,058         751,350         1,168,471           Downtown redevelopment         18,882,874         18,659,042         17,038,504         17,706,905         -	Sewer	, ,	, ,	, ,	, ,	, ,	48,702,486	, ,	, ,		, ,	
Housing management - 2,667,646 882,897 839,126 816,476 807,058 751,350 1,168,471  Downtown redevelopment 18,882,874 18,659,042 17,038,504 17,706,905	Solid waste	6,981,881	7,314,318	7,085,846	6,343,124	6,317,708	6,597,533	6,389,727	6,871,844	5,171,586	5,563,236	
Downtown redevelopment         18,882,874         18,659,042         17,038,504         17,706,905         -	Water quality management	19,526,288	19,945,571	19,100,534	17,245,533	16,123,965	14,292,397	13,480,137	5,796,188	5,627,095	5,549,732	
Regional communication         1,306,785         - <th< td=""><td>Housing management</td><td>-</td><td>-</td><td>-</td><td>2,667,646</td><td>882,897</td><td>839,126</td><td>816,476</td><td>807,058</td><td>751,350</td><td>1,168,471</td></th<>	Housing management	-	-	-	2,667,646	882,897	839,126	816,476	807,058	751,350	1,168,471	
Operating grants and contributions         -         -         -         -         -         19,983,00         19,983,313         2,398,436         191,575         189,973         175,675           Capital grants and contributions         985,000         739,109         1,833,500         19,983,000         39,217,000         41,117,000         29,595,440         2,462,551         1,668,000         1,853,750           Total business-type activities program revenues         802,513,160         781,964,901         763,031,931         742,140,343         733,245,504         721,006,855         603,040,972         604,513,359         540,339,356         495,409,210	Downtown redevelopment	18,882,874	18,659,042	17,038,504	17,706,905	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Capital grants and contributions         985,000         739,109         1,833,500         19,983,000         39,217,000         41,117,000         29,595,440         2,462,551         1,668,000         1,853,750           Total business-type activities program revenues         802,513,160         781,964,901         763,031,931         742,140,343         733,245,504         721,006,855         603,040,972         604,513,359         540,339,356         495,409,210	Regional communication	1,306,785	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Capital grants and contributions         985,000         739,109         1,833,500         19,983,000         39,217,000         41,117,000         29,595,440         2,462,551         1,668,000         1,853,750           Total business-type activities program revenues         802,513,160         781,964,901         763,031,931         742,140,343         733,245,504         721,006,855         603,040,972         604,513,359         540,339,356         495,409,210	Operating grants and contributions	-	-	-	-	100,819	19,983,313	2,398,436	191,575	189,973	175,675	
	Capital grants and contributions	985,000	739,109	1,833,500	19,983,000	39,217,000	41,117,000	29,595,440	2,462,551	1,668,000	1,853,750	
	Total business-type activities program revenues	802,513,160	781,964,901	763,031,931	742,140,343	733,245,504	721,006,855	603,040,972	604,513,359	540,339,356	495,409,210	
		881,968,160	841,484,916	812,186,860	802,778,282	793,533,568	792,825,986	677,332,156	674,623,212	615,874,063	560,305,261	

#### CHANGES IN NET POSITION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (accrual basis of accounting)

(continued from previous page)

Fiscal Year

		Fiscal Year								
	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010	2009	2008	2007
Net (expense)/revenue:										
Governmental activities	\$ (208,626,288)	\$ (213,844,150)	\$ (159,815,430)	\$ (206,159,728)	\$ (215,005,830)	\$ (195,459,286)	\$ (187,951,065)	\$ (194,169,080)	\$ (171,623,708)	\$ (164,379,137)
Business-type activities	67,643,023	44,731,926	41,552,440	23,998,636	24,347,726	23,562,672	4,452,793	10,437,015	19,329,839	7,240,964
Total primary government net expense	(140,983,265)	(169,112,224)	(118,262,990)	(182,161,092)	(190,658,104)	(171,896,614)	(183,498,272)	(183,732,065)	(152,293,869)	(157,138,173)
General Revenues and Other Changes in Net Position	1									
Governmental activities:										
Taxes:										
Property taxes	130,902,972	127,519,982	125,641,150	129,150,158	133,455,222	112,953,898	96,982,279	94,274,504	91,847,883	89,934,837
Liquor and beer taxes	8,997,261	7,606,018	8,186,392	7,606,723	7,614,837	7,352,383	7,062,700	7,394,591	6,951,057	6,589,468
Gross receipts tax	5,882,100	4,899,150	4,797,634	4,231,661	4,276,496	4,437,883	3,790,913	3,905,913	3,931,405	3,773,166
Franchise tax	4,382,373	4,725,955	4,221,364	4,115,338	2,915,030	2,119,546	2,248,279	2,210,697	2,507,204	1,764,684
Hotel-motel tax	6,589,452	5,995,649	5,364,901	5,004,320	5,001,504	4,746,845	4,058,621	3,893,990	4,067,597	3,747,137
Other taxes	222,074	134,509	162,765	69,598	83,017	43,520	227,546	2,578,385	2,605,700	2,542,465
Unrestricted investment earnings	1,753,046	954,972	1,331,773	1,069,002	873,653	1,344,715	1,118,163	1,420,375	4,104,441	5,192,979
Grants not allocated to specific programs	79,585,292	75,505,288	70,667,626	70,563,200	66,731,113	53,070,739	52,777,032	49,988,522	53,466,222	52,074,331
Gain on sale of capital assets	836,089	1,501,675	197,445	890,681	370,285	179,644	-	- · · · · · -	-	-
Gain on equity interest in joint venture	· -	23,684	65,251	-	-	-	-	_	-	-
Miscellaneous	_	-	· -	-	-	-	22,679	_	3,312,122	-
Change in equity interest	_	-	_	-	-	-	(196,534)	(457,589)	(439,341)	6,362
Endowment contributions	_	-	105	-	4,554	-	-	-	19,306	11,044
Transfers	50,952	-		1,363,048	6,344,311	5,917,771	4,089,754	3,061,998	4,321,107	44,999
Special Item- Transfer of Land to VW	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(8,916,345)	-	-
Total governmental activities	239,201,611	228,866,882	220,636,406	224,063,729	227,670,022	192,166,944	172,181,432	159,355,041	176,694,703	165,681,472
Business-type activities:										
Unrestricted investment earnings	1,815,617	1,186,019	990,099	1,055,895	804,118	1,463,002	3,632,413	8,991,904	5,249,845	5,001,647
Miscellaneous	-	-	-	388,268	147,914	-	16,427	808,000	816,803	108,928
Transfers	(50,952)	-	-	(1,363,048)	(6,344,311)	(5,917,771)	(4,089,754)	(3,061,998)	(4,321,107)	(44,999)
Loss on disposal of capital assets	-	-	-	(4,150,506)	-	-	-	-	-	-
Extra ordinary - tornado damage						(28,000,000)				
Total business-type activities	1,764,665	1,186,019	990,099	(4,069,391)	(5,392,279)	(32,454,769)	(440,914)	6,737,906	1,745,541	5,065,576
Total primary government	240,966,276	230,052,901	221,626,505	219,994,338	222,277,743	159,712,175	171,740,518	166,092,947	178,440,244	170,747,048
Change in Net Position										
Governmental activities	30,575,323	15,022,732	60,820,976	17,904,001	12,664,192	(3,292,342)	(15,769,633) (2)	(34,814,039)	5,070,995	1,302,335
Business-type activities	69,407,688	45,917,945	42,542,539	19,929,245	18,955,447	(8,892,097)	4,011,879	17,174,921	21,075,380	12,306,540
Total primary government	\$ 99,983,011	\$ 60,940,677	\$ 103,363,515	\$ 37,833,246	\$ 31,619,639	\$ (12,184,439)	\$ (11,757,754)	\$ (17,639,118)	\$ 26,146,375	\$ 13,608,875

<sup>(1)</sup> In fiscal year 2009 the City appropriated \$10, 974,473 to the IDB for the VW project. We also, transferred land to VW with a loss recorded in the amount of \$8,916,345.

<sup>(2)</sup> In fiscal year 2010 the City appropriated \$5,164,968 to the IDB for the VW Project. Also, the OPEB obligation increased \$7,767,233 during the fiscal year.

<sup>(3)</sup> In fiscal year 2013 the City recorded Community Development loans handled by CNE as unavailable revenue in deferred inflows of resources of \$17,403,653.

<sup>(4)</sup> In fiscal year 2014, GASB 67 and 68 were implemented.

# NET POSITION BY COMPONENT LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

(accrual basis of accounting)

		Fisca	l Yea	nr	
	 2016	2015		2014	2013
Governmental activities	 				
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	\$ 1,272,353,698	\$ 1,275,429,168	\$	1,204,844,784	\$ 1,212,457,120
Restricted	66,118,034	47,791,629		47,931,872	28,150,164
Unrestricted	(134,094,903)	(149,419,291)		(93,997,882) (4)	92,237,845
Total governmental activities net position	1,204,376,829	1,173,801,506		1,158,778,774	1,332,845,129
Business-type activities					
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	590,844,184	603,011,447		573,918,419	537,001,543
Restricted	49,238,536	69,421,422		46,644,598	45,014,643
Unrestricted (1)	78,680,556	(23,077,281)		(13,959,374) (4)	(10,293,881)
Total business-type activities net position	718,763,276	649,355,588		606,603,643	571,722,305
Primary government					
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	1,863,197,882	1,878,440,615		1,778,763,203	1,749,458,663
Restricted	115,356,570	117,213,051		94,576,470	73,164,807
Unrestricted	(55,414,347)	(172,496,572)		(107,957,256) (4)	81,943,964
Total primary government net position	\$ 1,923,140,105	\$ 1,823,157,094	\$	1,765,382,417	\$ 1,904,567,434

<sup>(1)</sup> Solid Waste Fund has a negative, unrestricted net position balance due to EPA unfunded mandates for an old landfill.

<sup>(2)</sup> In 2008 significant investment was made in the EPB utility plant reallocating net position between invested in capital and unrestricted.

<sup>(3)</sup> In 2011 EPB suffered \$28,000,000 in extraordinary losses from the worst years of tornadoes in recent history.

<sup>(4)</sup> In 2014, City implemented GASB 67 and 68.

Fiscal Year

	****	****	****	****	****
2012	2011	2010	2009	2008	2007
\$ 1,203,907,660	\$ 1,231,353,280	\$ 1,259,985,302	\$ 1,259,405,543	\$ 1,276,307,361	\$ 1,267,302,733
41,687,490	27,167,455	13,118,922	24,162,165	12,295,632	16,780,377
89,243,312	63,653,535	52,362,388	57,668,537	87,447,291	86,896,179
1,334,838,462	1,322,174,270	1,325,466,612	1,341,236,245	1,376,050,284	1,370,979,289
527,583,854	568,185,846	533,433,835	559,872,034	563,418,374	478,366,634
30,684,020	18,097,653	22,728,886	24,501,372	27,476,571	18,789,364
3,519,144	(43,451,928)	(4,439,053)	(36,661,617)	(60,528,077)	12,305,490
561,787,018	542,831,571	551,723,668	547,711,789	530,366,868 (2	509,461,488
1,731,491,514	1,799,539,126	1,793,419,137	1,819,277,577	1,839,725,735	1,745,669,367
72,371,510	45,265,108	35,847,808	48,663,537	39,772,203	35,569,741
92,762,456	20,201,607	47,923,335	21,006,920	26,919,214	99,201,669
\$ 1,896,625,480	\$ 1,865,005,841	\$ 1,877,190,280	\$ 1,888,948,034	\$ 1,906,417,152	\$ 1,880,440,777

# GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES TAX REVENUE BY SOURCE LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

(accrual basis of accounting)

Fiscal	Property	Liquor &	Beer Tax	Gross	Franchise	Hotel-	Other	
Year	Tax	Liquor	Beer	Receipts	Tax	Motel Tax	Taxes	Total
2007	\$ 89,934,837	\$ 1,748,944	\$ 4,840,524	\$ 3,773,166	\$ 1,764,684	\$ 3,747,137	\$ 2,542,465	\$ 108,351,757
2008	91,847,883	1,860,774	5,090,283	3,931,405	2,507,204	4,067,597	2,605,700	111,910,846
2009	94,274,504	1,957,072	5,437,519	3,905,913	2,210,697	3,893,990	2,578,385	114,258,080
2010	96,982,279 (2)	1,973,682	5,089,018	3,790,913	2,248,279	4,058,621	227,546 (2)	114,370,338
2011	112,953,898 (3)	1,964,432	5,387,951	4,437,883	2,119,546	4,746,845	43,520	131,654,075
2012	133,455,222	2,062,772	5,552,065	4,276,496	2,915,030	5,001,504	83,017	153,346,106
2013	129,150,158	2,164,510	5,442,213	4,231,661	4,115,338	5,004,320	69,598	150,177,798
2014	125,641,150	2,243,288	5,943,103	4,797,634	4,221,364	5,364,901	162,765	148,374,205
2015	127,519,982	2,468,684	5,137,334	4,899,150	4,725,955	5,995,649	134,509	150,881,263
2016	130,902,972	2,796,779	6,200,482	5,882,100	4,382,373	6,589,452	222,074	156,976,232

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>(1)</sup> EPB pays in-lieu of property taxes to the City. In fiscal year 2006 this began to be reported as a transfer. In fiscal year 2013 this began to be reported as revenue.

<sup>(2)</sup> Beginning FY2010 change in unearned revenue is included in property tax instead of other taxes.

<sup>(3)</sup> Effective FY2011 property tax rate increased.

#### FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

(modified accrual basis of accounting)

					Fiscal Y	'ear				
	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010 (1)	2009	2008	2007
General fund										
Reserved	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 8,617,430	\$ 3,535,673	\$ 3,593,931
Unreserved:										
Designated	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3,608,909	7,812,678	6,509,160
Undesignated	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	31,520,660	40,746,518	45,027,258
Nonspendable	1,521,502	1,783,514	2,482,752	2,852,473	4,377,659	4,286,374	1,780,661	-	-	-
Restricted	5,924,050	5,449,595	6,213,426	7,567,786	7,502,063	6,658,785	7,455,576	-	-	-
Committed	645,036	795,692	689,137	733,927	967,538	898,772	1,184,148	-	-	-
Assigned	8,830,766	6,293,667	5,100,983	3,111,037	4,686,118	4,572,721	993,642	-	-	-
Unassigned	65,922,139	55,113,696	64,225,680	55,580,376	45,470,014	33,863,477	28,415,466			
Total general fund (2)	82,843,493	69,436,164	78,711,978	69,845,599	63,003,392	50,280,129	39,829,493	43,746,999	52,094,869	55,130,349
All other governmental funds										
Reserved	-	-	-	-	_	-	-	36,659,112	22,488,664	25,499,173
Unreserved, reported in:										
Special revenue funds	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	8,454,135	10,913,021	10,029,363
Debt service fund	-	-	-	-	_	-	-	8,375,003	7,032,956	7,548,761
Permanent funds	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	36,705	52,324	47,070
Nonspendable	4,814,493	5,623,182	5,857,179	5,587,435	5,418,717	5,669,095	5,695,501	-	-	-
Restricted	73,783,314	52,110,734	51,548,075	32,077,331	43,422,413	30,890,348	43,983,628	-	-	-
Committed	6,413,573	8,656,519	9,227,214	5,466,410	3,456,211	7,063,311	6,559,175	-	-	-
Assigned	1,315,448	1,107,806	827,293	953,975	604,092	338,988	205,049	-	-	-
Unassigned							(777,863)			
Total all other governmental funds	86,326,828	67,498,241	67,459,761	44,085,151	52,901,433	43,961,742	55,665,490	53,524,955	40,486,965	43,124,367
Total governmental funds	\$ 169,170,321	\$ 136,934,405	\$ 146,171,739	\$ 113,930,750	\$115,904,825	\$ 94,241,871	\$ 95,494,983	\$ 97,271,954	\$ 92,581,834	\$ 98,254,716

<sup>(1)</sup> The City implemented GASB Statement 54 in fiscal year 2010.
(2) Reductions in General Fund are due to one-time capital appropriations as follows: 2007 - \$6,761,735; 2008 - \$12,058,840 (including \$5,985,000 for the VW project); 2009 -\$8,949,717,(including \$4,989,473 for the VW project); 2010 - \$9,461,261,(including \$4,747,968 for the VW project).

# CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

(modified accrual basis of accounting)

,		Fiscal Year					
	2016		2015		2014		2013
Revenues							
Taxes	\$ 155,799,808	\$	151,630,655	\$	147,420,648	\$	144,654,630
Licenses and permits	7,352,468		6,519,237		6,384,410		5,830,254
Intergovernmental	109,583,823		104,921,960		96,926,638		107,416,967
Charges for services	4,491,755		5,596,920		6,017,985		6,333,801
Fines, forfeitures and penalties	2,599,585		2,721,488		2,051,888		1,422,556
Investment income	1,972,171		1,111,693		1,581,549		1,185,179
Contributions and donations	1,609,166		982,639		782,545		218,028
Miscellaneous	6,651,589		8,144,924		6,236,014		6,340,451
Total revenues	290,060,365		281,629,516		267,401,677		273,401,866
Expenditures							
General government	63,105,668		64,148,350		61,432,644		64,000,423
Economic & community development	8,633,354		8,617,777		6,896,838		-
Public safety	96,260,548		93,447,712		93,249,612		92,123,889
Public works	-		-		-		40,854,938
Public works & transportation	37,834,604		37,822,758		38,201,294		_
Youth & family development	25,772,920		23,744,490		21,738,673		_
Parks and recreation, education, arts & culture	-		-		-		19,872,077
Social Services	_		_		_		16,515,906
Capital outlay	35,147,388		35,186,418		22,598,368		18,236,057
Debt service:	, -,		,,		-		-
Principal	17,164,347		19,324,913		12,970,806		13,037,072
Interest	7,426,116		7,421,843		7,030,200		7,178,691
Total expenditures	291,344,945		289,714,261		264,118,435		271,819,053
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures	(1,284,580)		(8,084,745)		3,283,242		1,582,813
Other financing sources (uses)							
Transfers in	44,454,692		59,632,771		38,834,687		31,557,514
Transfers out	(44,403,738)		(61,032,771)		(39,321,328)		(35,544,306)
Refunding bonds issued	, , , , ,		17,753,440		-		-
Bonds issued	47,200,000		-		26,775,000		_
Premium on bonds issued	7,684,371		1,735,417		2,369,489		_
Payments to refunded bond escrow agent	(21,414,829)		(19,324,578)		-		_
Notes issued	-		83,132		_		128,416
Capital leases	_		_		_		301,493
Total other financing sources (uses)	33,520,496		(1,152,589)		28,657,848		(3,556,883)
Net change in fund balances	\$ 32,235,916	\$	(9,237,334)	\$	31,941,090	\$	(1,974,070)
Debt service as a percentage of non-capital expenditures	9.12%		9.69%		8.24%		8.08%

Fiscal Year

2012		****		Fiscal	rea				2007		
2012		2011		2010		2009		2008	2007		
\$ 135,223,433	\$	133,486,033	\$	114,584,911	\$	111,959,239	\$	109,552,362	\$	106,062,416	
5,738,751	Ф	5,176,412	Ф	5,368,232	Ф	4,435,320	Ф	4,633,755	Ф	4,754,390	
103,679,076		100,441,019		97,317,492		95,014,416		83,610,126		4,734,390 87,768,854	
6,045,639		5,602,433		6,182,979		5,302,861		5,227,764		4,760,080	
		, ,		3,256,983		, ,		2,493,879			
2,148,952		2,705,952				2,835,260				1,424,431	
1,170,671		1,476,502		1,350,106		1,777,344		4,536,219		5,899,679	
839,599		1,208,813		754,226		589,914		2,568,829		644,561	
5,730,827		4,813,272		5,953,361		5,970,884		8,531,832		7,663,218	
260,576,948		254,910,436		234,768,290		227,885,238		221,154,766		218,977,629	
57,347,682		54,344,907		68,917,674		69,935,803		65,152,105		65,854,933	
-		-		-		-		-		-	
90,486,931		83,338,295		71,310,426		72,616,829		72,660,880		69,319,262	
39,283,330		39,260,630		31,601,596		37,185,999		35,209,087		33,619,639	
-		-		-		-		-		-	
		-		-		<del>-</del>					
19,459,895		18,003,988		16,979,064		16,809,777		16,617,304		14,735,418	
19,123,591		20,977,875		22,890,301		17,712,991		3,288,257		5,405,373	
24,674,873		24,601,428		23,446,614		42,528,781		24,352,978		31,430,746	
-		-		-		-		-		-	
11,846,305		13,007,185		12,532,082		9,591,682		10,839,021		8,453,319	
7,683,913		7,211,011		7,979,170		6,333,051		7,007,893		7,215,084	
269,906,520		260,745,319		255,656,927		272,714,913		235,127,525		236,033,774	
(9,329,572)		(5,834,883)		(20,888,637)		(44,829,675)		(13,972,759)		(17,056,145)	
(- , , ,		(-,,		( -,,		( , , ,		( - ,- , , ,		( ','',	
33,930,297		33,896,437		31,587,851		31,750,605		40,995,521		37,882,821	
(31,650,986)		(29,444,666)		(27,567,851)		(28,969,931)		(41,141,279)		(40,911,869)	
-				14,219,204				-		14,520,000	
44,115,201		_		34,265,000		46,056,885		_		20,732,796	
3,172,754		_		730,718		682,236		_		969,489	
(18,574,740)		_		(34,123,256)		-		_		(14,906,348)	
(10,571,710)		130,000		(31,123,230)		_		8,445,635		8,902,195	
-		-		-		-		-		-	
30,992,526		4,581,771		19,111,666		49,519,795		8,299,877		27,189,084	
\$ 21,662,954	\$	(1,253,112)	\$	(1,776,971)	\$	4,690,120	\$	(5,672,882)	\$	10,132,939	
7.82%		8.56%		9.00%		6.59%		8.37%		7.61%	

# ASSESSED AND ESTIMATED ACTUAL VALUE OF TAXABLE PROPERTY LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

					Estimated	Assessed					
Fiscal		Real Property (3)						Original		Actual	Value as a
Year Ended	Residential	Commercial	Multi-Use			Public	c	Total Taxable	Direct	Taxable	Percentage of
June 30	Property	Property	Property	P	Personalty	Utilitie	es	Value (1)(2)	Tax Rate	Value (1)	Actual Value
2007	\$ 1,362,719,845	\$ 1,847,946,530	\$ 46,096,515	\$ 4	480,080,854	\$ 231,31	3,627	\$ 3,968,157,371	2.202	\$12,310,849,619	32.23%
2008	1,421,354,257	1,910,417,410	48,320,830	4	456,098,873	212,56	9,505	4,048,760,875	2.202	12,906,102,564	31.37%
2009	1,452,977,142	1,968,057,920	50,987,075	:	509,493,519	222,15	2,961	4,203,668,617	2.202	13,293,431,306	31.62%
2010	1,732,687,931	2,296,650,350	56,261,925	:	522,397,863	237,69	6,428	4,845,694,497	1.939	15,307,270,881	31.66%
2011	1,767,475,281	2,277,144,490	52,744,350	4	499,813,408	211,61	1,981	4,808,789,510	2.309	15,187,143,683	31.66%
2012	1,782,714,560	2,256,432,695	53,283,085	:	509,661,044	218,73	4,193	4,820,825,577	2.309	15,239,117,325	31.63%
2013	1,795,943,110	2,261,110,225	58,632,465	:	538,856,958	219,98	1,451	4,874,524,209	2.309	15,498,290,496	31.45%
2014	1,784,295,979	2,348,871,997	74,573,687	:	531,222,301	216,28	5,095	4,955,249,059	2.309	15,679,940,525	31.60%
2015	1,840,532,560	2,374,091,013	70,770,559	:	532,072,812	227,14	0,466	5,044,607,410	2.309	16,071,141,262	31.39%
2016	1,865,936,950	2,418,840,319	68,275,406	:	531,204,313	226,76	8,904	5,111,025,892	2.309	16,253,882,118	31.44%

Source: City Treasurer

<sup>(1)</sup> All assessments and estimated actual values are based on initial levy and do not include any adjustments.

<sup>(2)</sup> Assessments for tax exempt properties are excluded from taxable value. The Hamilton County Tax Assessor does not maintain assessments for these properties.

<sup>(3)</sup> Real property includes commercial and industrial property assessed at 40% and residential and farms assessed at 25% of the estimated actual value. Personal property is assessed at 30% of the estimated actual value. Utilities are assessed at 55% of estimated actual value. Multi-Use is a combination of assessment rates based on the use of the property.

# PROPERTY TAX RATES DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GOVERNMENTS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Fiscal	City of		Hamilton	n County		Total Direct &
Year Ended	Chattanooga	General Fund	School Fund	Road Fund	Total	Overlapping
June 30	Tax Rate	Tax Rate	Tax Rate	Tax Rate	Tax Rate	Rates (1)
2007	2.2020	1.3159	1.5655	0.0126	2.8940	5.0960
2008	2.2020	1.5759	1.5655	0.0126	3.1540	5.3560
2009	2.2020	1.3816	1.3726	0.0110	2.7652	4.9672
2010	1.9390	1.3816	1.3726	0.0110	2.7652	4.7042
2011	2.3090	1.3816	1.3726	0.0110	2.7652	5.0742
2012	2.3090	1.3816	1.3726	0.0110	2.7652	5.0742
2013	2.3090	1.3816	1.3726	0.0110	2.7652	5.0742
2014	2.3090	1.3816	1.3726	0.0110	2.7652	5.0742
2015	2.3090	1.3816	1.3726	0.0110	2.7652	5.0742
2016	2.3090	1.3816	1.3726	0.0110	2.7652	5.0742

Source: www.hamiltontn.gov/trustee/

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>(1)</sup> Overlapping rates are those of local and county governments that apply to property owners within the City of Chattanooga.

#### PRINCIPAL PROPERTY TAXPAYERS

#### **CURRENT YEAR AND NINE YEARS AGO**

			2016		2007				
				Percentage of				Percentage of	
		Taxable (2) Assessed		Total Taxable Assessed		Taxable Assessed		Total Taxable Assessed	
Taxpayer (1)		Value	Rank	Value	_	Value	Rank	Value	
Electric Power Board (2)	\$	296,120,225	1	4.83%	\$	150,414,247	1	3.79%	
BlueCross BlueShield		94,412,764	2	1.54%		33,725,882	7	0.85%	
Tennessee Valley Authority (Computer Center)		87,079,905	3	1.42%		99,775,985	2	2.51%	
CBL & Associates		72,229,205	4	1.18%		59,085,132	3	1.49%	
AT&T (BellSouth)		54,886,822	5	0.90%		51,316,534	4	1.29%	
Tennessee-American Water Co.		42,030,950	6	0.69%		43,364,206	5	1.09%	
Unum/Provident		36,678,706	7	0.60%		37,919,787	6	0.96%	
WALMART		30,540,770	8	0.50%		-	-	0.00%	
Chattem		29,631,592	9	0.48%		-	-	0.00%	
JDK Real Estate (Kenco Group)		28,841,006	10	0.47%		-	-	0.00%	
Kenco Group Inc.		-	-	0.00%		27,259,253	9	0.69%	
E.I. DuPont de Nemours & Co.		-	-	0.00%		26,778,183	10	0.67%	
AGL resources - Chatt. Gas Co.		-	-	0.00%		30,187,224	8	0.76%	
Totals	\$	772,451,945		12.61%	\$	559,826,433		14.10%	

Source: The City Treasurer

<sup>(1)</sup> Property taxpayers includes both property taxes and payments in-lieu of taxes.

<sup>(2)</sup> Starting 2011 payment in lieu of taxes was included in the computation.

# PROPERTY TAX LEVIES AND COLLECTIONS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Fiscal Year Ended	Cumulative Original Adjustments to Adjusted			Adjusted	Collected Within the Fiscal Year of the Levy				llections in	Total Collections to Date			
June 30	Tax Lev	/ <b>y</b> <sup>(1)</sup>	Ta	ax Levy (2)		Tax Levy	Amount		Percentage of Levy	Subs	equent Years	Amount	Percentage of Levy
2007	\$ 87,37	8,841	\$	107,626	\$	87,486,467	\$	83,848,154	95.8%	\$	3,492,685	\$ 87,340,839	99.8%
2008	89,15	3,730		63,822		89,217,552		85,019,277	95.3%		3,987,235	89,006,512	99.8%
2009	91,76	0,952		(259,193)		91,501,759		87,144,122	95.2%		4,087,335	91,231,457	99.7%
2010	93,95	8,030		(1,208,571)		92,749,459		88,615,281	95.5%		3,598,982	92,214,263	99.4%
2011	111,03	4,964		(270,003)		110,764,961		104,399,752	94.3%		5,732,603	110,132,355	99.4%
2012	111,31	2,877		(517,344)		110,795,533		104,608,676	94.4%		5,477,860	110,086,536	99.4%
2013	112,55	2,779		(598,059)		111,954,720		105,385,912	94.1%		5,762,018	111,147,930	99.3%
2014	114,41	6,715		(636,012)		113,780,703		107,610,482	94.6%		4,356,738	111,967,220	98.4%
2015	116,48	0,000		(136,524)		116,343,476		110,399,359	94.9%		2,761,106	113,160,465	97.3%
2016	118,01	3,601		(61,178)		117,952,423		112,528,120	95.4%		-	112,528,120	95.4%

 $<sup>^{\</sup>left(1\right)}$  Total billed amounts from City Treasurer's Office.

<sup>(2)</sup> Adjusted for errors and releases as well as pickups in each subsequent year.

#### PROPERTY VALUE AND CONSTRUCTION PERMITS LAST TEN CALENDAR YEARS

_	Commercial C	onstruction/Others	Residenti	ial Construction	Property Value					
Calendar	Number		Number	_	_					
Year (1)	of Permits	Value	of Permits	Value	Commercial	Residential	Public Utilities			
2006	907	\$ 234,192,365	1,760	\$ 181,022,954	\$ 4,839,133,200	\$ 5,450,878,720	\$ 420,570,231			
2007	735	489,134,625	<sup>2)</sup> 1,652	184,475,058	5,004,087,050	5,685,416,370	580,059,970			
2008	471	244,137,277	715	108,132,239	5,163,673,852	5,811,908,568	620,270,613			
2009	1,057	381,383,099	<sup>3)</sup> 791	84,885,364	6,008,895,400	6,930,739,450	626,311,137			
2010	1151	185,443,140	745	81,002,976	5,951,110,800	7,069,893,350	500,090,912			
2011	1444	322,226,474	661	69,817,203	5,908,284,300	7,130,854,966	501,109,262			
2012	1228	526,589,240	1,155	92,540,434	5,946,058,500	7,183,769,166	572,274,272			
2013	619	309,615,547	1,319	118,773,260	6,296,210,200	7,123,787,316	563,981,000			
2014	743	354,627,089	1,313	167,484,483	6,462,411,280	7,248,274,500	587,014,861			
2015	720	522,770,623	1,476	127,443,336	6,375,533,044	7,463,747,800	589,291,000			

Permits from Land Development office. The values are based on the current industry averages as published Estimated actual values from Property Source: Tax Assessor's Office records.

<sup>(1)</sup> Latest information available for the calendar year.
(2) The value of the 2007 permits increased while the number of permits decreased as a result of a number of large Condominiums and continuing work on the Blue Cross Building Complex.

<sup>(3)</sup> Starting 2009 combined commercial and other permits such as electrical, plumbings and fire permits.

# GENERAL FUND INTERGOVERNMENTAL REVENUE LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Fiscal Year	 County-Wide Sales Tax		ty Allocation ate Sales Tax	ounty-Wide gnated Sales Tax	y Allocation e Income Tax	N	fixed Drink Tax		Other Revenue	Total
2007	\$ 26,154,704	\$	11,180,175	\$ 10,566,227	\$ 4,125,590	\$	1,748,548	\$	5,744,627	\$ 59,519,871
2008	26,604,258		11,185,750	10,767,083	4,909,130		1,818,211		5,856,223	61,140,655
2009	25,710,248		10,254,407	10,394,686	3,629,181		1,763,451		17,780,474 (1)	69,532,447
2010	25,116,025		9,904,220	10,182,243	2,578,926		1,888,061		13,749,395 (2)	63,418,870
2011	26,462,886		10,357,166	10,652,849	2,714,695		1,942,779		10,987,506 (3)	63,117,881
2012	38,054,892 (4)	)	11,313,906	11,365,043	2,651,353		2,095,770		10,421,921	75,902,885
2013	40,007,670		11,544,670	11,405,092	4,199,313		2,229,008		10,323,819	79,709,572
2014	39,781,604		11,948,621	11,340,990	3,744,628		2,402,905	(5)	6,293,761	75,512,509
2015	42,428,955		12,624,796	12,093,914	4,137,843		2,601,751		4,923,476	78,810,735
2016	45,479,387		13,491,087	12,961,844	3,532,771		2,909,666		5,021,382	83,396,137

In fiscal year 2009 the City of Chattanooga began the Public Safety Interoperable Communications Grant Program (PSIC), a \$16,780,000 award. At fiscal year end the City of Chattanooga recognized \$10,800,490 in PSIC grant revenue.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>(2)</sup> In fiscal year 2010 the City of Chattanooga began reporting Regional Planning Agency, Air Pollution Control Bureau, and Scenic Cities Beautiful as Special Revenue Funds.

In fiscal year 2011 the City of Chattanooga recognized the remaining of the Public Safety Interoperable Communications (PSIC) Grant revenue which decressed by \$5,740,453 from fiscal year 2010.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>(4)</sup> In fiscal year 2012 the 1966 Sales Tax agreement with Hamilton County expired returning the City's portion of the sales tax dollars to the City.

In fiscal year 2014, the City started remitting 50% of this revenue to the Department of Education.

#### EPB UTILITY RATE STRUCTURE AND NUMBER OF CUSTOMERS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Fiscal Year Ended June 30	Residential Customers	Cents per KWH	Small Commercial Customers	Cents per KWH	Large Commercial Customers	Cents per KWH	Outdoor Lighting Customers	Cents per KWH	Total Customers	Cents per KWH
2007	144.200	7.56	10.620	0.46	2.262		1.12	0.27	1.67.404	7.00
2007	144,288	7.56	19,630	8.46	3,363	6.39	143	9.37	167,424	7.00
2008	145,941	8.14	19,450	9.06	3,438	6.99	141	9.97	168,970	7.59
2009	147,301	9.55	19,326	10.53	3,414	8.39	139	11.35	170,180	9.01
2010	147,532	8.67	19,226	9.77	3,379	7.54	141	10.45	170,278	8.17
2011	148,033	9.56	19,157	10.69	3,524	8.32	138	11.37	170,852	9.00
2012	148,788	10.15	19,365	11.31	3,443	8.53	138	11.85	171,734	9.34
2013	149,875	10.19	20,079	11.36	3,387	8.67	143	12.06	173,484	9.47
2014	150,901	10.16	20,482	11.33	3,137	8.55	142	12.14	174,662	9.42
2015	152,503	10.22	20,910	11.39	3,127	8.58	142	12.01	176,682	9.46
2016	154,273	10.59	21,082	11.94	3,178	8.52	144	11.70	178,677	9.58

Source: EPB Financial Reports
Note: Number of customers and rate are the average for the year.

# RATIOS OF OUTSTANDING DEBT BY TYPE LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	VIIOCHE IEH				Total		Total Excluding					
	Go	overnmental Activi	ties		Business-Type	e Activities			Primary Governm			Bonds
	General				General			Total	Percentage		Percentage	<u>.</u>
	Obligation	Notes	Capital	Revenue	Obligation	Notes	Capital	Primary	of Personal	Per	of Personal	Per
Fiscal Year	Bonds	Payable	Leases	Bonds	Bonds	Payable	 Leases	Government	Income (1)	Capita (1)	Income (1)	Capita (1)
2007	\$ 136,098,716	\$ 27,592,266	\$ 115,513,895	\$ 71,430,000	\$ 106,881,285	\$ 47,392,117	\$ 193,543	\$ 505,101,822	9.24%	3,001	7.93%	2,577
2008	130,843,479	32,593,423	112,603,776	289,660,000	96,051,522	44,406,947	171,298	706,330,445	12.58%	4,158	7.42%	2,453
2009	169,652,698	30,654,836	109,822,026	288,060,000	83,302,301	52,607,497	147,723	734,247,081	12.90%	4,297	7.84%	2,611
2010	176,064,209	31,266,117	106,531,819	285,390,000	72,480,791	50,197,546	122,705	722,053,187	12.11%	4,214	7.33%	2,548
2011	165,968,711	28,547,881	103,678,615	282,680,000	62,441,288	66,590,772	96,119	710,003,386	12.13%	4,234	7.30%	2,549
2012	182,677,809	25,814,209	100,625,098	279,930,000	54,342,190	66,140,734	67,834	709,597,874	12.04%	4,171	7.29%	2,525
2013	177,238,092	23,950,371	287,958 (2)	406,889,598 (2)	47,709,242	57,542,512	37,701	713,655,474	11.55%	4,167	4.97%	1,791
2014	194,931,457	33,678,384	232,290	395,635,613	45,186,500	52,400,294	5,562	722,070,100	11.19%	4,165	5.06%	1,883
2015	182,335,696	26,990,086	174,098	383,215,627	36,956,413	61,741,959	-	691,413,879	10.56%	3,988	4.71%	1,778
2016	203,311,219	22,937,045	113,267	411,924,627	39,750,749	92,504,381	-	770,541,288	11.11%	4,363	5.17%	2,031

<sup>(1)</sup> See the schedule of Demographic and Economic Statistics for income and population data.

<sup>(2)</sup> CDRC became a blended component unit in FY13 per GASB 61 and classified as a Business-Type Activity.

# RATIOS OF GENERAL BONDED DEBT OUTSTANDING LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Primary Government (1) Less: Debt Supported by Designated Revenue Streams Other Than Property Taxes Notes and Fiscal GO Capital Hotel-Motel CDRC Fannie Mae Golf Course HUD Sec. Republic Parking Loan Year Bonds Leases Total Debt Capital Lease Loan Capital Lease 108 Notes 2007 \$ 242,980,000 \$ 190,691,819 \$ 433,671,819 \$ 54,434,830 \$ 113,738,737 2,752,555 \$ \$ 53,638,980 4,576,000 2008 226,895,000 189,775,445 416,670,445 111,411,938 252,955,000 193,232,084 446,187,084 108,937,617 284,251 4,576,000 2009 52,768,980 2010 248,545,000 188,118,187 436,663,187 53,455,510 106,308,081 223,738 4,271,000 228,409,999 427,323,387 103,518,327 160,288 2011 198,913,388 52,163,815 3,966,000 2012 237,019,999 192,647,875 429,667,874 49,324,122 100,531,340 93,758 3,661,000 2013 224,947,334 81,818,542 306,765,876 47,091,427 287,958 3,356,000 2014 240,117,957 86,316,530 326,434,487 52,423,496 232,290 3,051,000 2015 219,292,110 88,906,143 308,198,253 49,785,663 174,098 2,746,000 2016 243,061,968 115,554,693 47,058,029 113,267 2,441,000 358,616,661

<sup>(1)</sup> Primary Government includes premiums and discounts

<sup>(2)</sup> See the schedule of Assessed Value and Estimated Actual Value of Taxable Property for property value data.

<sup>(3)</sup> See the schedule of Demographic and Economic Statistics for population data.

<sup>(4)</sup> Per GASB 61 announcement. CDRC is now a blended component unit. They City removed the portion of capital lease and booked the amount under Lease Rental Revenue Bonds

800 MHz	Sewer	Solid Waste	Water Quality	EPB	Less: Debt Service	Total	Debt Supported by Property Tax	% Estimated Actual Taxable Value of	Per
Capital Lease	Debt	Debt	Debt	Debt	Fund Balance	Reduction	Total	Property (2)	Capita (3)
\$ 1,775,158	\$ 109,164,894	\$ 28,679,013	\$ 14,653,040	\$ 1,970,000	\$ 8,871,564	\$ 336,039,791	\$ 97,632,028	0.79%	580
1,191,838	98,154,112	27,345,475	13,835,180	1,295,000	8,925,003	320,373,526	96,296,919	0.75%	567
600,159	98,468,501	24,813,108	12,189,914	586,000	8,925,003	312,149,532	134,037,552	1.01%	784
-	90,181,577	22,160,064	10,459,401	-	4,870,365	291,929,736	144,733,451	0.95%	845
-	82,208,790	19,377,489	8,634,900	18,907,000	4,954,374	293,890,983	133,432,404	0.88%	796
-	73,329,345	17,838,771	7,657,642	21,725,000	652,699	274,813,677	154,854,197	1.02%	910
-	70,632,816	16,811,099	6,984,540	10,861,000	2,476,637	158,501,477	148,264,399	0.96%	866
-	66,235,357	14,913,893	11,666,106	4,777,000	5,020,752	158,319,894	168,114,593	1.07%	970
-	74,920,453	13,300,710	10,477,209	-	3,446,011	154,850,144	153,348,109	0.95%	885
-	102,232,212	11,426,361	18,596,557	-	2,161,977	184,029,403	174,587,258	1.07%	989

#### DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES DEBT

#### As of June 30, 2016

Governmental Unit	Debt Outstanding	Estimated Percentage Applicable (2)	Estimated Share of Overlapping Debt
Debt repaid with property taxes:			
Hamilton County General Obligation Debt	\$ 243,180,608	60.0796%	\$ 146,101,849
Other debt:	40.126.210	60.07060V	24.107.657
Hamilton County Notes Payable	40,126,218	60.0796%	24,107,657
Subtotal, overlapping debt (1)			170,209,506
City of Chattanooga gross direct debt (3)			718,714,694
Total direct and overlapping debt			\$ 888,924,200

Source: Assessed value data used to estimate applicable percentages provided by Hamilton County. Notes:

<sup>(1)</sup> Overlapping governments are those that coincide, at least in part, with the geographic boundaries of the city This schedule estimates the portion of the outstanding debt of those overlapping governments that is borne by the residents and businesses of the City of Chattanooga. This process recognizes that, when considering the government's ability to issue and repay long-term debt, the entire debt burden borne by the residents and businesses should be taken into account. However, this does not imply that every taxpayer is a resident, and therefore responsible for repaying the debt of each overlapping government.

<sup>(2)</sup> The percentage of overlapping debt is calculated by dividing the City's assessed property values by the total Hamilton County assessments.

<sup>(3)</sup> Direct and overlapping includes \$51,774,273 of self-supporting governmental debt and \$506,439,502 of self-supporting enterprise debt. Please see Ratios of General Bonded Debt Outstanding for the debt supported by property taxes. Net overlapping is \$320,179,491.

# LEGAL DEBT MARGIN INFORMATION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	Fiscal Year										
		2016		2015		2014		2013			
Debt limit (1)	\$	511,102,589	\$	504,460,741	\$	495,524,906	\$	487,452,421			
Total net debt applicable to limit (2)		174,587,258		153,348,109		168,114,593		148,264,399			
Legal debt margin	\$	336,515,331	\$	351,112,632	\$	327,410,313	\$	339,188,022			
Total net debt applicable to the limit as a percentage of debt limit		34.16%		30.40%		33.93%		30.42%			
		Ι	_egal	Debt Margin Ca	lcul	ation by Fiscal Ye	ar				
Assessed value	\$	5,111,025,892	\$	5,044,607,410	\$	4,955,249,059	\$	4,874,524,209			
Debt limit (10% of total assessed value) Debt applicable to limit:		511,102,589		504,460,741		495,524,906		487,452,421			
General obligation bonds Less: amount set aside for repayment		176,749,235		156,794,120		173,135,345		150,741,036			
of general obligation debt		(2,161,977)		(3,446,011)		(5,020,752)		(2,476,637)			
Total net debt applicable to limit		174,587,258		153,348,109		168,114,593		148,264,399			
Legal debt margin	\$	336,515,331	\$	351,112,632	\$	327,410,313	\$	339,188,022			

 $<sup>^{(1)}</sup>$  The City of Chattanooga's outstanding general obligation debt should not exceed 10 percent of total assessed property value.

General obligation debt may be offset by amounts set aside for repaying general obligation bonds. See "Ratio's of General Bonded Debt Outstanding" on page F-17 and F-18 for details.

Fiscal Year

		Fisca	re	ar			
2012	2011	2010		2009		2008	2007
\$ 482,082,558	\$ 480,878,951	\$ 484,569,450	\$	416,716,328	\$	404,876,088	\$ 396,815,737
 154,854,197	 133,432,404	 144,733,451		134,037,552		96,296,919	 97,632,028
\$ 327,228,361	\$ 347,446,547	\$ 339,835,999	\$	282,678,776	\$	308,579,169	\$ 299,183,709
32.12%	27.75%	29.87%		32.17%		23.78%	24.60%
		Legal Debt l	Marg	gin Calculation by	Fis	cal Year	
\$ 4,820,825,577	\$ 4,808,789,510	\$ 4,845,694,497	\$	4,167,163,278	\$	4,048,760,875	\$ 3,968,157,371
482,082,558	480,878,951	484,569,450		416,716,328		404,876,088	396,815,737
155,506,895	138,386,776	149,603,816		142,962,554		105,221,922	106,503,597
 (652,700)	 (4,954,374)	(4,870,365)		(8,925,003)		(8,925,003)	 (8,871,564)
154,854,195	133,432,402	144,733,451		134,037,551		96,296,919	97,632,033
\$ 327,228,363	\$ 347,446,549	\$ 339,835,999	\$	282,678,777	\$	308,579,169	\$ 299,183,704

#### HISTORICAL DEBT RATIOS

June 30, 2016

Fiscal Year 2016 2015 2014 2013 176,588 173,366 173,366 Estimated population 171,279 Appraised property valuation \$ 16,253,882,118 \$ 15,484,126,401 \$ 15,754,641,402 \$ 15,498,290,496 Assessed property valuation 5,111,025,892 5,044,607,410 4,955,249,059 4,874,524,209 Gross indebtedness (1) 442,659,694 404,376,144 312,769,531 288,657,541 Less: Self-supporting indebtedness (2) 279,996,798 255,342,366 146,933,903 143,414,312 Debt Service Fund 2,161,977 3,446,011 5,020,752 2,476,637 160,500,919 Net direct indebtedness 145,587,767 160,814,876 142,766,592 Plus: Estimated net overlapping indebtedness 170,209,506 164,152,697 146,010,497 158,657,256 Net direct and overlapping indebtedness 330,710,425 309,740,464 306,825,373 301,423,848 1,804.10 Gross debt per capita \$ 2,506.74 \$ 2,332.50 \$ \$ 1,685.31 Net direct debt per capita 908.90 839.77 927.60 833.53 Net direct and overlapping debt per capita 1,872.78 1,786.63 1,769.81 1,759.84 Gross debt to appraised valuation 2.72% 2.61% 1.99% 1.86% 0.92% Net direct debt to appraised valuation 0.99% 0.94% 1.02% Net direct debt and overlapping debt to appraised valuation 2.03% 2.00% 1.95% 1.94% Gross debt to assessed valuation 8.66% 8.02% 6.31% 5.92% Net direct debt to assessed valuation 3.14% 2.89% 3.25% 2.93% Net direct and overlapping debt to assessed valuation 6.47% 6.14% 6.19% 6.18%

<sup>(1)</sup> Gross indebtedness excludes revenue bonds payable by the EPB of Chattanooga and the Metropolitan Airport Authority.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>(2)</sup> The self-supporting debt includes Sewer Bonds and municipal public improvement bonds supported by Hotel Motel taxes, HUD Sec. 108 Notes, Golf Course Capital Lease.

Fiscal Year

	2012	2011	2010	2009	2008	2007
	170,136	167,674	171,349	170,880	169,884	168,293
\$	15,239,117,325 4,820,825,577	\$ 15,187,143,683 4,808,789,510	\$ 15,307,270,881 4,845,694,497	\$ 13,294,163,310 4,167,163,278	\$ 12,906,102,564 4,048,760,875	\$ 12,310,849,619 3,968,157,371
	407,942,874	408,416,390	436,663,186	445,601,083	415,375,442	431,701,818
	252,435,979	270,029,615	287,059,370	302,638,530	310,153,520	325,198,221
	652,700	 4,954,374	 4,870,365	 8,925,003	 8,925,003	 8,871,564
	154,854,195	133,432,401	144,733,451	134,037,550	96,296,919	97,632,033
_	152,555,047	 148,698,012	 154,968,909	 149,048,842	 136,287,686	 89,393,466
\$	307,409,242	\$ 282,130,413	\$ 299,702,360	\$ 283,086,392	\$ 232,584,605	\$ 187,025,499
\$	2,397.75	\$ 2,435.78	\$ 2,548.38	\$ 2,607.68	\$ 2,445.05	\$ 2,565.18
	910.18	795.78	844.67	784.40	566.84	580.13
	1,806.84	1,682.61	1,749.08	1,656.64	1,369.08	1,111.31
	2.68%	2.69%	2.85%	3.35%	3.22%	3.51%
	1.02%	0.88%	0.95%	1.01%	0.75%	0.79%
	2.02%	1.86%	1.96%	2.13%	1.80%	1.52%
	8.46%	8.49%	9.01%	10.69%	10.26%	10.88%
	3.21%	2.77%	2.99%	3.22%	2.38%	2.46%
	6.38%	5.87%	6.18%	6.79%	5.74%	4.71%

# REVENUE BOND COVERAGE LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

EPB Revenue Bonds

			El B Revellac	DOI	i Ci S			
Fiscal		Less:	Net					
Year Ended	Total	Operating	Available		Debt S	Serv	ice	Times
June 30	 Revenues	Expenses	Revenue		Principal		Interest	Coverage
			_		_			
2007	\$ 432,025,000	\$ 401,801,000	\$ 30,224,000	\$	1,600,000	\$	2,348,000	7.7
2008	472,983,000	429,161,000	43,822,000		1,600,000		3,019,000	9.5
2009	537,696,000	489,623,000	48,073,000		1,600,000		2,946,000	10.6
2010	491,501,000	445,493,000	46,008,000		2,670,000		2,853,000	8.3
2011	552,527,000	518,728,000	33,799,000		2,710,000		8,118,000	3.1
2012	562,569,000	498,384,000	64,185,000		2,750,000		13,377,000	4.0
2013	555,051,000	486,769,000	68,282,000		2,965,000		13,256,000	4.2
2014	566,989,000	501,006,000	65,983,000		6,000,000		13,084,756	3.5
2015	567,528,000	500,078,000	67,450,000		7,040,000		12,832,000	3.4
2016	564,280,000	487,101,000	77,179,000		12,371,000		8,075,000	3.8

Source: Electric Power Board, Electric Division

Note: This schedule is consistent with EPB's MSRB continuing disclosure for the debt covenants.

CDRC Lease Rental Revenue Bonds

Fiscal				Less:	Net					
Year Ended		Total	Or	perating	Available	Debt Se	ervic	e (3)	Times	
June 30	I	Revenues (1)	Ex	penses (2)	 Revenue	Principal		Interest	Coverage	
		_								
2007	\$	12,891,364	\$	18,975	\$ 12,872,389	\$ -	\$	7,198,975	1.8	,
2008		13,245,809		6,095	13,239,714	2,700,000		6,440,809	1.4	ļ
2009		11,511,201		8,975	11,502,226	2,910,000		6,460,806	1.2	
2010		14,014,621		10,830	14,003,791	3,050,000		6,312,556	1.5	j
2011		12,413,941		2,915	12,411,026	3,205,000		5,937,867	1.4	ļ
2012		13,469,678		6,890	13,462,788	4,060,000		5,527,719	1.4	,
2013		13,182,618		6,890	13,175,728	4,240,000		5,336,719	1.4	-
2014		13,153,265		9,065	13,144,200	4,395,000		5,168,194	1.4	-
2015		13,467,751		6,890	13,460,861	4,520,000		5,033,569	1.4	ļ
2016		15,070,640		8,115	15,062,525	4,675,000		4,871,819	1.6	;

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>(1)</sup> Total revenues include economic development sales tax, tourist development zone incremental sales tax, conference center net revenue, and interests on the debt service reserve.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>(2)</sup>Operating expenses include bank charges and arbitrage calculation cost.

# DEMOGRAPHIC AND ECONOMIC STATISTICS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

					Education Level		
Fiscal	Personal		Per Capita		In Years of	School	Unemployment
Year	Income (4)	Population (1)	Income (4)	Median Age (2)	Formal Schooling (2)	Enrollment (2)	Rate (3)
2007	\$ 5,469,354,207	168,293	\$ 32,499	38.8	17.4% 4yr. Degree	39,020	4.7%
2008	5,614,836,084	169,884	33,051	38.9	15.3% 4yr. Degree	39,106	6.1%
2009	5,690,816,640	170,880	33,303	39.2	17.0% 4yr. Degree	39,247	9.1%
2010	5,960,203,616	171,349	34,784	39.7	16.5% 4yr. Degree	41,072	9.3%
2011	5,852,325,622	167,674	34,903	39.3	16.5% 4yr. Degree	41,913	9.1%
2012	5,892,149,952	170,136	34,632	39.0	23.3% 4yr. Degree	42,236	8.2%
2013	6,177,348,414	171,279	36,066	40.0	23.0% 4yr. Degree	41,214	8.5%
2014	6,454,069,448	173,366	37,228	39.8	22.9% 4yr. Degree	43,691	7.1%
2015	6,546,300,160	173,366	37,760	39.8	23.0% 4yr. Degree	45,531	6.2%
2016	6,932,844,880	176,588	39,260	39.5	23.0% 4yr. Degree	43,797	5.1%

<sup>(1)</sup> U.S. Census Bureau.

<sup>(2)</sup> Chamber of Commerce

<sup>(3)</sup> Tennessee Department of Labor and Workforce Development

<sup>(4)</sup> U.S. Department of Commerce Bureau of Economic Analysis

# PRINCIPAL EMPLOYERS CURRENT YEAR AND NINE YEARS AGO

		2016 (1)			2007 (2)	
Employer	Employees	Rank	Percentage of Total City Employment	Employees	Rank	Percentage of Total City Employment
BlueCross BlueShield of Tennessee	4,899	1	2.77%	3,808	2	2.54%
Hamilton County Department of Education	4,508	2	2.55%	5,070	1	3.38%
Erlanger Health System	4,384	3	2.48%	3,217	4	2.15%
Tennessee Valley Authority	3,786	4	2.14%	-	-	0.00%
Amazon.com.dedc LLC	3,312	5	1.88%	-	-	0.00%
Unum	2,800	6	1.59%	2,930	5	1.96%
McKee Foods Corporation	2,700	7	1.53%	3,200	3	2.14%
CHI Memorial	2,602	8	1.47%	2,615	6	1.75%
City of Chattanooga	2,250	9	1.27%	2,615	7	1.75%
Volkswagen Chattanooga	2,177	10	1.23%	-	-	0.00%
CIGNA HealthCare	-	-	0.00%	2,154	8	1.44%
Synthetic Industries	-	-	0.00%	1,931	9	1.29%
Pilgrim's Pride Corp		-	0.00%	1,610	10	1.07%
Total	33,418		19.28%	29,150		19.45%

Sources: (1) Chattanooga Area Chamber of Commerce Business Information Center;

<sup>(2)</sup> City of Chattanooga Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the year ended June 30, 2007

# FULL-TIME EQUIVALENT CITY GOVERNMENT POSITIONS BY FUNCTION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Full-Time Equivalent Positions as of June 30

						as or .	Julie 30			
FUNCTION	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010	2009	2008	2007
General Government Public Safety	368	373	359 <sup>(2)</sup>	301	300	301	291	279	277	276
Police										
Sworn	486	486	486	475	475	481	475	472	472	471
Civilian	115	115	103	129	129	123	130	139 (1)	213	212
Fire										
Sworn	429	429	429	429	414	412	400	400	400	400
Civilian	16	17	17	17	17	17	17	17	17	17
Public Works	284	286	307	337	337	338	409	326	331	333
Economic & Community Development	85	86	80	35	35	35	29	36	36	36
Youth & Family Development	423	426	412 (3)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Parks & Recreation	-	-	- (3)	230	230	237	236	230	229	226
Education, Arts and Culture	-	-	- (3)	28	27	27	26	27	26	26
Social Services	-	-	- (3)	307	305	286	293	249	289	294
Transportation	60	58	47 (4)	-	-	-	-	-	-	_
Interceptor Sewer System	161	147	147	143	139	137	136	135	132	124
Solid Waste/Sanitation	20	20	20	19	19	16	16	17	14	13
Water Quality	152	151	141	138	138	137	59	55	47	50
EPB	552	545	547	521	499	453	435	398	389	394
Totals	3,151	3,139	3,095	3,109	3,064	3,000	2,952	2,780	2,872	2,872

Source: City Budget office Position Summary.

<sup>(1) 74</sup> Police Civilian Positions were transferred to 911.

<sup>(2)</sup> In FY14, General Services absorbed the Civic Facilities positions from the Education Arts & Culture dissolved department

<sup>(3)</sup> In FY14, the Parks & Recreation and Education, Arts & Culture departments were dissolved and the function absorbed by other departments.

 $<sup>^{(4)}</sup>$  In FY14, the Transportation department was established with 47 positions.

# OPERATING INDICATORS BY FUNCTION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

						Fiscal Year				
Function	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010	2009	2008	2007
General Government										
311 Service Requests Created	137,005	154,546	156,724	135,664	110,247	135,692	114,711	66,443	72,663	76,401
% of Current Tax Levy Collected	95	95	94	94	94	94	94	95	95.4	95.9
Police										
Crimes Committed (1)	21,619	12,622	12,902	12,869	12,037	12,158	14,385	14,577	14,219	13,999
Moving/Parking Violations (2)	39,326	47,425	40,727	51,674	102,067	105,470	166,438	105,069	64,928	98,984
Citizen Complaints	n/a	20	64	66	44	47	56	47	35	33
Fire										
Emergency Calls	17,311	16,356	15,926	15,858	16,161	16,363	12,473	12,889	11,849	11,385
Inspections	8,103	5,078	3,263	3,551	4,298	4,750	5,466	7,769	5,978	3,774
Public Works										
Sidewalks Repaired (sq.ft.)	65,050	18,473	66,056	5,938	13,344	12,359	8,186	848	80	335
Streets Paved (sq.ft.)	2,024,985	1,384,359	389,500	1,966,402	1,706,200	1,132,286	615,038	790,988	520,896	516,146
Parks, Recreation, Arts & Culture										
Chattanooga Zoo-Attendance	232,123	183,173	152,561	151,699	177,723	210,966	253,115	231,225	174,093	149,582
Recreation Centers-Attendance	791,138	510,599	600,805	833,674	630,178	630,178	550,496	588,927	567,444	458,331
Social Services										
Children Immunized	954	918	1,078	946	1,223	888	1,014	869	897	865
Households Assisted	6,247	8,192	9,636	7,184	10,905	6,334	8,473	6,280	4,950	4,284
Interceptor Sewer System										
% of Consent Decree Requirements Met	100%	100%	100%	n/a						
# of Full NPDES Compliance Days at the										
MBWWTP	352	363	356	337	337	355	346	355	359	360
Solid Waste/Sanitation										
NPDES Landfill Violations	-	-	-	-	4	2	4	4	4	-
Violation Notices to Industry	-	37	-	50	26	48	40	44	59	96
Water Quality										
311 Service Requests Created	1,576	1,440	1,650	2,229	1,632	1,727	3,206	1,764	1,798	1,586
311 Service Requests Unresolved	126	116	95	55	58	89	388	69	52	34

Source: City budget office.

<sup>(1)</sup> Crimes committed are reported on the prior calendar year as reported by the Chattanooga Police Dept. ChattResults.

<sup>(2)</sup> Parking was transferred to CARTA (Chattanooga Parking Authority) in October 2012.

# CAPITAL ASSET STATISTICS BY FUNCTION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	Fiscal Year									
Function	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010	2009	2008	2007
General Government										
City Fleet	1737	1739	1,734	1,734	1,854	1,769	1,774	1,773	1,769	1,709
Properties Returned to Tax Rolls	100	111	57	138	65	47	24	21	26	33
Police										
Stations	4	4	4	4	3	3	3	3	3	3
Patrol Units	586	588	580	551	555	450	450	450	450	450
Fire										
Stations	19	19	19	18	18	18	18	17	17	17
Ladder Trucks/Fire Engines/Combos (1)	27	27	27	27	25	25	25	24	24	24
Public Works										
Miles of Paved Streets	1160	1160	1,160	1,151	1,151	1,151	1,151	1,159	1,159	1,154
Signalized Intersections	336	330	327	332	320	320	321	318	315	314
Garbage Trucks	25	25	25	25	21	21	18	23	21	21
Knuckleboom Trucks	22	22	22	22	19	23	20	20	21	21
Interceptor Sewer System										
Miles of Sewer	1263	1263	1,263	1,254	1,254	1,254	1,254	1,255	1,239	1,200
Pump Stations	82	71	71	70	70	70	70	70	67	67
Parks, Recreation, Arts & Culture										
Parks	80	79	74	70	51	51	51	51	50	50
Recreation Centers	15	15	15	17	16	16	16	16	16	16

<sup>(1)</sup> Only includes front line apparatus. Does not include reserve or support equipment.

# EMPLOYMENT AND UNEMPLOYMENT STATS LAST TEN CALENDAR YEARS

Calendar _	MSA Civil	ian Labor-Force	(in 000's)	Civilian Labor Force % Unemployed					
Year	Total	Employed	Unemployed	MSA	TN	U.S.			
2006	261.1	251.3	9.8	4.3	4.4	4.6			
2007	265.1	253.9	11.2	4.2	4.8	4.8			
2008	265.1	246.6	18.5	5.7	6.4	7.1			
2009	252.3	228.5	23.8	9.4	9.8	9.7			
2010	260.3	238.6	21.7	8.3	8.3	9.1			
2011	262.9	243.8	19.1	7.3	8.1	8.3			
2012	264.4	245.5	18.9	7.1	7.8	7.9			
2013	262.5	240.7	21.8	8.3	8.5	7.6			
2014	246.5	232.0	14.5	5.9	6.1	5.6			
2015	254.2	241.1	13.1	5.1	5.3	5.3			

Source: Bureau of Labor Statistics (www.bls.gov)

# OTHER TAXES LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Local Option Sales Taxes (1) Other Tax Receipts

Fiscal	l County-Wide		County-Wide County-Wide		ounty-Wide	Total Local		Tourist Development Zone Sales Tax (2)		Hotel-Motel		State		
Year	Sales Tax	Desig	nated Sales Tax		Option Tax		State	L	ocal	Occ	eupancy Tax (3)	Sales Tax	Income Tax	
2007	\$ 26,154,704	\$	10,566,227	\$	36,720,931	\$	47,635	\$	-	\$	3,747,124	\$ 11,180,175	\$ 4,125,590	
2008	26,604,258		10,767,083		37,371,341		-		-		4,067,154	11,185,750	4,909,130	
2009	25,710,248		10,394,686		36,104,934		-		-		3,893,990	10,254,407	3,629,181	
2010	25,116,025		10,182,243		35,298,268		1,809,794	54	19,755		4,058,621	9,904,220	2,578,926	
2011	26,462,886		10,652,849		37,115,735		-		-		4,746,845	10,357,166	2,714,695	
2012	38,054,892		11,365,043		49,419,935		308,833		-		5,001,504	11,313,906	2,651,353	
2013	40,007,670		11,405,092		51,412,762		-		-		4,970,247	11,544,670	4,199,313	
2014	39,781,604		11,340,990		51,122,594		-		-		5,352,640	11,948,621	3,744,628	
2015	42,428,955		12,093,914		54,522,869		-		-		5,916,859	12,624,797	4,137,843	
2016	45,479,387		12,961,844		58,441,231		-		-		6,668,896	13,491,087	3,532,771	

<sup>(1) &</sup>lt;u>Local Option Sales Taxes</u> - In accordance with the 1963 Local Option Revenue Act Title 67, Chapter 6, Part 7 of the Tennessee Code Annotated, as amended, the City and the County have adopted a Local Option Sales Tax. The effective rate is 2.25%; the City earmarks .25 percent of its share for economic development.

<sup>(2) &</sup>lt;u>Tourist Development Zone (TDZ) Sales Tax</u> - This tax is based on the incremental state and local sales taxes generated within TDZ. In some years sales in the TDZ do not exceed the base year revenues as adjusted for growth in the county as a whole.

<sup>(3) &</sup>lt;u>Hotel-Motel Occupancy Tax</u> - The City of Chattanooga and Hamilton County are authorized to levy taxes on the occupancy of hotel and motel rooms by transients. Pursuant to the Private Act of 1980, in February 1981, Hamilton County levied a 3 percent tax and increased it to 4 percent in July 1988. In August 2002 the City also levied such a tax which was phased in over a 30-month period beginning October 1, 2002. The tax, now at 4 percent, is pledged to pay debt service on the 2002 general obligation bonds used to finance a portion of the 21st Century Waterfront Plan to develop 129 acres in the downtown riverfront area, a \$120 million project jointly funded by the public and private sectors.

# CAPITAL IMPROVEMENT PROGRAM FIVE YEARS

	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Total
Bonds						
General Fund	\$ 14,255,467	\$ 14,816,009	\$ 5,461,233	\$ 9,293,070	\$ 8,445,525	\$ 52,271,304
ISS (SRF Enterprise)	18,100,000	34,100,000	22,000,000	26,000,000	16,500,000	116,700,000
Total Bonds	32,355,467	48,916,009	27,461,233	35,293,070	24,945,525	168,971,304
Cash/Reserves						
General Fund	4 700 202	5,536,101	4,043,187	3,528,187	2 040 000	21 927 677
	4,790,202	, ,		, ,	3,940,000	21,837,677
Econ. Dev. Fund	3,268,622	1,715,000	900,000	500,000	250,000	6,633,622
Hotel-Motel Fund	1,350,000	2,000,000	4 000 000	4 000 000	4 000 000	3,350,000
Fleet Fund	4,300,000	4,000,000	4,000,000	4,000,000	4,000,000	20,300,000
State Street Aid	224,340	-	=	-	-	224,340
Narcotics/Federal Forfeit Funds	700,187	-	-	-	-	700,187
Closed Project Balances	2,997,422	-	-	-	-	2,997,422
Solid Waste	2,425,000	8,350,000	500,000	300,000	300,000	11,875,000
Water Quality	3,200,000	8,450,000	500,000	100,000	500,000	12,750,000
Interceptor Sewer	21,350,000	13,350,000	5,550,000	6,200,000	4,700,000	51,150,000
Total Cash/Reserves	44,605,773	43,401,101	15,493,187	14,628,187	13,690,000	131,818,248
External Sources						
Private Grants/Donations	100,000	100,000	-	-	-	200,000
Library Board	, -	200,000	_	_	-	200,000
Hamilton County	-	145,000	-	_	-	145,000
State of Tennessee	-	750,774	-	-	-	750,774
Community Development Block Grant	200,000	200,000	200,000	200,000	200,000	1,000,000
Federal	2,529,760	27,601,661	31,731,373	22,815,200	13,535,200	98,213,194
Total External Sources	2,829,760	28,997,435	31,931,373	23,015,200	13,735,200	100,508,968
Other	-	-			-	
Total All Sources	\$ 79,791,000	\$ 121,314,545	\$ 74,885,793	\$ 72,936,457	\$ 52,370,725	\$ 401,298,520

Source: City of Chattanooga Capital Planner





Federal Grantor/Pass-Through/Grantor/Program Title	Federal CFDA Number	Contract Number	Beginning (Accrued) Unearned Grant Revenue	Cash Receipts	Expenditures	Ending (Accrued) Unearned Grant Revenue
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE						
Passed Through Tennessee Department of Agriculture:						
Emergency Food Assistance Program (Administrative Costs)	10.568	45898	\$ (31,278)	\$ 32,001	\$ 723	\$ -
Emergency Food Assistance Program (Administrative Costs)	10.568	54382	-	18,614	21,587	(2,973)
Emergency Food Assistance Program (Commodities - Non-cash)	10.569	N/A	-	125,426	125,426	-
Total Emergency Food Assistance Program			(31,278)	176,041	147,736	(2,973)
Passed Through Tennessee Department of Human Services:						
2015 CHS Child Care Program	10.558	N/A	(2,838)	2,838	-	-
2016 CHS Child Care Program	10.558	N/A	-	221,943	224,004	(2,061)
2015 Child and Adult Food Program	10.558	3-47-56136-00-6	(2,133)	2,133	-	-
2016 Child and Adult Food Program	10.558	3-47-56136-00-6	-	48,112	68,494	(20,382)
2015 Child and Adult Food Program	93.600	3-47-55915-00-8	(7,421)	7,421	-	-
2016 Child and Adult Food Program	93.600	3-47-55915-00-8	-	292,628	300,185	(7,557)
Total Child and Adult Food Program			(12,392)	575,075	592,683	(30,000)
Total U. S. Department of Agriculture			(43,670)	751,116	740,419	(32,973)
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE						
Economic Development Administration Sewer System Upgrade	11.300	04-79-06577	(274,346)	550,873	276,527	-
Total Economic Development Administration Sewer System Upgrade			(274,346)	550,873	276,527	-
Total U. S. Department of Commerce			(274,346)	550,873	276,527	
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF HOUSING AND URBAN DEVELOPMENT						
Community Development Block Grants/Entitlement Grants	14.218	B-13-MC-47-0001	(381,004)	396,330	15,326	-
Community Development Block Grants/Entitlement Grants	14.218	B-14-MC-47-0001	(23,756)	600,144	628,541	(52,153)
Community Development Block Grants/Entitlement Grants	14.218	B-15-MC-47-0001	-	633,312	779,428	(146,116)
Community Development Block Grants/Entitlement Grants - Program Income	14.218	N/A	-	210,679	210,679	-
Total Community Development Block Grants/Entitlement Grants			(404,760)	1,840,465	1,633,974	(198,269)

			Beginning			Ending
	Federal		(Accrued)	~ -		(Accrued)
	CFDA	Contract	Unearned	Cash		Unearned
Federal Grantor/Pass-Through/Grantor/Program Title	Number	Number	Grant Revenue	Receipts	Expenditures	<b>Grant Revenue</b>
	(continued from pre-	vious page)				
Shelter Plus Care	14.238	TN0010L4J001306	(90,501)	90,501	-	-
Shelter Plus Care	14.238	TN0010L4J001407	-	166,693	233,881	(67,188)
Total Shelter Plus Care			(90,501)	257,194	233,881	(67,188)
THDA ESG Stage	14.231	E-14-MC-47-0003	(39,619)	49,305	24,578	(14,892)
THDA ESG Stage	14.231	E-15-MC-47-0003	-	28,592	76,006	(47,414)
Total Shelter Plus Care			(39,619)	77,897	100,584	(62,306)
HOME Investment Partnerships Program	14.239	M-10-MC-47-0200	-	61,899	61,899	-
HOME Investment Partnerships Program	14.239	M-11-MC-47-0200	-	27,015	27,015	-
HOME Investment Partnerships Program	14.239	M-12-MC-47-0200	(9,616)	9,616	-	-
HOME Investment Partnerships Program	14.239	M-13-MC-47-0200	(97,762)	141,094	43,332	-
HOME Investment Partnerships Program	14.239	M-14-MC-47-0200	(32,957)	235,113	310,643	(108,487)
HOME Investment Partnerships Program - Program Income	14	N/A	-	417,376	277,900	139,476
Total HOME Investment Partnerships Program			(140,335)	892,113	720,789	30,989
Total U. S. Department of Housing and Urban Development			(675,215)	3,067,669	2,689,228	(296,774)
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR						
National Park Service, Historic Preservation Grants	15.928	P14AP00191	-	390,000	390,000	-
National Park Service, Historic Preservation Grants	15.928	P15AP00146	-	254,922	254,922	-
Total National Park Service, Historic Preservation Grants				644,922	644,922	
Total U.S. Department of the Interior				644,922	644,922	

	Federal		Beginning (Accrued)			Ending (Accrued)
	CFDA	Contract	Unearned	Cash		Unearned
Federal Grantor/Pass-Through/Grantor/Program Title	Number	Number	Grant Revenue	Receipts	Expenditures	<b>Grant Revenue</b>
	continued from pre	vious page)				
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE						
Edward Byrne Memorial Justice Assistance Grant Program	16.738	2012-DJ-BX-0641	-	15,159	15,159	_
Edward Byrne Memorial Justice Assistance Grant Program	16.738	2013-DJ-BX-0975	-	, -	800	(800)
Edward Byrne Memorial Justice Assistance Grant Program	16.738	2014-DJ-BX-1123	(10,146)	45,371	45,516	(10,291)
Edward Byrne Memorial Justice Assistance Grant Program	16.738	2015-DJ-BX-1042	-	-	38,727	(38,727)
ELERV Grant Program	16.582	2014-VF-GX-K011	-	-	31,796	(31,796)
Hamilton County Family Justice Center	16.738	22560	(33,692)	101,188	79,017	(11,521)
Hamilton County Family Justice Center	16.588	26780	-	13,796	20,178	(6,382)
Hamilton County Family Justice Center	16.609	2013-GP-BX-0012		-	687	(687)
Total U. S. Department of Justice			(43,838)	175,514	231,880	(100,204)
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION						
Passed Through Georgia Department of Transportation:						
Highway Planning and Construction	20.205	AEOPLPLN140836	(49,346)	110,839	61,493	-
Highway Planning and Construction	20.205	AEOPLPLN160004	-	71,793	157,466	(85,673)
Total GA Highway Planning and Construction			(49,346)	182,632	218,959	(85,673)
Passed through Tennessee Department of Transportation:						
Highway Planning and Construction	20.205	Z14MPO002	(45,262)	291,894	507,455	(260,823)
Governor's Highway Safety Grant	20.607	Z15GHSO59	(51,414)	87,032	35,618	(200,023)
Governor's Highway Safety Grant	20.607	Z16GHSO60	-	10,175	51,528	(41,353)
TDOT - Congestion Management Air Quality (CMAQ)	20.205	33LPLM-F0-066	(90,285)	90,285	-	-
TDOT - Congestion Management Air Quality (CMAQ)	20.205	33LPLM-F3-076	(20,891)	20,891	-	_
TDOT - Congestion Management Air Quality (CMAQ)	20.205	33LPLM-F0-095	(90,102)	50,513	120,916	(160,505)
TDOT - HWY 58 Imp Pedestrian and Bike Facilities	20.205	33LPLM-F3-037	(584,658)	655,853	381,147	(309,952)
TDOT - SR27 Pedestrian and Bicycle Facilities	20.205	33LPLM-F3-038	(70,399)	336,266	429,761	(163,894)
TDOT - Safe Routes to School	20.205	33LPLM-F3-147	-	-	28,269	(28,269)
Total TN Highway Planning and Construction			(953,011)	1,542,909	1,554,694	(964,796)

	Federal		Beginning (Accrued)			Ending (Accrued)
Federal Grantor/Pass-Through/Grantor/Program Title	CFDA Number	Contract Number	Unearned Grant Revenue	Cash Receipts	Expenditures	Unearned Grant Revenue
	continued from prev	vious page)				
Federal Transit Metropolitan Planning Grant	20.505	GG-15-43720-00	(39,248)	58,524	70,580	(51,304)
City of Chattanooga Rail Transit Implementation Plan	20.933	TN-79-1000	-	103,060	306,701	(203,641)
Total Federal Transit Administration			(39,248)	161,584	377,281	(254,945)
Total U. S. Department of Transportation			(1,041,605)	1,887,125	2,150,934	(1,305,414)
INSTITUTE OF MUSEUM AND LIBRARY SERVICES						
Passed Through Tennessee Libraries and Archives						
General Library Services	45.310	30504-00216-01	-	48,700	48,700	-
2016 LSTA Technology Grant	45.310	30504-00116-21		14,195	14,195	
Total Institute of Museum and Library Services				62,895	62,895	
U.S. ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY						
Brownfields Assessment & Cleanup Cooperative Agreements	66.818	BF-95441209	(53,694)	245,694	192,000	-
Air Pollution Control Program	66.001	00408415	-	350,910	350,910	-
Surveys, Studies, Investigations and Special Purpose Grants	66.034	96497415		128,809	128,809	
Total U.S. Environmental Protection Agency			(53,694)	725,413	671,719	
Passed Through Tennessee Department of Environment And Conservation:						
Clean Water State Revolving Loan Program (SRF 2011-289)	66.458	SRF 2011-289	-	2,355,139	2,355,139	-
Clean Water State Revolving Loan Program (SRF 2012-307)	66.458	SRF 2012-307	-	8,776,243	8,776,243	-
Clean Water State Revolving Loan Program (SRF 2013-318)	66.458	SRF 2013-318		6,188,844	6,188,844	
Total Revolving Loan Program				17,320,226	17,320,226	
Total U. S. Environmental Protection Agency			(53,694)	18,045,639	17,991,945	

	Federal		Beginning (Accrued)			Ending (Accrued)
	CFDA	Contract	(Accrued) Unearned	Cash		(Accrued) Unearned
Federal Grantor/Pass-Through/Grantor/Program Title	Number	Number	Grant Revenue	Receipts	Expenditures	Grant Revenue
	(continued from pre	evious page)				
FEDERAL EMERGENCY MANAGEMENT AGENCY						
Emergency Food and Shelter National Board Program	97.024	768200-001	(4,831)	12,642	7,811	-
Total Federal Emergency Management Agency			(4,831)	12,642	7,811	
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES						
Head Start	93.600	04CH0047/38	(512,020)	628,975	116,955	-
Head Start	93.600	04CH010085-01-00	-	7,820,683	8,242,061	(421,378)
Early Head Start-Child Care Partnership Grant	93.600	04HP0041/01	(160,782)	2,396,748	2,457,016	(221,050)
Total Head Start			(672,802)	10,846,406	10,816,032	(642,428)
Passed Through Tennessee Department of Human Services:						
Low-Income Home Energy Assistance	93.568	LIHEAP-15-03	(237,437)	551,498	314,061	-
Low-Income Home Energy Assistance	93.568	LIHEAP-16-04		1,849,233	2,047,238	(198,005)
Total Low-Income Home Energy Assistance			(237,437)	2,400,731	2,361,299	(198,005)
Community Services Block Grant	93.569	Z 15-49104	(65,768)	65,768	-	-
Community Services Block Grant	93.569	Z 16-49104	-	527,769	635,327	(107,558)
Total Community Services Block Grant			(65,768)	593,537	635,327	(107,558)
YFD Summer Food Service Program	10.559	30-202	(61,720)	188,151	126,431	-
YFD After School Care Food Program	10.558	03-47-30140-00-8	-	229,732	265,850	(36,118)
YFD Summer Food Service Program	10.559	35-0014	-	-	117,179	(117,179)
Total YFD Summer Food Service Program			(61,720)	417,883	509,460	(153,297)
Total U. S. Department of Health and Human Services			(1,037,727)	14,258,557	14,322,118	(1,101,288)

Federal Grantor/Pass-Through/Grantor/Program Title	Federal CFDA Number	Contract Number	Beginning (Accrued) Unearned Grant Revenue	Cash Receipts	Expenditures	Ending (Accrued) Unearned Grant Revenue
(contin	nued from pro	evious page)				
CORPORATION FOR NATIONAL AND COMMUNITY SERVICES Foster Grandparents Program Foster Grandparents Program	94.011 94.011	13SFSTN003 13SFSTN003	(30,960)	30,960 371,333	- 407,860	(36,527)
Total Corporation for National and Community Services			(30,960)	402,293	407,860	(36,527)
TOTAL EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS - PRIMARY GOVERNMENT	Г		(3,205,886)	39,859,245	39,526,539	(2,873,180)
STATE AWARDS						
Tennessee Commission on Aging & Disability						
Southeast Tennessee Development District	N/A	42185	-	48,950	45,517	3,433
Tennessee Department of Environment & Conservation						
Household Hazardous Waste	N/A	GG-1338886	(24,648)	57,349	32,701	-
Clean Water State Revolving Loan Program (SRF 2011-289)	66.458	SRF 2011-289	-	860,014	860,014	-
Clean Water State Revolving Loan Program (SRF 2012-307)	66.458	SRF 2012-307	-	7,709,002	7,709,002	-
Clean Water State Revolving Loan Program (SRF 2013-318)	66.458	SRF 2013-318	-	7,925,647	7,925,647	-
Total Tennessee Department of Environment & Conservation			(24,648)	16,552,012	16,527,364	
Tennessee Department of Finance & Administration						
THDA Entitlement - CNE Project		Program Income	447,929	56,433	794	503,568
Tennessee Emergency Management Agency - Disaster relief)						
FEMA 1965 DR TN - February 2011	97.036	FEMA 1965 DR TN	-	-	-	-
FEMA 1974 DR TN - April 2011	97.036	FEMA 1974 DR TN	(9,529)	9,529	-	-
TOTAL EXPENDITURES OF STATE AWARDS - PRIMARY GOVERNMENT			413,752	16,666,924	16,573,675	507,001
TOTAL EXPENDIUTRE OF FEDERAL AND STATE AWARDS - PRIMARY GO	VERNMEN	Т	\$ (2,792,134)	\$ 56,526,169	\$ 56,100,214	\$ (2,366,179)

#### NOTES TO SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AND STATE AWARDS

### June 30, 2016

#### Note 1. Basis of Presentation

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal and state awards includes the federal and state grant activity of the City and is presented on the accrual basis of accounting. The information in this schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Therefore, some amounts presented in this schedule may differ from amounts presented in, or used in the preparation of, the basic financial statements.

#### Note 2. Program Income

Cash receipts for the Community Development Block Grant (CFDA 14.218) and HOME Investment Partnerships Program (CFDA 14.239) include program income of \$210,679 and \$417,376, respectively.

#### Note 3. Subrecipients

Of the federal expenditures presented in the schedule, the City provided federal awards to subrecipients as follows:

Program Title	Federal CFDA Number	Amount Provided to Subrecipient
Community Development Block Grants/ Entitlement Grants	14.218	\$475,482
Shelter Plus Care	14.231	226,583
THDA ESG Stage	14.231	100,584
Home Investment Partnerships Program	14.239	719,303



# INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council City of Chattanooga, Tennessee

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, business-type activities, the aggregate discretely-presented component units, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Chattanooga, Tennessee (the City), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2016, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated December 19, 2016. Our report includes a reference to other auditors who audited the financial statements of EPB, Chattanooga Metropolitan Airport Authority, and Chattanooga Area Regional Transit Authority, as described in our report on the City of Chattanooga's financial statements. This report does not include the results of the other auditors' testing of internal control over financial reporting or compliance and other matters that are reported on separately by those auditors.

#### **Internal Control over Financial Reporting**

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the City of Chattanooga, Tennessee's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

#### **Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the City's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under Government Auditing Standards.

#### **Purpose of this Report**

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Henderson Hutcherson is McCullough, PLLC

Chattanooga, Tennessee December 19, 2016

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# INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM AND REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

To the Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council City of Chattanooga, Tennessee

#### Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited the City of Chattanooga, Tennessee's compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *U.S. Office of Management and Budget (OMB) Compliance Supplement t*hat could have a direct and material effect on each of the City's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2016. The City of Chattanooga, Tennessee's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs. The City's basic financial statements include the operations of EPB, Chattanooga Metropolitan Airport Authority, and Chattanooga Area Regional Transit Authority which expended federal awards which are not included in the accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards during the year ended June 30, 2016. Our compliance audit, described below, did not include the operations of these entities because the entities engage other auditors to perform audits in accordance with the Uniform Guidance.

#### Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations contracts, and grants applicable to its federal programs.

#### Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on each of the City of Chattanooga's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above.

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Those standards and the Uniform Guidance require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the City's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the City's compliance.

#### Opinion on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, the City of Chattanooga, Tennessee complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2016.

#### **Report on Internal Control over Compliance**

Management of the City of Chattanooga, Tennessee is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit, we considered the City's internal control over compliance with the requirements that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinion on compliance for each major program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we considered to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

This purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Henderson Hutcherson & McCullough, PLLC

Chattanooga, Tennessee December 19, 2016

# SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

Year Ended June 30, 2016

## SECTION 1 – SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS

Financial Statements							
Type of auditor's report issued:		Unmodified					
Internal control over financial reporting:							
Material weaknesses identified:		yes	<u>x</u> no				
• Significant deficiencies identified that are considered to be material weaknesses?	not	yes	<u>x</u> none reported				
Noncompliance material to financial statemen	ts noted?	yes	<u>x</u> no				
Federal Awards							
Internal control over major programs:							
Material weaknesses identified:		yes	<u>x</u> no				
• Significant deficiencies identified that are considered to be material weaknesses?	not	yes	<u>x</u> none reported				
Type of auditor's report issued on compliance major programs:	for	Unmodified					
Any audit findings disclosed under the Unifor Guidance?	m	yes	<u>x</u> no				
Identification of major programs:							
CFDA Numbers	Name of Fede	Federal Program or Cluster					
14.239		rtment of Housing and Urban Development nvestment Partnerships Program					
20.205		artment of Transportation by Planning and Construction					
93.600	-	partment of Health and Human Services					

# SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

Year Ended June 30, 2016

None reported

Dollar threshold used to distinguish between Type A and Type B programs:

\$1,185,796

Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?

x\_yes\_\_\_\_\_no

SECTION II – FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS

None reported

SECTION III – FEDERAL AWARD FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

# SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS

Year Ended June 30, 2015

None reported



# **City of Chattanooga**

Department of Finance and Administration City Hall 101 East 11<sup>th</sup> Street Chattanooga, Tennessee 37402

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